

Assets Planning and Delivery Group Engineering

DESIGN STANDARD DS 100

Suspended Flooring (Grid Mesh and Chequer Plate)

VERSION 1 REVISION 4

DECEMBER 2023

FOREWORD

The intent of Design Standards is to specify requirements that assure effective design and delivery of fit for purpose Water Corporation infrastructure assets for best whole-of-life value with least risk to Corporation service standards and safety. Design standards are also intended to promote uniformity of approach by asset designers, drafters and constructors to the design, construction, commissioning and delivery of water infrastructure and to the compatibility of new infrastructure with existing like infrastructure.

Design Standards draw on the asset design, management and field operational experience gained and documented by the Corporation and by the water industry generally over time. They are intended for application by Corporation staff, designers, constructors and land developers to the planning, design, construction and commissioning of Corporation infrastructure including water services provided by land developers for takeover by the Corporation.

Nothing in this Design Standard diminishes the responsibility of designers and constructors for applying the requirements of the Western Australia's Work Health and Safety (General) Regulations 2022 to the delivery of Corporation assets. Information on these statutory requirements may be viewed at the following web site location:

Overview of Western Australia's Work Health and Safety (General) Regulations 2022 (dmirs.wa.gov.au)

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Head of Engineering

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REVISION STATUS

The revision status of this standard is shown section by section below:

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DESIGN STANDARD DS 100 Suspended Flooring (Grid Mesh and Chequer Plate)

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1 SCOPE AND GENERAL

1.1 Scope

This Design Standard sets out Water Corporation requirements for design and installation of suspended grid mesh and chequer plate flooring for safe working at places normally used by operating, inspection, maintenance and servicing personnel including places having controlled access to public with foot traffic, equipment and vehicular loads limited to loads permitted in AS1170.0, as well as ladders and stair treads. It also sets out requirements for the selection of flooring materials.

This Standard does not address flooring or stair treads made from materials other than those listed as permissible in the Standard - reinforced concrete for example. It does not address requirements for mobile equipment - mobile platforms neither for example - nor for associated support systems that may have suspended flooring components but do not form part of fixed Corporation water infrastructure assets.

1.2 References

The following documents are indispensable for the application of the Standard.

1.2.1 Water Corporation Standards and Specifications

DS 30-02	General Design Criteria Mechanical
DS 80	WCX CAD Standard
S151	Prevention of Falls Standard
WS-1	Metal Arc Welding
DS95	Standard for the Selection, Preparation, Application, Inspection and Testing of Protective Coatings on Water Corporation Assets

1.2.2 Australian Standards

AS

- 1657 Fixed platforms walkways, stairways and ladders Design, construction and installation
- 1664 Aluminium structures Limit state design
- 1734 Aluminium and aluminium alloys Flat sheet, coiled sheet and plate
- 3600 Concrete structures
- 3661 Slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces Guide to the reduction of slip hazards
- 3700 Masonry structures
- 4100 Steel structures
- 4360 Risk Management Guidelines
- 4680 Hot-dip galvanised coatings on fabricated ferrous articles

AS NZS

1170	Structural Design Actions
3678	Structural steel—Hot-rolled plates, floor plates and slabs
3679.1	Structural steel Part 1: Hot-rolled bars and sections
3679.2	Structural steel Part 2: Welded I sections
4586	Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials

ASTM

- A240 Standard Specification for Heat-Resisting Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless
 Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels
 B200 Standard Specification for A luminium and A luminium Allow Sheet and Plate
- B209 Standard Specification for Aluminium and Aluminium-Alloy Sheet and Plate

- B221 Standard Specification for Aluminium and Aluminium-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes
- D635 Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position
- D732 Standard Test Method for Shear Strength of Plastics by Punch Tool
- E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials

1.2.3 **Regulations and Codes of Practice**

Commission for Occupational Safety and Health

Prevention of falls at workplaces - Code of practice

Safe design of buildings and structures - Code

Worksafe WA - Occupational Safety and Health Regulations 1996

Regulation 3.56 – Grid mesh and checker plate flooring panels

Guidance Information 1.3

Supplementary background information on flooring and stair tread design, product selection and installation practices may be referenced in the following documents. Wherever this information conflicts with anything in this Standard, the requirements of the Standard shall prevail.

AS HB 197: An introductory guide to the slip resistance of pedestrian surface materials.

British Standards (BS)

4592.0	Industrial type flooring and stair treads – Common design requirements and recommendations for installations.
4592.1	Industrial type flooring and stair treads – Metal open bar gratings – Specifications
4592.2	Industrial type flooring and stair treads – Expanded metal sections – Specifications
4592.4	Industrial type flooring and stair treads – Glass reinforced plastic (GRP) open bar gratings – Specifications
4592.6	Industrial type flooring and stair treads – Glass reinforced plastic (GRP) moulded open mesh gratings – Specifications
ANSL/NAM	M (National Association of Architectural Matal Manufacturars)

ANSI/NAMM (National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers)

MBG 532-00 Heavy Duty Metal Bar Grating

1.4 Definitions

The following definitions shall apply to the application of this Standard. Details of selected definitions are illustrated in Appendix 1.

1.4.1 Aperture

An opening in mesh flooring material defined by the boundary of the load bars and cross-rods (steel and pultruded fibre reinforced grid mesh) and by the load bars (moulded fibre reinforced grid mesh) or the strands and knuckles (raised expanded metal mesh).

1.4.2 Banding

A banding bar that is welded or, in the case of FRP grid mesh, bonded to the load bars.

1.4.3 **Cross-rod**

Twisted rod forged across the top of and at right angles to the load bars of steel grid mesh.

1.4.4 Cut- Out

1.4.5 Section of flooring that has been cut out from panel outer edges to allow;

- positioning of panels to avoid interference with structural members and equipment; or
- penetration of a service or equipment item.

1.4.6 Edge Protection

Edge protection (often referred to as a guard rail system including toe board) is used to reduce the risk of a person falling from one level to another.

1.4.7 Fixed

The state of an asset component that is mechanically attached to an asset support structure or to an adjoining fixed components in such a way as to prevent its ready removal or displacement as a result of incidental or routine asset operation, repair and maintenance operations.

1.4.8 Fixing

A weld, clip, disc, stud, bolt or other component applied in order to mechanically attach a panel to an associated asset support structure or to adjoining fixed components.

1.4.9 Flat Expanded Metal Mesh

Mesh formed by passing raised expanded metal mesh through a rolling mill.

1.4.10 Floor

The uppermost or surface element of a platform, walkway or landing that is exposed to pedestrian, equipment or vehicular traffic.

1.4.11 Grid Mesh

Grid mesh panels that consist of load bars and cross-rods made from mild steel, galvanised mild steel, stainless steel, aluminium or fibre reinforced plastic (FRP) or load bars in both directions made from FRP which form a square or rectangular mesh pattern in plan.

1.4.12 Knuckle

An area of raised expanded metal mesh where strands of mesh interconnect.

1.4.13 Load Bar

A flat bar oriented in the vertical plane which provides grid mesh with its primary load-bearing structural properties and strength.

1.4.14 Long Way Mesh (LWM)

The (long) aperture dimension between raised expanded metal mesh knuckles.

1.4.15 Opening

An unprotected void in a flooring panel that results when a removable or hinged section of floor, designed to provide access to equipment, is opened.

1.4.16 Panel

A sheet of flooring which has been cut to specific standardised or nominated dimensions.

1.4.17 Pitch

The centre to centre or edge to edge spacing between grid mesh load bars.



1.4.18 Platform

An area of flooring intended to provide access to elevated parts of fixed infrastructure assets for the purposes of infrastructure operation and maintenance.

1.4.19 Raised Expanded Metal Mesh

Mesh formed by slitting and stretching a flat metal plate in a single continuous process.

1.4.20 Short Way Mesh (SWM)

The (short) aperture dimension between the knuckles of raised expanded metal mesh.

1.4.21 Strand

Slit section of plate of expanded metal mesh fixed that forms the primary boundary of the mesh opening (aperture).

1.4.22 Structure

A designed assembly of load bearing members and associated load bearing components which support panels and to which panels are fixed.

1.4.23 Support

An individual component member of a structure that supports flooring.

1.4.24 Walkway

A level or sloping area of that adjoins floors at the same or different levels flooring passageway. A walkway structure may be at one level or stepped with landing platforms at multiple levels.

1.4.25 Work Area

An infrastructure asset site area which is likely to require access by operational and maintenance workers at least once weekly, except as otherwise determined by the Operational Representative.

1.4.26 Engineering Design Process

The Corporation's Engineering Design Process – Manual of Requirements and associated documents - that define and detail the processes which shall apply to Corporation infrastructure asset designs.

1.5 Risk Management

The Water Corporation's Risk Management Process – PCY135 Risk Management, Risk Management Guidelines and the Corporate Risk assessment Criteria – shall be applied to assess whole of business risks arising from flooring configurations that are not specifically addressed by this Standard.

1.6 Standard Details and Example Drawings

The standard details and example drawings that form part of this standard are included in Appendix 6.

The standard details contain information which is complementary to that contained in the text and shall therefore be read in conjunction with the corresponding parts of the standard.

The example drawings provide details of information to be included on the design / fabrication drawings.

Designer and Contract Superintendent shall ensure that they have the latest issue of the drawings.



2 ASSET OPERATION REQUIREMENTS

Designers shall consider the functional and operational needs of an infrastructure asset to ensure that its flooring components remain fit for purpose over the expected life of the asset. The operational and maintenance requirements of flooring shall be determined in consultation with the Corporation's Design, Operational and Maintenance Representatives. The flooring components shall be designed to maintain asset functional and operational needs over the required asset life. The following environmental, usage, physical and maintenance requirements shall be established and addressed as part of flooring design.

- a) Geographical location to determine the relevance of AS/NZS 1170.2 & AS/NZS 1170.3
- b) Design life of the system as required by the Corporation
- c) Public and private (i.e. Corporation employees or alliance sub-contractors) access.
- d) The exposure of flooring to various environments (e.g. chemicals, water retention/ponding, condensation, high temperatures, temperature variations and sunlight) and fabrication processes
- e) Service deflection and upper surface slip resistance requirements.
- f) Asset utilization and flooring exposure to imposed pedestrian and vehicular traffic point and distributed loads arising from personnel and equipment movements during planned and unplanned operational and maintenance activities.
- g) Provision for openings in flooring for the purposes of access and service operations.

3 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Designers shall provide the appropriate design outputs as required by the Engineering Design Process and the following;

- a) A certificate of design conformance with the (Worksafe) Code of Practice for the Safe Design of Buildings and Structures 2008;
- b) A drawing that shows typical load Rating Plaque detail and format for application to the individual platform rating plaques to be shown, together with installation positioning details, on the design drawings in accordance with Drawing KE97-91-3. Completed Design Check list included in Appendix 5, duly completed and signed by the Designer or Structural engineer nominated by the Water Corporation.

3.1 Structural Design

The design of platforms, walkways, stairways, ladders, handrails and of associated structures, supports and fixings shall comply with the requirements of AS/NZS 1170, AS1657, AS4100, AS1664, AS3600, AS3700 and Water Corporation Design Standards and Specifications, as appropriate.

Flooring structures shall be designed for dead load permanent action plus imposed live load action based on;

- a) General non-public access as defined in AS1657 not less than 2.5kPa uniformly distributed or 1.1kN concentrated load whichever produces the greater stress or deflection;
- b) The requirements of Table 3.1 and Table B1 of AS/NZS 1170.1 where the floor is likely to be loaded in excess of the stipulation in (a) above;
- c) The guidance provided by Section C3.1 of AS/NZS 1170.1 Supp 1:2002 for public access and heavy frequent traffic demands where the loads are not known and where the type of occupancy is not covered in Table 3.1 and Table B1 of AS/NZS 1170.1.

Wherever a platform may be exposed to mobile plant or equipment, the plant or equipment shall be considered fixed for the purposes of dead load calculation. The calculated concentrated load shall be assumed to apply through a 100mm x 100mm loading area.

3.2 Design Philosophy

Flooring designers shall consider the requirements of DS 100 and manufacturer supplied information. The requirements of DS 100 and nominated Corporation Standards shall prevail wherever there may be in conflict with manufacturer supplied information, proprietary flooring load deflection data and with other standards. Designers shall design panels on a simple support basis to safely support;

- a) Loads and deflections at the locations of maximum stress and deflection within the panels;
- b) Impact and vibration loads transmitted by equipment (including reciprocating or rotating equipment) that may be in contact with or supported by the flooring;
- c) Significant extraordinary (e.g. plant and equipment) loads imposed in addition to pedestrian loads, irrespective of loading frequency, except where it is determined by means of an operability risk assessment involving the Corporation, as asset owner, that the loading risk is acceptably low or that the possibility of imposed loading has been eliminated;

Flooring panel deflections that may arise due to extraordinary albeit infrequent imposed loads shall not exceed the specified permissible deflection values, except where it may be shown by means of an operability risk assessment, involving the Corporation as asset owner, that higher service deflections are unlikely to cause slip, trip or fall hazards.

3.3 Permissible Deflections

The service deflection at the centre of a panel under design live loading shall not exceed:

- 5 mm for steel, FRP grid mesh or raised expanded metal mesh flooring:
- 10 mm for chequer plate flooring

3.4 Flooring Material Selection

The flooring and fixing material selection process in Appendix 2 shall be applied to determine the appropriate flooring and fixing materials for a flooring project. Any flooring material or fixing arrangement selection ambiguity or conflict shall be referred to the Corporation nominated Design Representative for determination.

Grid mesh shall be used on all suspended flooring in preference to expanded metal mesh or chequer plates. Flat expanded mesh shall not be used for walkways.

Chequer plates can be used at locations where the suspended floor is required to prevent water or gas leaks.

3.4.1 Durability

Flooring, structural support and fixing materials shall be selected to deliver the required durability (e.g. nominated system design life) in the nominated operating environment in accordance with the following Tables, with Sections 12, 18 and 49 of DS 30-02 and by reference to the process charts provided in Appendix 2, subject to the durability and exposure requirements of a particular application as appropriate.

Galvanised mild steel (GMS)	AS3679 Grade 250 or equivalent
	Galvanizing to AS/NZS 4680
	Compliance with the durability requirements of Section 12 of
	DS 30-02
Aluminium (AL)	ASTM B221 Grade 6063-T6
Stainless steel (SS)	ASTM A240/A240M Grade 316L
Fibre reinforced plastic (FRP)	ASTM D635 ; ASTM D732 ; ASTM E84
	Isopthalic Polyester resin
	Vinyl Esther resin
	Phenolic resin

 Table 3.1 – Acceptable Grid Mesh Material Specifications

Table 3.2 – Acceptable Raised Expanded Metal Mesh Material Specifications

Galvanised mild steel (GMS)	AS3678 Grade 250 or equivalent
	Galvanizing to AS/NZS 4680
	Compliance with the durability requirements of Section 12 of DS 30-02
Stainless steel (SS)	ASTM A240/A240M Grade 316L
Aluminium (AL)	ASTM B209 Grade6063-T6



Galvanised mild steel (GMS)	AS/NZS 3678 Grade 250 or equivalent	
	Galvanizing to AS/NZS 4680	
	Compliance with the durability requirements of Section 12 of DS 30-02	
Stainless steel (SS)	ASTM A240/A240M Grade 316L	
Aluminium (AL)	ASTM B209 Grade6063-T6	

Table 3.3 – Acceptable Chequer Plate Material Specifications

3.5 Panels

3.5.1 Aperture

The design of flooring which is elevated above an infrastructure asset site area, defined as a work area, shall provide for:

- Grid mesh load bar pitch not exceeding 40mm;
- Positive flooring aperture protection e.g. a lightweight false floor underneath the primary (structural) floor to prevent objects falling through the floor to the work area below.

Where such protection is required, aperture dimensions shall not exceed:

- a) 10 mm for the minor axes of expanded metal;
- b) $12 \text{ mm} \times 12 \text{ mm}$ for the openings of square grid or wire mesh;
- c) 20 mm for punched plate hole diameter.

Guidance for aperture size of grid mesh intended for pedestrians can be obtained from AS 3996.

3.5.2 Size and Shape

The size, shape and mass of panels should be standardized across an infrastructure asset wherever practicable. Panels should comprise standard sheet widths as appropriate to panel material wherever practicable in order to minimise cutting and banding work and associated risks.

Standard flooring panel widths of 600mm, 900mm and 1200mm shall be preferred. A panel width less than 300mm shall not be permissible. Standard panel structural support spans of 900mm, 1200mm and 1500mm shall be preferred. Flooring design drawings shall show configuration and fabrication details of structural support systems that have been specifically designed for panels that are non-standard size e.g. panels less than 0.6m² in area.

Panels intended for manual removal shall not exceed 15kg in weight. Panels to be removed by mechanical means shall be designed to;

- a) Facilitate removal by means of lifting equipment that is readily available to the asset operators;
- b) Prevent slip, trip and fall hazards;
- c) Be within the rated capacity of the available equipment;
- d) Provide access and space availability of operation of the equipment to be used

Designers shall select standard flooring sheet wherever practicable and shall select appropriate load bar and strand characteristic sizes, spans and weights that;

- Minimize flooring manufacturing/fabrication costs;
- Maximize the use of standard flooring components;
- Minimize the need to cure or band grid mesh flooring on site.

Moulded FRP panel designs should provide for load bars around all panel edges in order to eliminate any need for banding or sealing.

Material	Sheet Size (mm)	Load Bar Size (mm)
Galvanised mild steel (GMS)	1200 x 6000	25 x 5 ; 32 x 5 ; 40 x 5 ; 50 x 5 ; 65 x 5
Stainless steel (SS) 316L	Non-standard stock	30 x 5 ; 32 x 5 ; 40 x 5
Aluminium (AL)	1200 x 6000	25 x 5 ; 32 x 5 ; 40 x 5

Table 3.4 – Steel Grid Mesh Standard Sheet Sizes

Table 3.5 The Standard Sheet Sizes

Material	Sheet Size (mm)	Load Bar Size (mm)
	915 x 3050	
Moulded fibre reinforced plastic (FRP)	1200 x 3660	25 x 6 ; 38 x 6
(111)	1220 x 3660	
Pultruded fibre reinforced plastic (FRP)	1219 x 6096	25 x 6 ; 38 x 6 ; 50 x 6

Table 3.6 – Raised expanded metal mesh Standard Sheet Sizes

Material	Sheet Size (mm)	Mesh Size (mm)	Strand Size (mm)
	1200 x 2400		
Galvanised mild steel (GMS)	2300 x 900	45 x 135	11
and	2300 x 1200		
316L Stainless Steel (SS)	3000 x 900	30 x 75	10.5
	3000 x 1200		

Table 3.7 – Chequer Plate Standard Sheet Sizes

Material	Sheet Size (mm)	Thickness (mm)
Galvanised mild steel (GMS)	1800 x 6000	6;8
316L Stainless Steel (SS)	1800 x 6000	6;8



3.6 Flooring Structure

Designers shall design each panel to be supported so as to preclude overturning in normal operational service and to preclude dependence on floor fixings to prevent overturning. Flooring support shall be provided at two opposite - load bar - ends and at all corners of each flooring panel. At least 80% of metal grid mesh load bars and of raised expanded metal mesh knuckles shall be supported by designed structural components subject to unsupported length at a location not exceeding the space between 04 load bars for metal grid mesh and 04 strands for raised expanded metal mesh.

Designers shall submit details of all proposed deviations from specified flooring structural support and overhang requirements herein, duly supported by design calculations, for prior consideration by the Corporation's Design Representative.

3.6.1 Bearing Support for Flooring

Flooring structure designs shall provide the following minimum bearing requirements:

- 25 mm for metal grid mesh load bars of depth 25-40mm;
- 40 mm for metal grid mesh load bars of depth 45-65mm;
- 30 mm for raised expanded metal mesh load bars;
- 40 mm for FRP grid mesh load bars;
- 50 mm for chequer plate.

3.6.2 Overhang

Flooring overhangs shall not be permissible:

- On raised expanded metal mesh and FRP grid mesh;
- In the direction of the cross-rods for steel grid mesh.

Wherever it proves impracticable to terminate steel grid mesh flooring panel edges flush with support edges, flooring overhangs shall not exceed the maximum overhang values tabulated in the Tables below. To keep to best practice the overhang values have been limited to 250mm.

Permissible Overhang (mm)			Panel Width (mm)	
		600	900	1200
Span	900	20	30	40
(mm)	1200	40	60	80
	1500	60	100	130

Table 3.8 –	Overhang -	Load Ba	· Size 25 x	3 x 30 nitch
1 abic 5.0	Over hang -	LUau Dai		J A JU phun

Tab	le 3.9 – Overhang - Load Bar Size 25 x 5 x 30 pitch
	Donal Width (mm)

Permissible Overhang		Panel Width (mm)		
(mm)		600	900	1200
Span	900	40	60	80
(mm)	1200	70	100	140
	1500	110	165	220



Permissible Overhang			Panel Width (mm)	
((mm)	600	900	1200
Span	900	50	70	100
(mm)	1200	90	130	170
	1500	135	200	250
	1800	200	250	250

Table 3.10 – Overhang - Load Bar Size 32 x 5 x 30 pitch

Table 3.11 – Overhang - Load Bar Size 40 x 5 x 30 pitch

Permissible Overhang			Panel Width (mm)	
(1	mm)	600	900	1200
Span	900	60	90	120
(mm)	1200	100	160	200
	1500	160	240	250
	1800	240	250	250
	2100	250	250	250

Table 3.12 – Overhang - Load Bar Size 25 x 5 x 40 pitch

Permissible Overhang		Panel Width (mm)					
(1	mm)	600	900	1200			
Span	900	30	45	60			
(mm)	1200	50	80	100			
	1500	80	125	160			

Table 3.13 – Overhang - Load Bar Size 32 x 5 x 40 pitch

Permissible Overhang			Panel Width (mm)	
(mm)	600	900	1200
Span	900	35	50	75
(mm)	1200	65	100	130
	1500	100	150	200
	1800	150	220	250

Table 3.14 – Overhang - Load Bar Size 40 x 5 x 40 pitch

Permissible Overhang			Panel Width (mm)	
(1	nm)	600	900	1200
Span	900	45	70	90
(mm)	1200	80	120	160
	1500	130	190	240
	1800	180	250	250
	2100	240	250	250

3.7 Openings, Cut-outs and gaps

Designers shall design flooring panel openings and cut-outs in accordance with the specified load and deflection requirements. Grid mesh load bar ends exposed by cutting shall be banded.

3.7.1 Openings

Design of flooring shall comply with Water Corporation Standard S151 – Prevention of Falls. Provision for edge protection and tether point requirements at removable floor panels shall be assessed and made



as appropriate. Designs shall provide fixed temporary edge protection that does not present slip, trip or fall hazards where permanent edge protection cannot be provided.

Flooring design shall provide for:

- a) Hinged floor hatches wherever practicable.
- b) Banding of openings in steel grid mesh;
- c) Configuration of openings in FRP so as to be bounded by load bars;
- d) FRP flooring with no hinged floor hatches, except where supported by an appropriate structural frame
- e) Raised expanded metal mesh flooring that has no openings.

Removable flooring hatches shall be inherently restrained by lugs or other mechanical means that preclude lateral movement when in a closed position;

3.7.2 Cut-outs

Flooring shall be designed to comply with the load, deflection, edge protection and other requirements of this Standard, having due regard to all panel removals and cut-outs that may be designed to avoid conflict with other infrastructure components, obstructions, services and equipment.

3.7.3 Gaps

The requirements of AS 1657 Clauses 3.3.1.4 and 3.3.1.5 shall apply to the configuration of gaps between panels and other infrastructure components and between adjoining panels. Toe-boarding shall be provided as an integral part of banding wherever a gap exceeds 40mm.

3.8 Banding

3.8.1 Grid mesh

Steel and aluminium mesh panel load bars shall be banded with banding bars of the same size as load bars and shall be finished flush with load bar upper surfaces, except where they serve as toe-boards.

The structure of banding bars and of interconnections with load bars shall be designed to wholly support flooring loads wherever banding is not directly supported by structural components that have been designed to support the design loads, in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS 1170.1.

The boundaries of FRP panels should be 15 mm maximum from the load bars and cross bars. The support members should be arranged so that the FRP panels have the bearing support complying with Clause 3.6.1.

Unsealed and cut FRP load bar surfaces shall be sealed with a repair resin compatible with the filler resin of the grid mesh in accordance with the FRP flooring manufacturer supplied repair specification.

3.8.2 Raised expanded metal mesh

Banding shall not apply to raised expanded metal mesh.

3.8.3 Chequer Plate

Banding shall not apply to chequer plate.

3.9 Top Surface

The top surface of grid mesh panels used for pedestrian traffic shall be designed for slip resistance in accordance with AS/NZS 3661 and the requirements set out herein. Requirements in AS/NZS 4360 and information in AS HB 197 should also be considered to minimise slip, trip and fall hazard risks.

The following flooring material enhancements may be applied where expressly accepted by the Corporation's Design Representative for nominated flooring projects:

- Mild steel (MS), galvanised mild steel (GMS), aluminium (AL) and stainless steel (SS) 316L grid mesh that has a serrated edge to an acceptable specification;
- Fibre reinforced plastic (FRP) mesh that has a non-slip surface comprising a coarse grit of an acceptable specification embedded into the upper surface of the FRP load bars;
- A Water Corporation specified surface treatment selected to enhance the non-slip characteristics of chequer plate.

3.10 Edge Protection

All fixed platforms, walkways and stairways shall be provided with edge protection on all open sides to meet the requirements in Appendix 6.



4 **FIXING REQUIREMENTS**

Panels shall be designed to be securely and completely restrained by means of:

- Mechanical attachment of panels to designed structural supports; or
- Design of panel and structural support configuration so as to inherently restrain any panel from physical movement within the flooring plane without the panel being fully raised above floor level.

Whether inherently restrained or mechanically attached by fixings, flooring shall be designed to:

- a) Prevent lateral movement of any flooring panel;
- b) Preclude any dependence on adjacent panels for restraint;
- c) Preclude reliance on removable panels to support or stabilise any flooring section.

Where flooring panels are mechanically fixed, they shall be designed to:

- a) Preclude reliance on fixings to support removable flooring panels;
- b) Meet or exceed panel manufacturer recommended number of fixings per panel;
- c) Prevent transmission of any vertical loads to fixings.

4.1 Types of Fixing

Where panels are inherently unrestrained, the material selection tables in Appendix 2 shall apply to the selection of appropriate flooring and fixing materials for particular applications. Drawings in Appendix 6 show typical fixing arrangements for incorporation into design detail / fabrication drawings, as appropriate.

Consideration of other fixing arrangements shall require prior submission to and acceptance by the Corporation's Design Representative of a justified design and installation methodology proposal.

4.1.1 Grid mesh

The fixings shall be selected in such a way that fixings can be installed, inspected and maintained from top only. A list of permissible fixing methods is given below in preferred order of fixing arranged from highest to least preferred method;

- a) Studs and fastening disc / saddle (self-penetrating threaded studs to metal support member with threaded fastening disc) typically Hilti or similar;
- b) Bolting drilled base plates inserted into modified grid mesh apertures together with rivet or bolt fixing arrangement.
- c) Anti-vibration clips wherever flooring may be subject to repetitive mechanical vibration
- d) Clips typically WebForge, Fibergrate or acceptable equivalent
- e) Welding or riveting (applicable only where steel or aluminium panels are used). Welding and riveting is the least preferred method of fixing panels due to the potential to compromise the corrosion protection of pre-coated structural products, risk of poor welding due to thickness of coating and the difficulty and cost involved in reinstatement of protective coatings.

Welding and riveting should only be considered where:

- vibration from plant operations is likely to dislodge other types of fixings and where grid mesh panels are not required to be removed for operational and maintenance purposes.
- fire hazard and ergonomics can be adequately managed on site in the instance of welding;

• protective coatings of adjoining structures on site are not compromised by stray arc or welding spatter; and

Flooring fixings shall be configured so as to provide at least:

- a) One fixing at each corner no farther than 200mm from the corner.
- b) Four fixings per square metre of panel for panel spans equal to or greater than one metre;
- c) Six fixings per square metre for panel less than one metre;
- d) Fixings generally spaced no farther apart than 600 mm.

Designers shall select grid mesh panel fixing configurations (number and type) that provide for exposure to mobile plant and equipment including provision for vibration intensity and temperature variations as appropriate. The fixing locations must be marked with suitable colour to easily locate, inspect and maintain the fixings.

4.1.2 Raised Expanded Metal Mesh

Expanded metal mesh strands shall be welded to structural support systems at a rate of at least one weld to every fourth strand.

4.1.3 Chequer Plate

Chequer plate edges shall be uniformly stitch-welded to structural support systems so that at least 20% of panel edges are fixed.

Where this is not practicable, studs (self-penetrating threaded studs with threaded fixing disc) – typically Hilti or equivalent – shall be used to fix the plate in place.

5 WORKMANSHIP

5.1 General

All work shall be carried out by tradespeople, supervised by supervisors that have flooring installation qualifications and experience acceptable to the Corporation. All materials shall be new and free of defects. The surface finish of all fabricated items including mesh panel banding, supports and ladder styles shall be smooth and free from projections and sharp edges likely to cause personal injury.

5.2 Fabrication, Modification and Repair

Design of modifications to existing flooring shall include assessment of its structural strength and that of flooring modifications for compliance with the requirements of this Standard. Flooring sheets that comprise multiple joined (e.g. welded, riveted) panels shall not be permissible.

5.2.1 Grid Mesh

Fabrication and repair of grid mesh flooring shall, where applicable, comply with nominated product standards and manufacturer supplied fabrication and repair specifications including the following:

- Galvanised mild steel (GMS) and 316L stainless steel (SS) Water Corporation welding Specification WS-1 and Sections 18 and 58 of Design Standard 30-02;
- Aluminium (AL) flooring manufacturers recommended specifications;
- Fibre reinforced plastic (isopthalic Polyester resin, vinyl esther resin or phenolic resin FRP) Water Corporation FRP Structural Specification;
- Raised Expanded Metal Mesh and Chequer Plate Water Corporation Welding Specification WS-1 and Section 58 of Design Standard 30-02;

5.3 Drawings

Drawings shall be prepared and produced using AutoCAD (Version 2000 or later) or MicroStation in accordance with Design Standard DS 80 WCX CAD Standard.

The detail design drawings of suspended floors shall be complemented by shop drawings that will be certified by the Designer or a structural Engineer nominated by the Water Corporation. Fabrication and installation of suspended floors shall not commence before acceptance of the following by the Water Corporation.

- Shop drawings and calculations.
- A certificate of design conformance with the (Worksafe) Code of Practice for the Safe Design of Buildings and Structures 2008;
- Completed Design Check list included in Appendix 5, duly completed and signed by the Designer or Structural engineer nominated by the Water Corporation.

The drawings shall include but not limited to the following sub clauses.

5.3.1 General Information

The drawings shall show flooring fabrication details including:

- a) Design loads (dead and live) included as drawing notes;
- b) Details of structural members that have been designed to support the flooring;
- c) Details of floor-strengthening bars at openings and cut-outs;
- d) A bill of materials that clearly indicates:
 - Flooring material selections



- Sizes and spacing of grid mesh load bars and sizes of raised expanded metal mesh strands and apertures
- Panel sizes
- Floor fixing components and materials
- e) Areas of flooring that can be subjected to higher loads, including details of signage to be provided to delineate flooring areas that have different load ratings.

5.3.2 Panel Information

- a) Mesh or chequer plate detailed specification;
- b) Direction of load bars;
- c) Perimeter dimensions (inside and outside) of all panels which have openings and cut-outs;
- d) Banding bar details at the edges and at cut-outs;
- e) Method of fixing in accordance with the Drawings and manufacturer fixing recommendations;
- f) Arrangement, positions and details of all fixings.

6 INSTALLATION

Panels shall be positioned and fixed to structural support systems as shown on the Drawings. Designers shall, by means of supplied drawing notes and technical specifications, require flooring fabricators and installers to attain a standard of workmanship that complies with the following.

6.1 Grid Mesh

- a) Load bars shall be placed in the direction shown on the drawings;
- b) Cross-rods shall face upwards;
- c) All longitudinal panel edges shall be flush fitted.

6.2 Raised Expanded Metal Mesh

Long way opening shall be placed in the direction as shown on the drawings.

6.3 Chequer Plate

Panels shall be installed with the chequer pattern facing upwards.

6.4 Finish

- a) Level transition panels and fixings shall be configured to preclude the occurrence of slip, trip and fall hazards;
- b) The level difference between adjacent panels, not subject to live loads, shall not exceed 5 mm.

6.5 Plaques

- a) Areas subjected to higher (e.g. extraordinary, plant and equipment) or lower loads than that specified in section 3.1 shall be marked and provided with an appropriate rating plaque as shown on the drawings. Refer to Appendix 3
- b) The plaques are to be legible with a minimum font size of 4mm.
- c) Plaques are to be suitably located in agreement with the Asset Manager

6.6 Welding

- a) Unless noted otherwise on drawings or specifications, carbon structural steel work welds shall be structural purpose (SP) to AS1554.1 and in accordance with Water Corporation welding specification WS-1 Metal Arc Welding.
- b) Stainless steel work welds shall be structural purpose (SP) to AS1554.6 and in accordance with Water Corporation Welding Specification WS-1 Metal Arc Welding. Welding as per AS1544.6 shall be "Weld Category 1" and finish shall be "Category IIa"
- c) Aluminium work welds shall be to AS/NZS1665 and in accordance with Water Corporation welding specification WS-1 Metal Arc Welding.

- d) Stainless steel welds and heat affected zones shall be cleaned and passivated after welding in accordance with AS 1554.6.
- e) Welding splatter and slag shall be removed from surfaces.
- f) Where a weld joint is required, all edges of the metal faces in contact shall be welded.
- g) All tubular sections shall have 3mm seal plates. Adequate drainage holes shall be provided for galvanising
- h) Weld procedures shall developed to suit joint details and shown on shop drawings. Use prequalified weld procedures to AS/NZS1554.1 clause 4.3 or develop qualification of weld procedure by testing to AS/NZS1554.1 clause 4.2.
- i) Unless noted otherwise all interfaces between steel sections to be connected with 6mm continuous fillet welds (CFW) all round, both sides
- j) Unless noted otherwise all grid mesh elements e.g load bars, banding bars etc. welds shall be minimum 3mm continuous fillet weld (CFW) all round, both sides.
- k) Unless noted otherwise butt welds to be complete (full) penetration butt welds (CPBW).
- 1) Welds shall be inspected by accredited/qualified welding inspector as per Water Corporation's WS-1. Signed inspection test plan by the welding inspector shall be provided.
- m) Welding symbols are to AS1101.3. "cfw" indicates continuous fillet weld. "fsbw" indicates full strength butt weld which is equivalent to cpbw. "cpbw" indicates complete penetration butt weld
- n) Unless noted otherwise Guardrails shall be completed with minimum 4mm CFW at the rail to stanchion joint and 5mm CFW at base plate to stanchion joint.

6.7 Galvanising

- a) Unless noted otherwise on drawings or in specification, all steelwork shall be hot dipped galvanized to AS/NZS 4680 and to the requirements of coating specification H2 of Water Corporation's Standard DS95.
- b) Hot galvanized steel to be in contact with concrete shall be passivated by dipping in 0.2% sodium dichromate solution
- c) Items to be hot dip galvanized shall be provided with
 - vent/drain holes at top and bottom extremities for hollow sections. Provide rubber seals, plugs or seal with Sikaflex 11FC or similar approved material all vent/drain holes that remain exposed.
 - drilled suspension holes in end plates, etc



Appendix 1 - Definition Diagrams



Figure A1 - 1: Raised Expanded Metal Mesh Definitions



Figure A1 - 2: Grid Mesh Definitions

Appendix 2 - Flooring and Fixing Material Selection Tables

Table A2 - 1 and Table A2 - 2 should be used to select the preferred material for flooring, fixing and supports based on chemical compatibility. Table A2 - 3 is then used to further refine the selection based on other properties.

The following abbreviations, definitions and symbols apply to the tables in this Appendix.

Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
GMS	Galvanised Mild Steel
FRP	Fibre Reinforced Plastic
SS	316L Stainless Steel

Symbols

Symbol	Meaning
$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Preferred
\checkmark	Accepted
0	Not Recommended
Х	Not Suitable

Definitions

Rating	Meaning
High	When applied appropriately will exhibit this property for up to 50 years
Medium	When applied appropriately will exhibit this property for up to 20 years
Low	When applied appropriately will exhibit this property for up to 1 year

	Material Compatibility										
Primary Environmental Exposure		Floo	ring		Support				Fixing		
	GMS	FRP	AL	SS	GMS	FRP	AL	SS	GMS	FRP	SS
Activated sludge	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	
Aluminium sulphate	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Ammonia solution	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Anhydrous ammonia	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	\checkmark	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	\checkmark	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Bore water	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Calgon (Sodium hexametaphosphate)	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	
Carbon dioxide	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Chlorine dioxide	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	X	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Chlorine gas	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	X	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Chlorine solution	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Digester gas	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	X	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Excess activated sludge	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	
Ferric chloride	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Ferric sulphate	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	X	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Flocculant (Polyelectrolyte)	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Fluorosilicic acid	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	X	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Foul air	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Fuel Oil	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Garnet	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Grit	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Hydrochloric acid	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Hydrogen sulphide	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Ion exchange resin	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Lime water	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Liquefied petroleum gas	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Milk of lime slurry	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Mixed liquor	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	

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Oxygen	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	X	X	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	Х	X	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х
Ozone	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	X	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	X	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	X
Pellets	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Polyaluminium chloride	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	X	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	X	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Potable water	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Potassium permanganate	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	\checkmark	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х		Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Powdered activated carbon	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	
Primary effluent	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Primary sludge	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Raw wastewater	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Reclaimed effluent	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Return activated sludge	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Secondary effluent	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Skimmings	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	
Sludge wastewater	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	
Sodium carbonate solution	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	
Sodium chloride (Brine)	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	X	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Sodium hydroxide	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	\checkmark	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х		Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	
Sodium hypochlorite	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	X	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	Х	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х
Sodium silica fluoride	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	0		$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	
Sodium silicate	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	\checkmark	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х		Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	
Solids treatment liquor	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	0	\checkmark	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	\checkmark
Sulphur dioxide	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	Х	X	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	Х	X	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	X
Sulphuric acid	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$	Х	X	X	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}$	Х	X	Х	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$	X

Table A2 - 1: Material Compatibility

	Characteristic									
Material	Thermal Conductivity	Electrical Conductivity	Magnetic	Sparking	Light Weight					
GMS	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No					
SS	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No					
FRP	No	No	No	No	Yes					

Table A2 - 2: Specific Characteristics

Material -	Characteristic				
	Impact and Load	Direct Sunlight			
GMS	High	High			
SS	High	High			
FRP	Medium	Medium			

Table A2 - 3: General Characteristics



Appendix 3 – Load Rating Plaque

THIS FLOORING HAS BEEN DESIGNED FOR A
WORKING LOAD LIMIT
DISTRIBUTED LOAD kg/m ² AND
POINT LOAD OF kg
INSTALLATION DATE:
DESIGNED BY (COMPANY):
TELEPHONE:

Load Rating Plaque

Appendix 4Appendix 4- Edge Protection

A4.1 Scope

This Appendix provides the requirements for the provision of edge protection also referred as guard rails/balustrades on Water Corporation assets.

A4.2 Material

The material for edge protection shall be selected following the process similar to that for selecting flooring material as detailed in Section 3.4 of this standard. The material specification shall be as provided in Table 3.1 of this standard.

Use of timber edge protection will not be permitted on Water Corporation assets

A4.3 Types of Edge Protection and Criteria for use

Edge protection shall be of three types. The criteria for their and design requirements are as follows

- (a) Type E0-This type of edge protection referred as guard rails shall include posts top rail, mid rail and toe board as for guard rails detailed in AS 1657 and designed to the loading requirements of Clause 2.1.2.2 of AS1657 without any consideration of extra severe loading. The height from base/top of floor shall be in the range 1.0 1.1 metre. Refer to Figure A6.1.
- (b) Type E1- This type of edge protection referred as guard rails shall include posts top rail, mid rail and toe board as per details in AS 1657 but designed to the loading requirements for barriers in AS1170.1. The height from base/floor shall be in the range 1.0-1.1 metre. Refer to Figure 4.1
- (c) Type E2 This type of edge protection shall include posts top rail, bottom rail at height 100 mm from the base/floor, vertical members spaced with gaps not exceeding 100 mm as per details in AS 1926.1 and designed to the loading requirements for barriers in AS1170.1. The height from base/floor shall not be less than 1.2 metre. Refer to Figure A4.2





TYPES E0 & E1 EDGE PROTECTION (TOE BOARD NOT SHOWN)

Figure A4.1







A4.4 Criteria for Use

Types E0 and E1 edge protections shall be used for safe working at places normally used by operating, inspection, maintenance and servicing personnel including places having controlled access to public.

Type E2 edge protection shall be used at locations that have unrestricted public access.

Provision edge protection at Water Corporation urban main drainage assets shall be in accordance with the requirements in Design Standard 66- Urban Main Drainage Standards

A4.5 Welding and Sleeving

Notwithstanding the requirements to meet welding standard/specification joints of edge protection shall be seal welded.

All joints shall be sleeved.

Joints at the joint of rail/ stanchion and sleeves shall be complete with 4mm continuous fillet weld.



Appendix 5 – Design Check List

SUSPENDED FLOORS DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH WATER CORPORATION'S DESIGN STANDARD DS 100 **DESIGN CHECK LIST**

PROJECT NAME: PROJECT NO:

DESIGNER(BRANCH/COMPANY)

COMPLETED BY (Structural Engineer):

COMPT	LETED DT (Suuciulai Engliect).	1	1		1
ITEM	REQUIREMENTS	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS
NO.					
1	Material				
1.1	Has exposure to various environments of the				
	suspended floor and supports been considered?				
1.2	Has operational requirements been determined in				
	consultation with Water Corporation's Operational				
	and Maintenance Representatives?				
1.3	Has the material of suspended floor been selected				
	considering material selection process in Appendix				
	2 of DS100?				
1.3	Has the selection of FRP for use in external				
	environment been subjected to a durability study?				
1.4	Are detailed information (grade, standard etc) on				
	material of grid mesh and chequer plate provided				
	on drawings or specification?				
2	Floor Lay Out				
2.1	Has the floor layout been designed to permit				
	adequate access for use/movement of equipment?				
2.2	Is there adequate space between equipment for easy				
	movement by personnel?				
2.3	Is the workplace layout large enough to				
	accommodate safe work practices?				
2.4	Are aisles/walkways wide enough for equipment				
	and pedestrian traffic?				
2.5	Has all penetrations through the suspended floor				
	been determined?				
2.6	Have removable panels and hinged panels				
	requirement for operation and maintenance access				
	been determined.				
2.7	Have panels that have to be manually removed been				
	identified.				
2.8	Have equipment for removal of panels that are not				
	to be manually handled been determined?				
2.9	Have access and space for operation of the				
	equipment determined under above item been				
	considered?				
2.10	Have prevention of fall provisions been considered				
	at access openings and at locations of removable				
	panels?				



2	D		
3	Design		
3.1	Are aperture sizes of grid mesh within the limits		
	specified in the standard?		
3.2	Have areas subjected to significantly higher loads		
	due to plant and equipment		
	(maintenance/movement) been considered?		
3.3	Have design load stresses and deflection of		
	suspended floor and supporting members been		
	considered?		
3.4	If raised expanded metal or chequer plate is used, is		
	the use justified in preference to grid mesh		
3.5	Do the support for load bars of metal grid mesh,		
	raised expanded metal mesh knuckles and chequer		
	plate exceed the limits specified?		
3.6	Are the sizes of panels adequate to provide bearing		
	supports and gaps as specified?		
3.7	Are the overhangs of steel grid mesh within the		
	limits specified?		
3.8	Is the number of fixings for a grid mesh panel		
	exceeding that specified?		
3.9	Are there one fixing at each corner of grid mesh		
	panel not farther than 200mm from the corner?		
3.10	Is the spacing of fixings on grid mesh panel not		
	farther apart than 600mm?		
3.11	If grid mesh panels are fixed by welding, is the		
	method of fixing justified in preference to other		
	type of fixings?		
3.12	Has likely vibration on selected panels been		
	considered in the design of fixings and anti		
	vibration provisions made?		
3.13	Has slip resistance been considered and appropriate		
	treatment/provisions made?		
3.14	Have trip hazards been considered and eliminated?		
3.15	Are there adequate stiffener bars or support beams		
	to compensate for sections of suspended floor "cut-		
	outs"		
4	Information on Drawing		
4.1	Are design loads for all parts of the suspended floor		
	shown as notes on the drawings?		
4.2	Are areas subject to higher loads demarcated on the		
	suspended floor plan?		
4.3	Are load bar directions for all grid mesh panels		
	shown?		
4.4	Are dimension of all the panels shown?		
4.5	Do load bars of panel have adequate bearing on		
	support members?		
4.6	Are load bar sizes and spacing or proprietary		
	product designation numbers provided for all grid		
	mesh panels?		
4.6	Are proprietary product designation numbers		
	provided for all expanded metal mesh panels?		
4.7	Are thicknesses and surface finish or proprietary		
	product designation numbers been provided for all		
	chequer plate panels?		
4.8	Has rating plaque information been provided?		



I hereby certify that the information provided on the completed list above is correct.

Designer/Structural Engineer

Company

Appendix 6 – STANDARD AND EXAMPLE DRAWINGS

Drawing Number	Issue	Description Drawing Title
KE97-91-1-1	В	Standard Grid Mesh Details- Sheet 1 of 4 – Typical Grid Mesh Panel Fixing
		Layout
KE97-91-1-2	А	Standard Grid Mesh Details- Sheet 2 of 4 – Typical Grid Mesh Panel Fixing
		details
KE97-91-1-3	А	Standard Grid Mesh Details- Sheet 3 of 4 – Typical Grid Mesh Floor Layout
		and Clearances
KE97-91-1-4	А	Standard Grid Mesh Details- Sheet 4 of 4 – Typical Penetration and cut out
		details
KE97-91-1-5		Not used
KE97-91-1-6		Not used
KE97-91-1-7		Not used
KE97-91-1-8	А	Standard Grid Mesh Details – Miscellaneous details sheet 1 of 2 – Guardrail /
		Handrail and Stair details
KE97-91-1-9	А	Standard Grid Mesh Details – Miscellaneous details sheet 2 of 2 – Guardrail /
		Handrail and Stair details
KE97-91-1-10		Not used
KE97-91-1-11	А	Standard Grid Mesh Details – General notes 1 of 2
KE97-91-1-12	А	Standard Grid Mesh Details – General notes 2 of 2
KE97-91-2-1	В	Standard Grid Mesh Details – General Assembly and Details – Example
		drawing
KE97-91-3-1	А	Mesh Rating Plaque





11	12
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MI BE SIMILAR/COMPATIBLE (DISSIMILAR MATERIAL AL OF SUITABLE THICKN FIXINGS SHALL BE USE R'S SPECIFICATION/REQ D IN ACCORDANCE WITH	LIMETRES. TO THAT OF GRID A HALL BE ISOLATED SS. IN ACCORDANCE IREMENT. MANILEACTUREP'S
ECIFICATION.	T WELD UNLESS
IGURED SO AS TO PROVI	E AT LEAST:
E METRE OF PANEL FOR	ANEL SPANS EQUAL
METRE OF PANEL FOR P	NEL SPANS LESS
HER APART THAN 600mm.	
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50 40 30 20 10 0	50 100 mm
IGN STANDARD DS 100	ORIGINAL H SHEET





















	7 8 9 10 11 12						
0 GENERAL	3.0 GRID MESH						
THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH REFERENCE DRAWINGS (AND SPECIFICATIONS WITH ALL OTHER DRAWINGS IF APPLICABLE). DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REFERED TO THE	3.1 MATERIAL FOR STEEL ORID MESH SHALL COMPLY WITH AS3679 GRADE 250 OR EQUIVALENT.						
PRINCIPA_/SUPERINTENDENT FOR A DECISION BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK	3.2 MATERIAL FOR ALUMINUM GRID MESH SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM B221 6063-16.						
2 ALL DIMENSIONS WAS IN MILLING INS AND LEVELS AND IN MEINES IN AND U.M.D. MORE THE CANDIDE OF THE A SET WARDER IN ACCOMPANYS WITH DIMENSION OF CHARTER BY LINE OF THE CONTRACTOR IS DEEDNATED FOR ACCOMPANY AND	3.3 MATERIAL FOR STAINLESS STEEL GRID MESH SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM A240/A240M GRADE 316L						
SHORT SHALL BE CARRED OUT IN A SHE MANNER IN ACCOMPANY WITH APPLICABLE STATUTOR HEXCARD AND SUM TOLES. IN COMINALION IS REPORTING TO COUNTINNAL REPLICE AND SHE AND SH	3.4 STEEL GRID MESH SHALL BE HOT DIP GALVANISED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 4680. 3.5 THE SMALLER DIMENSION OF ANY OPENING OF GRID MESH SHALL NOT EXCEED 40mm AND THE AREA OF OPENING SHALL NOT EXCEED 5000mm2.						
SHOP DRAWINGS SHALL BE DREPARED BASED ON REFERENCED DETAIL DESIGN DRAWINGS TO SHW PELEVANT DETAILS OF EACH ASSEMELY, COMPONENT AND COMMENTION, TOCHTHER WITH INFORMATION BEATURE IN EABRICATION, SUBJECT DEFAUNCET AND REFERENCED IN INCLUDING. DEMETHECATION STELL TYPE AND GRAVE DAMENSIONS OF ITHEN LOCATION, TYPE AND SIZE OF WITHS IN BOTTS, WELD							
CATEGORIES AND BOLTING CATEGORIES, WELD PROCEDURES, SURFACE PREPARATION METHODS AND COATING SYSTEM, VENT/DRAIN HOLES FOR HOT DIP GALVANISING, PROPOSED JOINTS IN STEEL MEMBERS, etc	3.6 ALL EDGES AND CUTOIDS OF STEEL GRID MESH SHALL BE BANDED WITH BANDING BARS OF SAME SIZE (MINIMUM) AS THE LOAD BARS AND SHALL BE FINISHED FLUSH WITH LOAD BAR UPPER SURFACE EXCEPT WHERE THEY SERVE AS TO BOARDS.						
5 DIMENSIONS RELEVANT TO SETTING OUT AND OFF SITE WORK (FABRICATION) SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR BEFORE SHOP DRAWINGS, FABRICATION AND CONSTRUCTION IS COMMENCED. DETAILS SHAIL NOT BE SCALED FORM THE REFERENCED DRAWINGS.	3.7 MINIMUM BEARING WIDTH OF STEEL GRID MESH LOAD BARS ON SUPPORTS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS.						
S WHEN SHOP DRAWLINGS ARE PREPARED FAREICATION SHALL NOT BE COMMENCED UNTIL SHOP DRAWINGS AND CALCULATIONS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED AND ACCEPTED BY THE PRICIPAL/SUPERINTENDENT OR AN	25mm FOR STEL GRID LOAD BARS OF DEPTH 25-40mm. 40mm FOR STEL GRID LOAD BARS OF DEPTH 45-65mm.						
ENGINEER NOMINATED BY THE PRINCIPAL/SUPERINTENDENT. THE REVIEW DOES NOT INCLUGE CHECKING OF DIMENSIONS, AND DOES NOT RELIEVE CONTRACTOR OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLIANCE WITH DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.	3.8 MINIMUM BEARING WIDTH OF FRP GRID MESH LOAD BARS ON SUPPORTS SHALL BE 40mm.						
7 REVIEW OF SHOP DRWINGS IS OF GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH DESIGN CONCEPT AND GENERAL COMPLIANCE WITH CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFIRMING AND	3.9 ANY SECTION OF FRP GRID MESH SHALL NOT OVERHANG THE SUPPORTS.						
CONFECTIONS DO NOT RELEVE CONTRACTOR FOR RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF CONTRACTOR AND SPECIFICATION.	3.10 ANY SECTION OF STEEL GRID MESH SHALL NOT OVERHANG THE SUPPORTS IN THE DIRECTION OF CROSS RODS.						
NOMINATION OF PROPRIETARY TIENS DOES NOT INDICATE EXCLUSIVE PREFERENCE, BUT INDICATES REQUIRED PROPERTIES OF ITEM. SIMILAR ALTERNATIVES HAVING REQUIRED PROPERTIES MAY BE OFFERED FOR APPROVAL APPROVAL DOES NOT AUMORSE A VARIATION TO THE CONTRACT.	3.11 AT LOCATIONS THAT ARE LIKELY TO BE UNDER FREQUENT WET CONDITIONS THE DEPTH OF BANDING BARS MAY BE REDUCED TO ALLOW A GAP OF 10-15mm TO FACILITATE DRAINAGE.						
PROPRIETARY ITEMS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS AND SPECIFICATIONS.	 a.t.o.kib MESH TUDAR FLAMMS SHALL BE CUMPLIANCE SO AS TO PROVIDE AT LENSIT; a) OK PLONG AT EACH CORRER NO FARTHER THAN 200mm FROM INFE CONNE; 						
IO DURING CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING STRUCTURES. IN A STABLE CONDITION AND ENSURE NO PART IS OVER STRESSED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.	b) FUDR FIXINGS PER SQUARE METRE OF PAREL FUR P FUE PAREL FUE P						
11 STAIRWAYS, LADDERS, CUARDRAILING, HANDRAILING, PLATFORMS AND LANDINGS SHALL COMPLY WITH AS 1657, AND DS100 EXCEPT THAT GUARDRAILING HEIGHT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 1000mm. TOE BOARDS	a) FIXINGS CONTRACT SPACED NO FAMILIER APART THAN BOOMTIM. DESIGNES SHALL SELECT CRID MENT PAREL TIXING CONFIGURATIONS (NUMBER AND TYPE) THAT PROVIDE FOR EXPOSURE TO MOBILE PLANT AND EQUIPMENT INCLUDING PROVISION FOR VIBRATION						
Shall be provided to fall edges of platforms and undings.	INICIALITY AND TEMPERATURE VARIATIONS AS APPROVENTIE.						
12 DEFENSION WASE MARENAS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE OF WORKS TO A LOCATION APPROVED BT THE PRINCIPAL/SOPERINTENDENT.	and with the definition reducted and mean evidence in the excellation in the second reduction is a second reduction in the second reduction is a second reduction in the secon						
IN STELL MURA SUFFURIENC SUSPERIDED FLUCK SHALL DE ARRANDED/ INSTALLEU. IU DE SEUF DRAINING.	4.0 REINSTATEMENT/DAMAGE TO STEEL COATING						
15 THE DRAWINGS MAY NOT SHOW DETAILS OF ALL FIXTURES, INSERTS, BASES, RECESSES OR OPENINGS at REQUIRED, ANY RISK OF SUSPENDED FLOOR PANELS LIFTING OR FAILING SHALL RE REFERRED TO	4.1 DAMAGES TO GALVANISED COATING SHALL BE REPAIRED TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF AS/NZS4680 AND COATING SPECIFICATION H1 of DS95						
THE PRINCIPAL/SUPERINTENDENT FOR INSTRUCTIONS.	4.2 INDRGANIC ZINC SILICATE COATING SHALL BE REINSTATED TO A MINIMUM DRY FILM THICKNESS OF 100 MICRONS BY THE APPLICATION OF AN AUSTRALIAN PAINT APPROVAL SCHEME APPROVED ORGANIC ZINC PICH COATING SUCH AS JUDIN BARRIER' (OR APPROVED FEILINALENT) CHER A CLEAN SUPPORT ADDITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COATING MANUFACTURED'S PECHAMICANATIONS						
16 CARE SHALL BE TAKEN OF HAZAROS ASSOCIATED WITH BURED, CONCALED OR OVERHEDO SERVICES. PRECANTIONS SHALL BE TAKEN TO ESTABLISH LOCATION OF AND PROTECT EXISTING SERVICES SON SITE. SERVICES SHOWN ON DRWINDS ARE IN APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS ONLY. SERVICES OTHER HANN THOSE SHOWN MAY EXIST ON SITE, MARK LOCATIONS OF EXPICIES CLEARLY ON SITE, MARK LOCATIONS AND HAVENIST ON AST-BUILT	THE FILL OWER JOIN STOLES FOR REPORT ON AFTRICT OF THE STOLES OF A STOLES FOR SOUTHER AFTER A RECORDERCY STILL HE OWER STREAM CONTRACT STOLES						
DRAWINGS.	5.0 RAISED EXPANDED METAL						
77 ABBREVIATIONS AND LECEND 1.181 AS - AUSTRALIAN STANDARD 1.181 AS - AUSTRALIAN STANDARD	5.1 MATERIAL FOR CALVANISED STEEL EXPANDED METAL MESH SHALL COMPLY WITH AS3678, GRADE 250 OR EQUIVALENT. GALVANISING SHALL BE TO AS4680.						
1.16.2 UNU = UNLES AVIED VIEW BUT STANDARD	5.2 MATERIAL FOR ALUMINIUM EXPANDED METAL MESH SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM 8209 GRADE 6063-T.						
18 THE FOLLOWING WATER CORPORATION DESIGN STANDARD SHALL APPLY. 1.19.1 D5100 - SUSPENDED FLOORING	5.3 MATERIAL FOR STADILESS STEEL EXPANDED METAL MESH SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM A240/A240M GRADE 316L.						
1.19.1 DS95 - STANDARD FOR THE SELECTION PREPARATION APPLICATION INSPECTION AND TESTING OF PROTECTIVE COATINGS ON WATER CORPORATION ASSETS	5.4 MINIMUM BEARING WIDTH OF EXPANDED METAL MESH BARS ON SUPPORTS SHALL BE 40mm.						
0 WELDING	5.5 ANY SECTION OF RAISED EXPANDED METAL SHALL NOT OVERHANG THE SUPPORTS.						
1 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE CARBON STRUCTURAL STEEL WORK WELDS SHALL BE STRUCTURAL PURPOSE (SP) TO AS 1554.1 AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH WATER CORPORATION WELDING SPECIFICATION WS-1 -	6.0 CHEQUER PLATE						
METAL ARC WEIDING.	6.1 MATERIAL FOR GALVANISED STEEL CHEQUER PLATE SHALL COMPLY WITH AS3678, GRADE 250 OR EQUIVALENT. GALVANISING SHALL BE TO AS4680.						
2 STANLESS STEEL WORK WELDS SHALL BE STRUCTURAL PURPOSE (SP) TO AS 1554.6 CLASS 2 AND IN ACCOMMANCE WITH WATER COMPONATION WELDING SPECIFICATION WS-1 - METAL ARC WELDING. WELDING SPECIFICATION WS-1 - METAL ARC WELDING.	6.2 MATERIAL FOR ALUMINIUM CHEQUER PLATE SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM B209 GRADE 6063-T.						
3 ALUMINIUM WORKS WELDS SHALL BE TO AS/NZS 1665 AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH WATER CORPORATION WELDING SPECIFICATION WS-1 - METAL ARC WELDING.	6.3 MATERIAL FOR STAINLESS STEEL CHEQUER PLATE SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM AS240/A240M GRADE 316L						
4 STAINLESS STEEL WELDS AND HEAT EFFECTED ZONES SHALL BE CLEANED AND PASSIVATED AFTER WELDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 1554.6.	6.4 MINIMUM BEARING WIDTH OF CHEQUER PLATE ON SUPPORTS SHALL BE 50mm.						
5 WELDING SPLATTER AND SLAG SHALL BE REMOVED FROM SURFACES.	6.5 ANY GAP BETWEEN ADJACENT CHEQUER PLATES SHALL NOT EXCEED 10mm UNLESS THE PLATED ARE IS REQUIRED TO BE WITHOUT WATER OR GAS LEAKS.						
6 WHERE A WELD JOINT IS REQUIRED, ALL EDGES OF THE METAL FACES IN CONTACT SHALL BE WELDED.							
7 ALL TUBULAR SECTIONS SHALL HAVE 3mm SEAL PLATES, ADEQUATE DRAINAGE HOLES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR GALVANISING.							
8 WED PROCEDURES SHALL BE DEVELOPED TO SUIT JOINT DETAILS AND SHOWN ON SHOP DRAWINGS. USE PRE-GUALIFIED WELD PROCEDURES TO AS/NZS1554.1 CLAUSE 4.3 OR DEVELOP QUALIFICATION OF WELD PROCEDURE BY TESTING TO AS/NZS1554.1 CLAUSE 4.2.							
9 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ALL INTERFACES BETWEEN STEEL SECTIONS TO BE CONNECTED WITH 6mm CONTINUOUS FILLET WELDS ALL ROUND, BOTH SIDES.							
10 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ALL GRID MESH ELEMENTS E.G., LOAD BARS, CROSS BARS, BANDING BARS WELDS SHALL BE MINIMUM JINVII CONTINUOUS FILLET WELDS.							
11 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE BUTT WELDS SHALL BE COMPLETE (FULL) PENETRATION BUTT WELDS (CPBW).							
12 WELDS TO BE INSPECTED BY ACCREDITED/QUALIFIED WELDING INSPECTOR AS PER WATER CORPORATION'S WELDING SPECIFICATION WS-1. PROVIDE SIGNED INSPECTION TEST PLANS BY WELDING INSPECTOR.							
IJ UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE WELDS SHALL BE SHOP WELDED.							
14 WELDING STMEDLS ARE TO ASI103.3. "CPW" ENDICATES CONTINUOUS FILLET WELD. "FSBW" INDICATES FULL STRENGTH BUTT WELD WHICH IS EQUIVALENT TO CPBW. "CPBW" INDICATES COMPLETE PENETRATION BUTT WELD.							
15 GUARDRAILS SHALL BE COMPLETE WITH MINIMUM 4mm CFW AT THE RAIL TO STANCHION JOINT AND 5mm CFW AT BASE PLATE TO STANCHION JOINT.							
	NOTES FOR DESIGNER						
	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (do not include on detail design/shop drawings of specific projects)						
	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (do not include on detail design/shop drawings of specific projects) 1. This drawing has been developed for "suspended flooring" projects. The designer shall carry out a quality review and include additional notes as required.						
INFORMATION ONLY	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (do not include on detail design/shop drawings of specific projects) 1. This drawing has been developed for "suspended flooring" projects. The designer shall carry out a quality review and include additional notes as required. 2. The notes on this drawing may be edited to suit a project. Additional notes for job specific requirements to be included and only those notes that do not apply to be deleted.						
INFORMATION ONLY NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (do not include on detail design/shop drawings of specific projects) 1. This drawing has been developed for "suspended flooring" projects. The designer shall carry out a quality review and include additional notes as required. 2. The notes on this drawing may be edited to suit a project, additional notes for job specific requirements to be included and only those notes that do not apply to be deleted. 3. Additional notes shall include design loading and any other design criteria specific to the project.						
INFORMATION ONLY NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (do not include on detail design/shop drawings of specific projects) 1. This drawing has been developed for "suspended flooring" projects. The designer shall carry out a quality review and include additional notes as required. 2. The notes on this drawing may be edited to suit a project additional notes for job specific requirements to be included and only those notes that do not apply to be deleted. 3. Additional notes shall include design lowling and any other design criteria specific to the project. 4. Water corporation design representative's approval shall be sought to vary any note on this drawing.						
INFORMATION ONLY INT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (DO NOT INCLUDE ON DETAIL DESIGN/SHOP DRAWINGS OF SPECIFIC PROJECTS) 1. THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN DEVELOPED FOR "SUSPENDED FLOORING" PROJECTS. THE DESIGNER SHALL CARRY OUT A QUALITY REVIEW AND INCLUDE ADDITIONAL NOTES AS REQUIRED. 2. THE NOTES ON THIS DRAWING MAY BE EDITED TO SUIT A PROJECT ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR JOB SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS TO BE INCLUDED AND ONLY THOSE NOTES THAT DO NOT APPLY TO BE DELETED. 3. ADDITIONAL NOTES SHALL INCLUDE DESIGN LONDING AND ANY OTHER DESIGN CRITERIA SPECIFIC TO THE PROJECT. 4. WATER CORPORATION DESIGN REPRESENTATIVE'S APPROVAL SHALL BE SOUGHT TO VARY ANY NOTE ON THIS DRAWING. RECOMMENDED						
DESIGN SURVEY VERTICAL DATUM NOTE D BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (DO NOT INCLUDE ON DETAIL DESIGN/SHOP DRAWINGS OF SPECIFIC PROJECTS) 1. THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN DEVELOPED FOR "SUSPENDED FLOORING" PROJECTS. THE DESIGNER SHALL CARRY OUT A QUALITY REVIEW AND INCLUDE ADDITIONAL NOTES AS REQUIRED. 2. THE NOTES ON THIS DRAWING MAY BE EDITED TO SUIT A PROJECT. ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR JOB SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS TO BE INCLUDED AND ONLY THOSE NOTES THAT DO NOT APPLY TO BE DELETED. 3. ADDITIONAL NOTES SHALL INCLUDE DESIGN LOADING AND ANY OTHER DESIGN CRITERIA SPECIFIC TO THE PROJECT. 4. WATER CORPORATION DESIGN REPRESENTATIVE'S APPROVAL SHALL BE SOUGHT TO VARY ANY NOTE ON THIS DRAWING. INCLUDE DESIGN REPRESENTATIVE'S APPROVAL SHALL BE SOUGHT TO VARY ANY NOTE ON THIS DRAWING. INCLUDE DESIGN STANDARD DS 100 INCLUDE DESIGN STANDARD DS 100						
INFORMATION ONLY INT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION DESIGN SURVEY VERTICAL DATUM DES CALC 22 NORE CORRONATE STS DES CALC 22 DES CALC 24 DES CALC 24 DES CALC 24 DES CALC 24 DES CALC 24 DES CALC 24 DES CALC 25 DES CALC 24 DES C	NOTES FOR DESIGNER (DO NOT INCLUDE ON DETAIL DESIGN/SHOP DRAWINGS OF SPECIFIC PROJECTS) 1. THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN DEVELOPED FOR "SUSPENDED FLOORING" PROJECTS. THE DESIGNER SHALL CARRY OUT A QUALITY REVIEW AND INCLUDE ADDITIONAL NOTES AS REQUIRED. 2. THE NOTES ON THIS DRAWING MAY BE EDITED TO SUIT A PROJECT. ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR JOB SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS TO BE INCLUDED AND ONLY THOSE NOTES THAT DO NOT APPLY TO BE DELETED. 3. ADDITIONAL NOTES SHALL INCLUDE DESIGN LOADING AND ANY OTHER DESIGN CRITERIA SPECIFIC TO THE PROJECT. 4. WATER CORPORATION DESIGN REPRESENTATIVE'S APPROVAL SHALL BE SOUGHT TO VARY MAY NOTE ON THIS DRAWING. EXCOMMENDED EXCOMMENDED SENIOR ENGINEER, WOCAS SENIOR ADD GRID MESH DETAILS CONTENTS OF THE SENIOR OF SPECIFIC PROJECTS. (D) STANDARD GRID MESH DETAILS SENIOR ENGINEER, WOCAS SENIOR ENGINEER, WOCAS						
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7.0 EDGE PROTECTION							
7.1 EDGE PROTECTION ARE OF THREE TYPES (EO, E1 & E2) AS DETAILED IN	N DS100.						
7.2 TYPES E0 AND E1 ARE GENERALLY TERMED GUARDRAILS AND TYPE E2 IS	S TERMED BALUSTRADES.						
7.3 TYPES E0 AND E1 EDGE PROTECTION (GUARDRAILS) SHALL MEET THE RE	EQUIREMENTS IN AS1657.						
7.4 MEMBERS OF STEEL EDGE PROTECTION SHALL BE HOT DIP GALVANISED.							
8.0 CHEMICAL ANCHORS							
8.4 ALL CHEMICAL ANCHORS SHALL DE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MA							
8.2 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE HILTLING ANCHOR RODS SHALL HAVE MINI	INDERCONCERTS SEEDED TO A LONG.	PECTETED BELOW					
HITT HAS ANCHOR SIZE	MINIMUM EMBEDMENT INTO						
M8	SOUND MONOLITHIC CONCRETE (mm)						
M10	90						
M12	110						
M16	125						
M20	170						
M24	210						
TOPPING CONCRETE AND OTHER SURFACE FINISHES SHALL BE EXCLUDED	D FROM THE EMBEDMENT DEPTH. IN THESE INSTANCES LONGE	R ANCHOR RODS WOULD BE REQUIR	ED.				
9.0 STRUCTURAL STEELWORK							
9.1 STEEL WORK WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS SHALL COMPLY WITH AS410	00 AND AS/NZS1554.						
9.2 MATERIAL FOR STEELWORK SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS • PLATES AND FLOOR PLATE SHALL COMPLY WITH AS/NZS3678							
 UNIVERSAL BEAMS, UNIVERSAL COLUMNS, PARALLEL FLANGE CHANNI OTHER MEMORES SHALL COMPLY WITH AS (N723678 OR AS (N72367 	ELS AND ANGLES, SHALL COMPLY WITH AS/NZS3679 PART 1,	GRADE 300 OR BHP GRADE 300 PLI	JS.				
OTHER MEMBERS STALL COMPET WITH ASYN233078 OR ASYN23307 OTHER MEMBERS STALL BE MARKED ON STRUCTURAL MEMBERS IN NON-O	CRITICAL AREAS USING IDENTIFICATION MARKS COMPATIBLE V	WITH AND VISIBLE THROUCH PAINT	SYSTEM				
9.4 AFTER COMPLETION OF FARRICATION PREPARATION FOR SUPPACE TREA	ATTICAL AND STATE DENTIFICATION WARKS COM ATTELL A	FOGES BURRS ARISES WELD SPL	ATTER AND SLAG etc. AND REMOVAL OF				
GREASE, OIL AND OTHER CONTAMINANTS TO AS1627.1.							
9.5 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON DRAWINGS OR IN SPECIFICATION, ALL	STEELWORK SHALL BE HOT DIPPED GALVANISED TO AS/NZS467	80 AND TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF	COATING SPECIFICATION H2 of DS95.)				
9.6 GALVANISED STEEL TO BE IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE SHALL BE PASS	SIVATED BY DIPPING IN 0.2% SODIUM DICHROMATE SOLUTION	1					
9.7 INTERNAL CORNERS OF CLEATS AND STIFFENERS, etc SHALL BE CROPP BF PROVIDED AND PROPOSED HOLES SHALL BE SHOWN ON SHOP DRAW	ED TO FACILITATE DRAINAGE. DRAINAGE HOLES TO PREVENT W WINGS.	WATER POOLING ON STRUCTURAL ELE	MENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL				
9.8 CAP PLATES 3mm THICK SHALL BE SEAL WELDED TO HOLLOW SECTION:	IS U.N.O.						
9.9 ITEMS TO BE HOT DIP GALVANISED SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH							
 VENT/DRAIN HOLES AT TOP AND BOTTOM EXTREMITIES FOR HOLLOW DRILLED SUSPENSION HOLES IN END PLATES, ETC 	W SECTIONS. PROVIDE RUBBER SEALS OR PLUG WELD VENT/D	RAIN HOLES THAT REMAIN EXPOSED					
 PRIOR TO DIPPING ADVISE OF ANY DESIGN FEATURES THAT MAY L 	_EAD TO DIFFICULTIES DURING GALVANISING.						
VENT/DRAIN HOLES THAT REMAIN EXPOSED SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH	RUBBER SEALS OR PLUG WELDED						
10.0 HOT_DIP CALVANISED CAPPON (MILD STEEL E	FASTENERS						
10.0 HOT-DIF GALVANISED CARBON/MIED STEEL F	ASTENERS						
10.1 PASIENCE THREADS SHALL COMPET WITH AS 1275, WASHERS SHALL COM							
10.2 BULIS AND NOTS SHALL BE HOT-DIP GALVANISED TO AS 1214 AND WA	ISHERS SHALL BE GALVANISED TO AS/NZS 4080.	V CLACC 5 AND CHALL CONDLY WITH	1 45 1110 7				
10.5 BULIS OF TO AND INCLUDING MIZ SHALL BE FROMENTI CLASS 4.6 AN	D SHALL COMPLET WITH AS TITLE. NOTS SHALL BE PROPERT	CLASS 5 AND SHALL COMPET WITH	A5 1112.3.				
10.4 BULIS, NOIS AND WASHERS MI4 AND GREATER SHALL COMPLEX WITH AS	WINDS TIZE						
10.5 EVERT FASTENER ASSEMBLI STALL HAVE TWO WASHERS AND ONE NOT	IGHIENED SNOG HIGHI TO AS 4100.						
10.6 MITE AND LARGER BULIS TO BE HIGH STRENGTH STRUCTURAL BULIS, 6.	10/5 PROCEDURE AND MIZ SIZE BULIS SHALL BE COMMERCIA	AL BULIS, 4.6/5 PROCEDURE U.N.U.					
10.7 MAKE BOLTED STRUCTURAL CONNECTIONS WITH TOMM THICK CLEAT PD	ALES ANU Z MITE 8.8/S BULIS U.N.U.		ANT FOR REATERTION INSTALL WASHEDS				
UNDER BOLT HEAD AND NUT. PROVIDE TWO WASHERS UNDER BOLT HEA DINDER BOLT HEAD AND NUT. PROVIDE TWO WASHERS UNDER BOLT HEA	ND IF HEAD IS USED FOR TIGHTENING. USE TAPERED WASHER	S AS REQUIRED. WASHERS SHALL BE	LASER OR WATER JET CUT AND NOT				
FUNCTED WIT MECHANICAL DIES.	WO THREADS AND NOT MORE THAN 10mm						
10.9 USE BULL LENGTHS SO THAT PROJECTION BETOND NOT IS AT LEAST IN	IN BOLTS WITH TWO CLASS 5 HEXACONAL HEAD NUTS AND TWO	O FYTRA LARCE FLAT WASHERS					
10.10 HOLDING DOWN BUELS TO BE GRADE 4.0 U.N.U. SUPPLI HOLDING DOWN	N BOLIS WITH TWO CLASS S HEXAGONAL HEAD NOTS AND TWO	J EXINA DARGE FLAI WASHERS.					
10.12 DRTIL HOLES FULL STZE OR REAM TO FULL STZE AFTER SUB-DRTILING	SUB-DRILLED OR SUB-PLINCHED HOLES TO BE AT LEAST 3	mm UNDERSIZE PUNCHING AND EL	AME CUTTING OF HOLES IS NOT				
PERMITTED. BOLT HOLE SIZE TO BE: BOLT DIAMETER PLUS 2mm FOR STEEL TO STEEL CONNECTIONS							
 BOLT DIAMETER PLUS 4mm FOR STEEL TO CONCRETE CONNECTION BOLT DIAMETER PLUS 6mm FOR HOLDING DOWN BOLTS. 	·S.						
10.13 USE BOLTS WITH THREADS IN COMPLIANCE WITH AS1275. BOLTS OF ST	TRENGTH GRADE 4.6 TO BE COMMERCIAL GRADE BOLTS TO AS	1111 AND 1112. BOLTS OF STRENGT	H GRADE 8.8 TO BE HIGH STRENGTH				
STRUCTURAL BOLTS, NUTS AND WASHERS TO AS/NZS1252. MECHANICAL PROCEDURES TO COMPLY WITH AS4100:	. PROPERTIES OF BOLTS, NUTS, SCREWS AND STUDS TO COMP	'LY WITH AS/NZS4291.2. WASHERS T	0 COMPLY WITH AS1237. TIGHTENING				
 S SNUG TIGHT. TB BEARING MODE JOINT, BOLTS FULLY TENSIONED. 							
 TF FRICTION MODE JOINT, BOLTS FULLY TENSIONED. (CONTACT S 	SURFACES OF CONNECTIONS TO BE UNCOATED.)						
10.14 BOLTS SHALL PROTRUDE THE NUT AFTER TENSIONING BY 2 TO 5 THREA	ADS.						
				(DO NOTES FOR	C DESIGNER DE ON DETAIL DESIGN/SHOP DRAW	INGS OF SPECIFIC PROJECTS)	
				1. THIS DRAWI	NG HAS BEEN DEVELOPED FOR "SU	ISPENDED FLOORING" PROJECTS. THE DESI	GNER SHALL CARRY OUT A
INFORMATION ONLY				2. THE NOTES	ON THIS DRAWING MAY BE EDITED) TO SUIT A PROJECT. ADDITIONAL NOTES	FOR JOB SPECIFIC REQUIR
				3. ADDITIONAL	NOTES SHALL INCLUDE DESIGN LA	DADING AND ANY OTHER DESIGN CRITERIA	SPECIFIC TO THE PROJECT
				4. WATER CORF	PORATION DESIGN REPRESENTATIVE	'S APPROVAL SHALL BE SOUGHT TO VARY	NY NOTE ON THIS DRAWIN
	DESIGN SURVEY VERTICAL DATUM DE	S CALC NORTH POINT		RE	COMMENDED 2/1/1/2	12	WATER COR
	NUNE NONE		NFKASIKUC	I UKE	Kennow 010/20		SUSPENDED
	COORDINATE SYS DE	S CHD A		. <	ENIOR ENGINEER. WDC&S		
	ASCON SURVEY DES REF DR		DESIGN	- SE AP	PROVED	- 🔊 WAIEI	GENERAL NO
	ASCON SURVEY DES REF DR NONE D13113W //	ES CHD // -	DESIGN BRANCH	L SL	ENIOR ENGINEER, WDC&S PPROVED fff. J. Finlay 6/6/2013		GENERAL NO













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