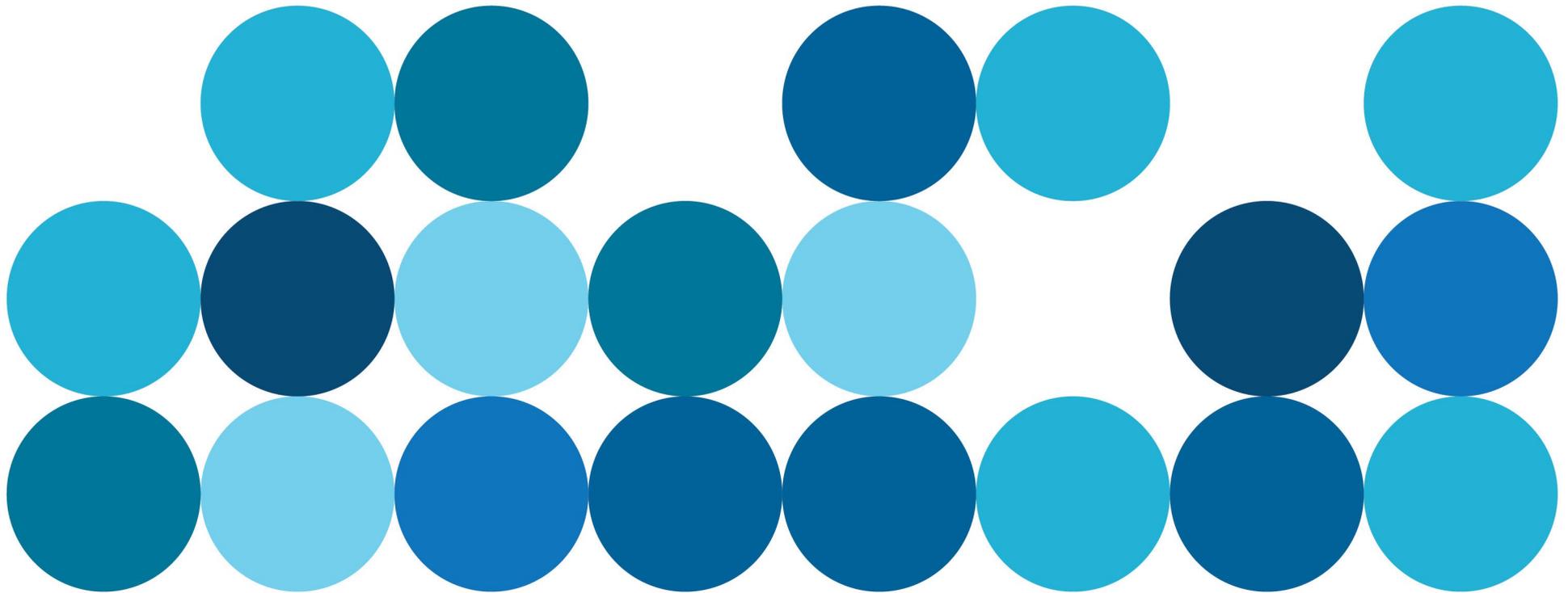
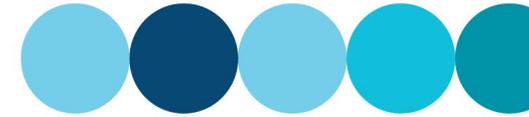


Drinking Water Quality

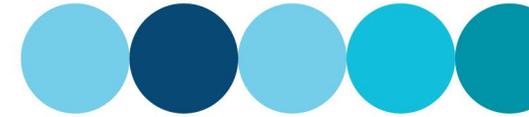
Annual Report 2022-23





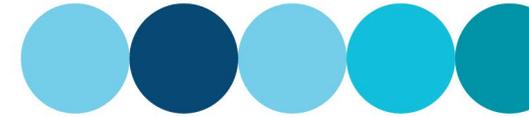
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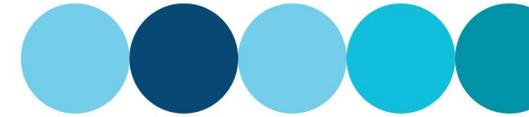
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About this report

Water Corporation's 2022-23 Drinking Water Quality Annual Report is a review of our performance for the financial year ending 30 June 2023.

This report is designed to provide our customers and the Western Australian public with information on the quality of their drinking water.

Publication of this report allows us to meet the requirements of the [Australian Drinking Water Guidelines](#), our [Water Services Licence](#) with the Economic Regulation Authority, our [Memorandum of Understanding](#) with the Department of Health and the National Performance Reporting requirements under the National Water Initiative.

This is our 21st Drinking Water Quality Annual Report; we trust it provides our customers with the information they require about their drinking water quality.

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- Department of Water and Environmental Regulation
 - Public Drinking Water Source Areas
 - Hydrography Linear Hierarchy
- Landgate
 - Road Centrelines
 - Town sites

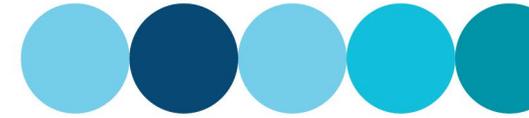
- Geoscience Australia
 - Australian Coastline

Further information and feedback

For further information about our drinking water quality or to provide feedback on this report:

- Call us on 13 13 85
- Visit watercorporation.com.au/drinkingwaterquality
- Email us at report@watercorporation.com.au

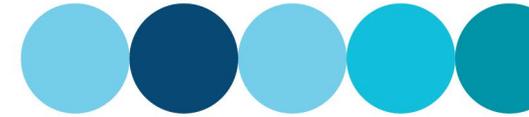
We acknowledge the Traditional Owners throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to the land, water and community. We pay our respects to all members of the Aboriginal communities, their cultures and to Elders past, present and emerging.



Acronyms

Acronym	Description
ADWG	Australian Drinking Water Guidelines
AWRP	Advanced Water Recycling Plant
BRA	Barrier Risk Assessment
CMS	Catchment Management Strategy
DoH	Department of Health
EDR	Electrodialysis reversal
GAR	Goldfields and Agricultural Region
GAWS / GAWSS	Goldfields and Agricultural Water Supply Goldfields and Agricultural Water Supply Scheme
GSR	Great Southern Region
GSTWS / GSTWSS	Great Southern Towns Water Supply / Great Southern Towns Water Supply Scheme
GWR / GWRS	Groundwater Replenishment / Groundwater Replenishment Scheme
IWSS	Integrated Water Supply Scheme
LGSTWS / LGSTWSS	Lower Great Southern Towns Water Supply Lower Great Southern Towns Water Supply Scheme
MIEX	Magnetic Ion Exchange
mg/L	Milligrams per litre
mL	Millilitres
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
MPN/100mL	Most probable number / 100mL
MWR	Mid West Region
NHMRC	National Health and Medical Research Council

Acronym	Description
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
NWR	North West Region
PDWSA	Public drinking water source area
PFAS	Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances
PFHxS	Perfluorohexane sulfonate
PFOA	Perfluorooctanoic acid
PFOS	Perfluorooctane sulfonate
PSDP	Peth Seawater Desalination Plant
RBOM	Risk Based Observational Monitoring
RO	Reverse osmosis
RPZ	Reservoir protection zone
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
SSDP	Southern Seawater Desalination Plant
SWR	South West Region
TCU	True Colour Units
TDS	Total Dissolved Solids
THM	Trihalomethanes
µg/L	Micrograms per litre
UF	Ultra-filtration
UV	Ultra-violet
WHPZ	Well Head Protection Zone
WQMS	Water Quality Management System



Summary

Providing safe drinking water is our highest priority. We achieve this by ensuring our drinking water services meet the requirements of our Memorandum of Understanding with Department of Health on Drinking Water.

Health related performance

- 99.6 per cent for microbiological criteria
- 100 per cent for health-related chemicals
- 99.6 percent for health-related radiological guidelines

Non-health (aesthetic) related performance

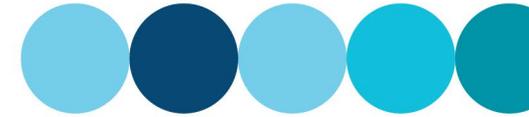
While we strive to meet guidelines for aesthetic characteristics, this can be challenging to achieve across the diverse water sources in Western Australia.

This is especially the case in some of our small regional water schemes where there may be few sources of drinking water available and where installation of aesthetic treatment may not be practical for various reasons.

In 2022-23, our performance for all aesthetic analyses was 93 per cent. Although we meet all obligations under our Water Services Licence, we recognise there are always opportunities for improvement.



Figure 1: Carnarvon ground level and elevated tanks



Our commitment to you

We are committed to providing our customers with safe, high-quality drinking water that consistently meets the requirements of the [Australian Drinking Water Guidelines](#) (ADWG) 2011, our customers and other regulatory provisions.

To achieve this, we have partnered with relevant agencies to:

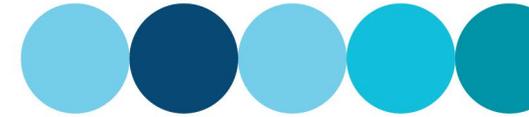
- Manage water quality from water source to water meter and promote confidence in the supply of safe drinking water.
- Incorporate the needs and expectations of our customers, stakeholders, regulators and employees into our planning.
- Strongly advocate source protection and the primacy of drinking water quality over other land uses.
- Use a risk-based approach to identify and manage hazards and ensure appropriate barriers to protect water quality.
- Routinely monitor our systems and use effective reporting mechanisms to provide relevant and timely information on our performance.
- Use appropriate contingency planning and maintain incident response capability.
- Meet the health-related requirements of the *ADWG and work to progressively improve the aesthetic quality of water supplied.
- Contribute to setting industry regulations and guidelines, and other standards relevant to public health and the water cycle.
- Continually improve our practices by assessing performance against corporate objectives and stakeholder expectations.

- Constantly strive to be a leader in operational training through exploration of visual intelligence technologies to supplement existing face-to-face courses.
- Participate in research and development activities to ensure we continually improve understanding and management of our drinking water supply systems.

We will implement and maintain a drinking water quality management system consistent with the ADWG to effectively manage the risks to drinking water quality. All Water Corporation employees, partners and contractors are responsible for understanding their role in implementing and continuously improving the drinking water quality management and outcomes.

*We have a [Memorandum of Understanding](#) with the DoH that grants exemptions to the nitrate health guideline for 10 towns in the Mid West and Goldfields and Agricultural regions. We are progressively working to improve the drinking water quality in these towns (refer to *Understanding water quality test results – Nitrate* on page 35).

For further information please refer to our [Drinking Water Quality Policy](#) and [Drinking Water Source Protection Policy](#).



Drinking Water Quality Policy

Water Corporation is committed to effective management of its drinking water supplies to provide a safe, high-quality product that consistently meets the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines, customer and regulatory requirements, and the corporate objectives and vision.

To achieve this, and in partnership with our stakeholders and relevant agencies, we will:

 Manage water	Manage water quality from water source to water meter and promote confidence in the supply of safe drinking water.	Incorporate the needs and expectations of our customers, stakeholders, regulators and employees into our planning.
 Protect our sources	Strongly advocate source protection and the primacy of drinking water quality over other land uses.	Use a risk-based approach to identify and manage hazards and ensure appropriate barriers to protect water quality.
 Protect water quality	Routinely monitor our systems and use effective reporting mechanisms to provide relevant and timely information on our performance.	Use appropriate contingency planning and maintain incident response capability.
 Meet health standards	Meet the health-related requirements of the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines and work to progressively improve the aesthetic quality of water supplied to our customers.	Contribute to setting industry regulations and guidelines, and other standards relevant to public health and the water cycle.
 Improve our practices	Continually improve our practices by assessing performance against corporate objectives and stakeholder expectations.	Participate in research and development activities to ensure we continually improve understanding and management of our drinking water supply systems.

Water Corporation will implement and maintain a drinking water quality management system consistent with the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines to effectively manage the risks to drinking water quality.

All Water Corporation employees, partners and contractors are responsible for understanding their role in implementing and continuously improving drinking water quality management and outcomes.

Water Corporation acknowledges the Traditional Custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to the land, water and community. We pay our respects to all members of the Aboriginal communities and their cultures; and to Elders past, present and emerging.

Pat Donovan
Pat Donovan
Chief Executive Officer, Water Corporation

PCY261
July 2023



Drinking Water Source Protection Policy

Water Corporation is committed to effective management of its drinking water supplies to provide a safe, high-quality product that consistently meets the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines, customer and regulatory requirements, and the corporate objectives and vision. Source Protection is recognised as a key component of this process.

To achieve this, and in partnership with our stakeholders and relevant agencies, we will:

 Protect water quality	Strongly advocate source protection and the primacy of drinking water quality over other land uses.	Recognise robust source protection practices provide a safer, more practical and economical approach to drinking water safety than water treatment.
 Manage risk	Continuously maintain robust multiple barriers appropriate to the level of potential contamination facing the raw water supply starting with source protection.	Uphold, support and promote catchment protection despite pressure from competing land uses and activities.
 Monitor and respond	Routinely monitor our source protection systems and use effective reporting mechanisms to provide relevant and timely information on their performance.	Maintain active catchment surveillance and protection programs to prevent contamination or degradation of our drinking water sources.
 Protect our sources	Ensure land uses and activities within catchments comply with legislation, approval conditions and best management practices.	Collaborate with key stakeholders and the community to protect drinking water catchments.

Guiding principle 1 of the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines states:

The greatest risks to consumers of drinking water are pathogenic microorganisms. Protection of water sources and treatment are of paramount importance and must never be compromised.

All Water Corporation employees, partners and contractors are responsible for understanding their role in water source protection, and for implementing and continuously improving protection of our drinking water catchments.

Water Corporation acknowledges the Traditional Custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to the land, water and community. We pay our respects to all members of the Aboriginal communities and their cultures; and to Elders past, present and emerging.

Pat Donovan
Pat Donovan
Chief Executive Officer, Water Corporation

PCY272
July 2023





Introduction

We provide drinking water to Perth, Mandurah and more than 220 regional towns and communities throughout Western Australia.

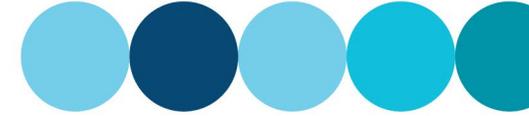
This year, we delivered nearly 387 billion litres of drinking water to 1.36 million properties through 35,122 kilometres of water mains. This water came from 40 surface water sources, 85 groundwater sources, two major desalination plants (the Perth Seawater Desalination Plant and Southern Seawater Desalination Plant) and one groundwater replenishment scheme.

Under our [Water Services Licence](#), we comply with a [Memorandum of Understanding \(MoU\)](#) with the DoH. We act in accordance with the microbiological, health related chemical and radiological criteria as specified by the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) in the ADWG.

Our extensive drinking water quality monitoring program and the rigorous follow up on outlying results confirms the safety of the water we provide to our customers. Microbiological, chemical, and radiological analyses are carried out by independent laboratories.



Figure 2: Harding Dam catchment (North West Region)



Where does your water come from?

Perth Metropolitan Region

Integrated Water Supply Scheme (IWSS)

The IWSS is Water Corporation's largest scheme. Just over 277 billion litres of water was delivered in 2022-23 to more than 968,00 property connections in Perth, Mandurah, some towns in the South West, Goldfields and Agricultural Water Supply (GAWS), and the Great Southern Towns Water Supply Scheme (GSTWSS).

The IWSS has four different water source types, including desalinated seawater, surface water, groundwater and groundwater replenishment (GWR). In 2022-23, the percentage of water from each source type was 31 per cent desalinated seawater, 23 per cent surface water, 40 per cent groundwater and 6 per cent GWR. Desalinated seawater and GWR are both climate independent sources.

The IWSS can be split into three interconnected systems:

The northern system covers from Yanchep in the north to Yokine Reservoir at the south. It also includes a standalone scheme at Two Rocks. This scheme is largely supplied through groundwater, with 135 bores feeding five groundwater treatment plants.

The central scheme includes Mount Eliza Reservoir, Bold Park Reservoir and Belmont pump station to the north and Tamworth pump station and Serpentine Dam to the south. The sources include the Perth Seawater Desalination Plant (PSDP), groundwater treated at Jandakot groundwater treatment plant and four metropolitan dams. Water may also be transferred in from the northern system. Mundaring Dam exports water to the GAWS.

The southern system includes all assets south of Tamworth pump station and Serpentine Dam. Water is sourced from the Southern Seawater Desalination Plant (SSDP) and the southern dams. Water is transferred into the central system to maintain dam storages.

Desalination

PSDP, located in Kwinana, produced 44.3 billion litres of water for the IWSS in 2022-23. The PSDP desalinated water enters the IWSS via Thomsons Reservoir where it is blended with Jandakot groundwater and scheme water.

SSDP, located just north of Binningup, produced 50.2 billion litres of water for the IWSS in 2022-23. The SSDP desalinated water enters the IWSS via Harvey summit tanks and is transferred north through the Stirling and Serpentine trunk mains.

For further information, refer to the Desalination section in *Diversifying our sources* (page 18).

Groundwater

Groundwater is abstracted from four aquifers, Superficial, Mirrabooka, Leederville and Yarragadee, across the Gnangara and Jandakot systems. Once abstracted, groundwater is treated at one of six groundwater treatment plants. Most of our abstraction bores are located in Perth's northern suburbs. We also have independent artesian bores which pump water directly into service reservoirs.

In 2022-23, drinking water production from groundwater sources was delivered on target and within the respective water licence allocation. The total groundwater abstracted volume, including GWR was 136.8 billion litres.



Surface water

The IWSS has a total of 14 surface water dams made up of 11 supply dams (Canning, Churchmans Brook, North Dandalup, Samson Dam, Samson Pipehead, Serpentine, Serpentine Pipehead, South Dandalup, Stirling, Victoria, and Wungong), one principally non-metro supply dam (Mundaring Weir, servicing the GAWS) and three pumpback dams (Lower Helena, Conjurunup and Lower South Dandalup).

In addition to collecting and storing natural inflow water, six of the IWSS dams are used to store scheme water for future source development and climate responsiveness purposes. This stored scheme water is managed through pumpbacks, transfers and direct inflows into the dams when operational capability requires. Surface water is used predominantly in planning and catering for peak demands within the IWSS.

Groundwater Replenishment

GWR is the process by which secondary treated wastewater undergoes advanced treatment to a drinking water quality standard. The water is recharged to deep underground aquifers where it is stored for a number of years before being abstracted and further treated as part of the IWSS. In 2022-23 we recharged 17.3 billion litres of water.

Refer to the Groundwater Replenishment section in *Diversifying our sources* (page 18) for further information.

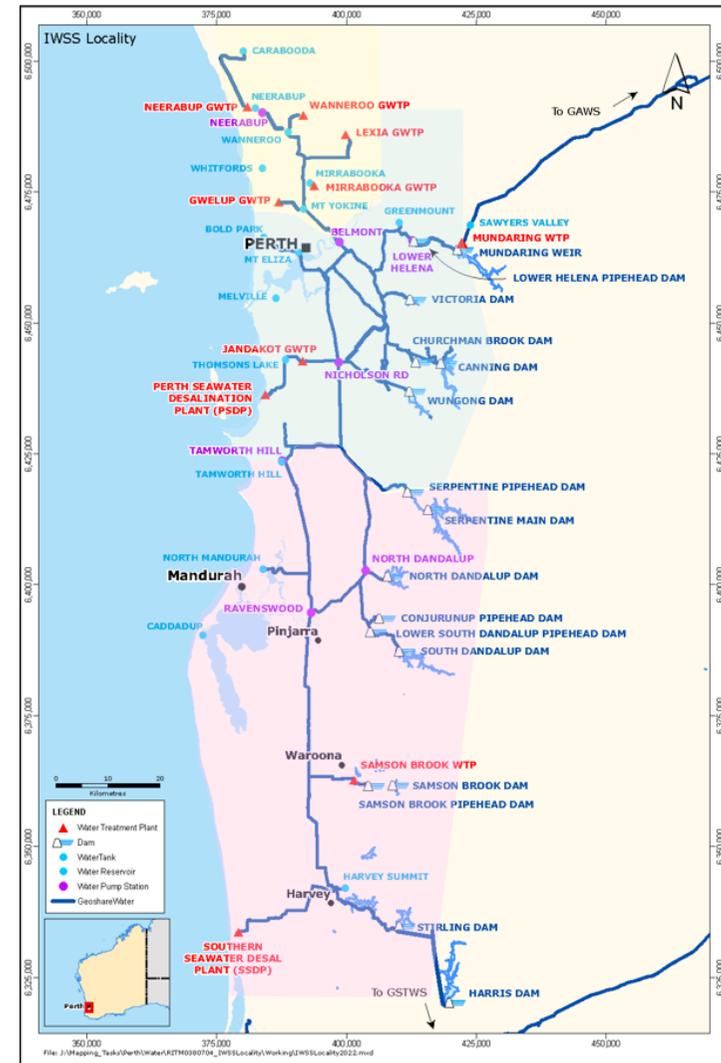
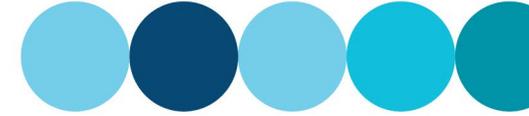


Figure 3: Overview map of the IWSS sources



Great Southern Region

In the Great Southern Region we have two main water supply schemes, the Great Southern Towns Water Supply Scheme (GSTWSS) and the Lower Great Southern Towns Water Supply Scheme (LGSTWSS), along with around 15 individual supplies. This year the region supplied almost 12.8 billion litres of drinking water to more than 42,800 connected properties through 4,073 kilometres of water mains.

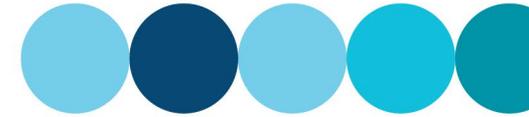
Harris Dam, near Collie in the South West Region, is the main source for the GSTWSS. Groundwater from the South Coast borefields near Albany is the main source for the LGSTWSS, although some local sources can contribute to the supply if required.

Hopetoun, Bremer Bay, Esperance, Condingup and Gibson are all supplied from local groundwater sources. Denmark, Walpole, Ravensthorpe, Frankland, Ongerup, Jerramungup, Borden, and Salmon Gums are supplied from local surface water sources. Denmark can also be supplemented by a pipeline from the LGSTWSS.

Grass Patch, Lake King, Munglinup, Rocky Gully, Varley and Wellstead are supplied by water carted from various treated water sources such as Albany, Lake Grace, and Esperance. Some localities are also periodically supplied by carted water due to water quality or quantity reasons.



Figure 5: Overview map of the Great Southern Region



Goldfields and Agricultural Region

The Goldfields and Agricultural Region provided almost 23.5 billion litres of water to more than 39,000 connected properties, including farms, mines, and other enterprises, through 9,650 kilometres of water mains in 2022-23.

The main water supply scheme for the region is the Goldfields and Agricultural Water Supply (GAWS) scheme, where water is sourced from Mundaring Weir near Perth before undergoing treatment at Mundaring Water Treatment Plant. Mundaring Weir is supplemented with desalinated seawater, groundwater, and surface water from Lower Helena Pumpback.

In addition to the GAWS, water is carted to Broad Arrow and Menzies from Kalgoorlie, and the towns of Laverton, Leonora, and Wiluna are supplied from local groundwater sources. Wiluna's groundwater is treated using electro dialysis reversal (EDR) to reduce nitrates, while Leonora's groundwater is treated using Reverse Osmosis (RO) to reduce nitrates, hardness, and total dissolved solids (refer to *How is your water treated?* – *Desalination – Reverse osmosis and Electro dialysis reversal* sections, pages 28 and 29). Laverton has a temporary RO plant to maintain nitrates below guideline value, while a permanent solution is designed.

Chloramination is used in the GAWS to maintain a disinfectant residual across the network. (Refer to *How is your water treated?* – *Disinfection*, page 30).

There are some communities outside the towns who receive water that, although the water has been potable, may no longer be guaranteed to meet the requirements of the ADWG due to the long mains and distance from disinfection; these are called Farmland services or Services by Agreement.

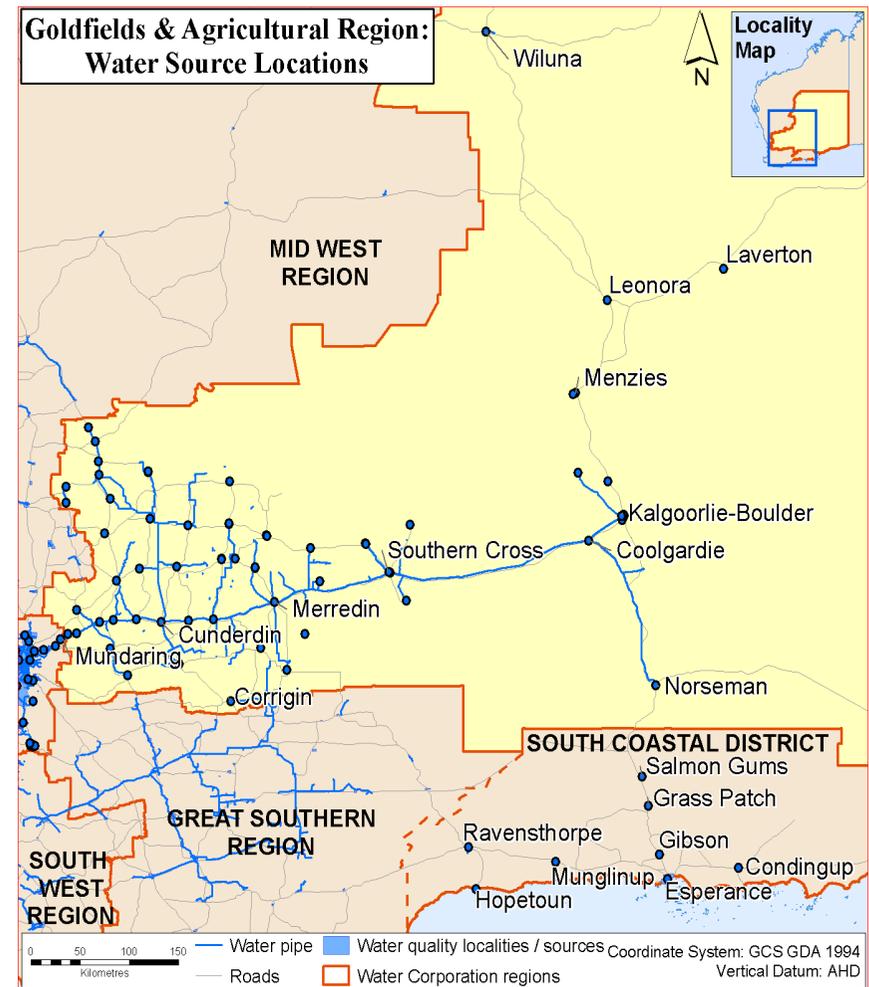


Figure 6: Overview map of the Goldfields and Agricultural Region



Mid West Region

The Mid West Region (MWR) extends along the west coast from Woodridge to Exmouth, 1,130 kilometres north of Perth, and 500 kilometres inland to Sandstone. It is divided into three districts:

- Gascoyne District
- Coastal Midlands District
- Geraldton/Murchison District

Independent, local groundwater borefields from 40 Public Drinking Water Source Areas provide drinking water to 42,000 connected properties in 51 localities through 2,157 kilometres of water mains. The total drinking water supplied from these sources was almost 17 billion litres.

The Coastal Midlands has the highest number of small schemes where supply is sourced from individual borefields. Allanooka borefield, located in the Geraldton/Murchison district (supplying Geraldton and the surrounding towns of Dongara, Northampton, Mullewa, Walkaway, Greenough and Narngulu), Carnarvon, and Exmouth, both located in the Gascoyne district, are the largest schemes.

The three communities of Coomberdale, Nabawa and Yuna, receive water carted from nearby towns. Drinking water is also carted to some communities to maintain supply when schemes experience asset failure or water quality issues.

Gascoyne Junction, Denham and Coral Bay water sources are treated using RO and Jurien Bay has an emergency RO plant while a permanent solution is being developed. Yalgoo, Mt Magnet, Cue, Sandstone and Meekatharra water treatment plants use EDR to remove a number of constituents (refer to *How is your water treated? – Desalination – Reverse osmosis and Electrodialysis reversal* sections on pages 28 and 29).

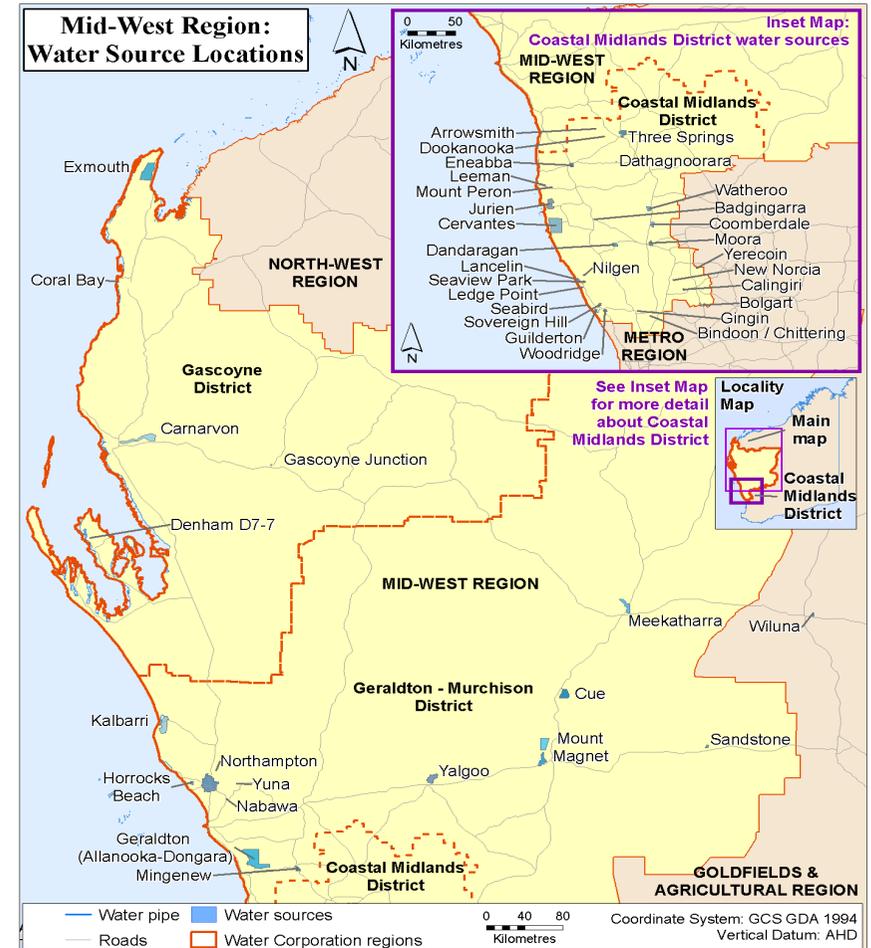
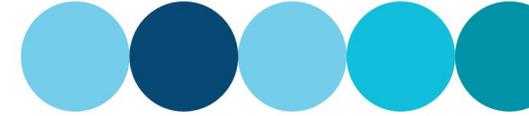


Figure 7: Overview map of the Mid West Region



North West Region

The West Pilbara Water Supply Scheme supplies customers in the towns of Karratha, Dampier, Roebourne, Wickham, Point Samson, Cape Lambert, and the Burrup Peninsula. The scheme has three sources: surface water from Harding Dam, groundwater from the Millstream Aquifer, and the Bungaroo Valley groundwater source (developed by Rio Tinto Iron Ore).

The East Pilbara Water Supply Scheme supplies customers in Port Hedland, South Hedland, Wedgefield Industrial Area, and the local port operations. The scheme is supplied with groundwater from the Yule and De Grey River borefields.

In West Kimberley the towns of Broome, Derby, Camballin, and Fitzroy Crossing are supplied from local groundwater sources.

Kununurra and Halls Creek, located in the East Kimberley district, are supplied by local groundwater sources. Wyndham, also in the East Kimberley, is supplied by surface water from Moochalabra Dam.

Newman is supplied with groundwater via BHP operated borefields and water treatment plant.

Overall, the North West Region supplied more than 39.8 billion litres of drinking water to almost 36,000 connected properties through 1,533 kilometres of water mains in 2022-23.

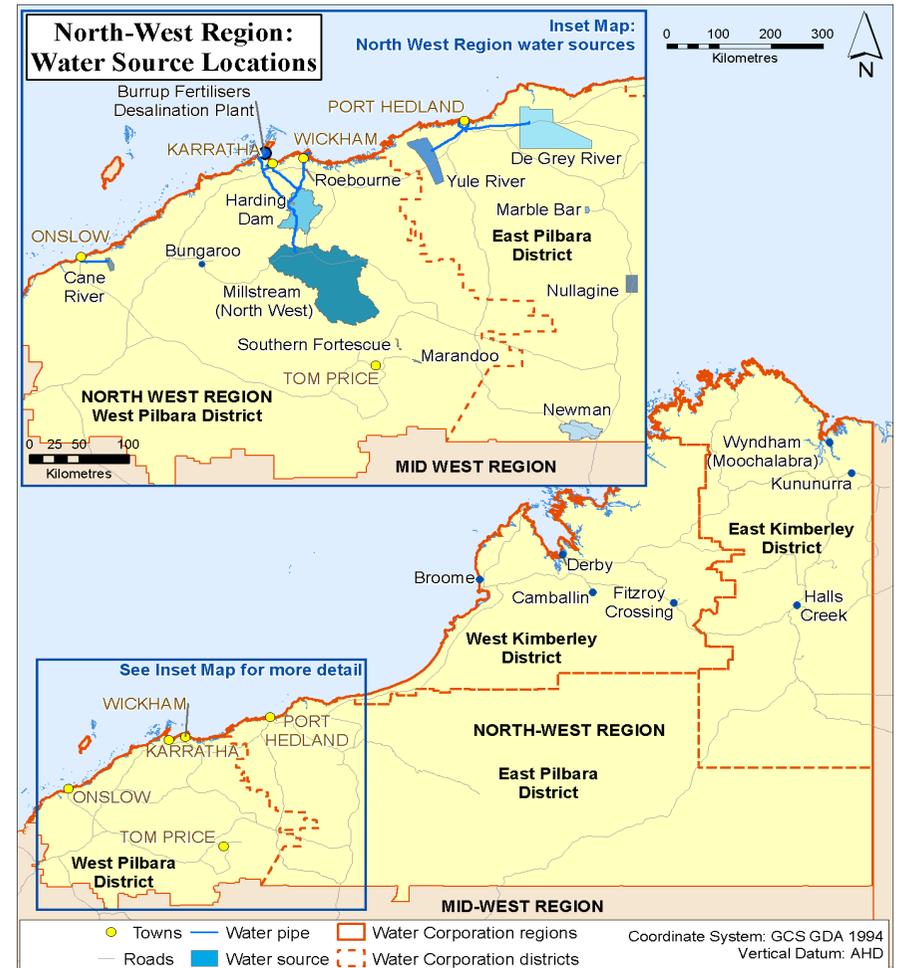


Figure 8: Overview map of the North West Region



Diversifying our sources

We have planned ahead to secure our water supplies in response to climate change, reduced streamflow and expanding population. These plans are based on a three-pronged approach to reduce water use, increase water recycling and develop new water sources such as desalination and groundwater replenishment.

Desalination

Desalination, using RO, is a membrane based treatment. This process was chosen for both the PSDP, which has been operational since November 2006, and the SSDP, that began supply in September 2011.

Desalination was the largest source of water for the IWSS in 2022-23, supplying 31 per cent of the drinking water for Perth (refer to *How is your water treated? – Desalination – Reverse osmosis*, page 28).

Perth Seawater Desalination Plant

The PSDP is located in Kwinana and can produce up to 45 billion litres of drinking water a year.

Southern Seawater Desalination Plant

The SSDP, located in Binningup in the South West, can produce up to 100 billion litres of drinking water a year.

Groundwater replenishment

What is groundwater replenishment?

GWR is the process by which secondary treated wastewater undergoes advanced treatment prior to being recharged into the confined Leederville and Yarragadee aquifers for later use as a drinking water source. Once abstracted, the mixed groundwater will be further treated before being supplied into the IWSS. Figure 10 shows how groundwater replenishment fits in to Perth's water cycle.

The Groundwater Replenishment Scheme (GWRS) in Craigie is the first of its kind in Australia. Similar schemes have been used successfully in other parts of the world, such as Orange County California, USA, since the 1970's. Water recycling schemes are also used to supplement drinking water supplies in Singapore and in Windhoek, Namibia.

Benefits of groundwater replenishment

- Does not rely on rainfall
- Sustainable water source
- Has the potential to recycle large volumes of water
- Equivalent volumes of water can be abstracted from the aquifer while reducing impacts to the environment or other water users.

Stage 1 of GWRS commenced recharge in 2017 and has a nameplate production capacity up to 14 billion litres of recycled water each year.

GWRS Stage 2 commenced full recharge in 2023, effectively doubling the scheme capacity. Water Corporation is licensed to recharge up to 28 billion litres of water each year under the conditions of recharge, providing a climate independent water source.

Further information can be found on [our website](#).



Our water cycle

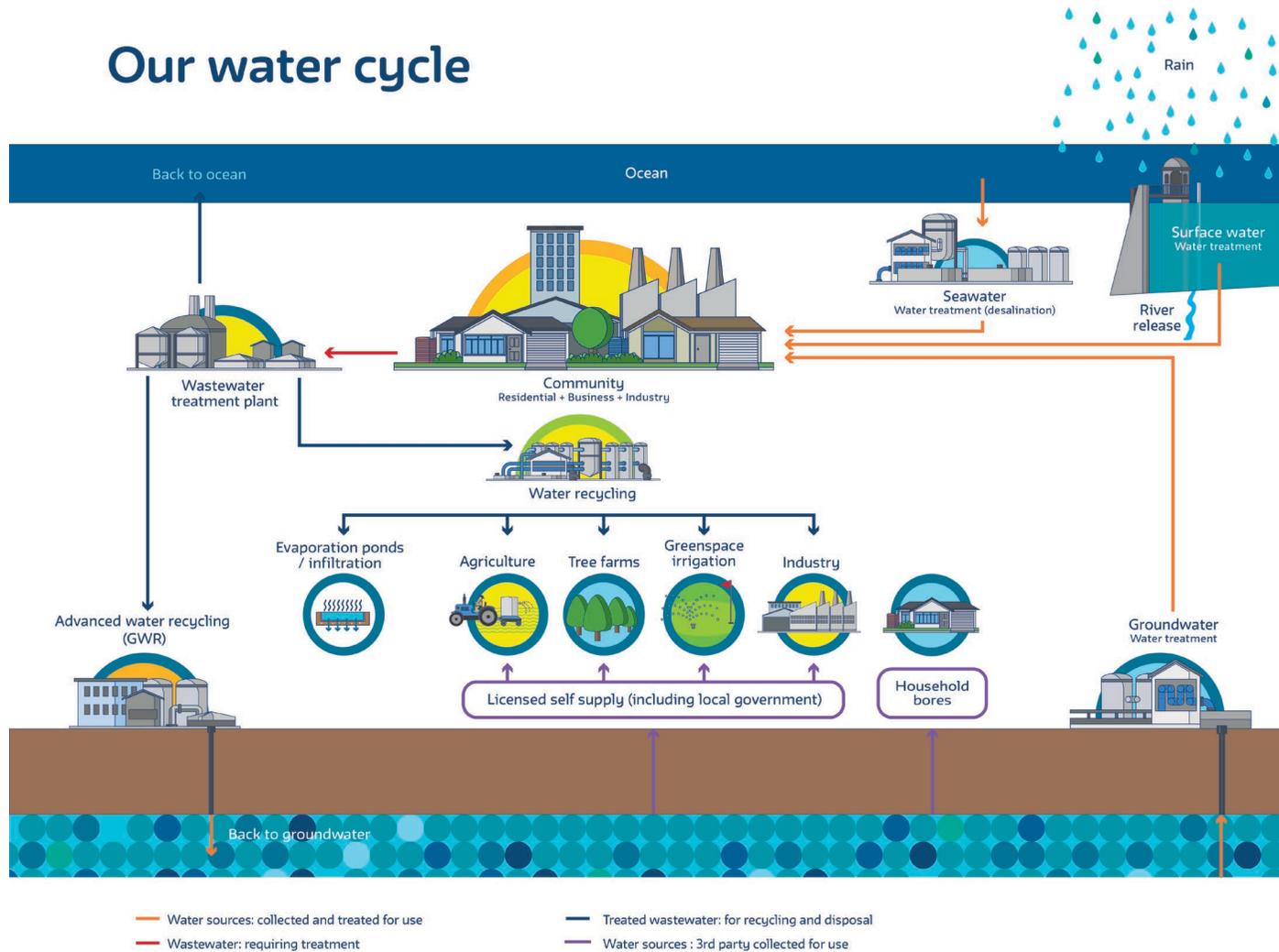
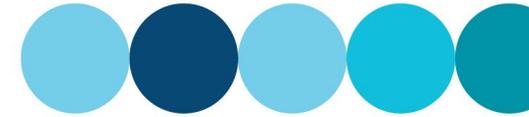


Figure 9: Groundwater replenishment in the water cycle



Drinking water quality risk management

The National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) define the requirements for safe drinking water in Australia through the ADWG. These guidelines include a 12-element framework for best practice management of drinking water supplies (the Framework) designed to integrate all facets of the drinking water quality management and assurance system (refer to figure 10).

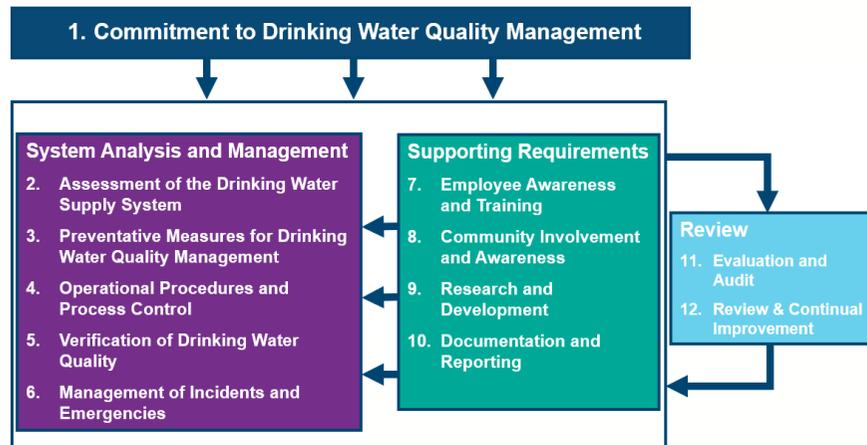


Figure 10: Framework for the management of drinking water quality (ADWG)

Engagement with Department of Health

The DoH regulates drinking water quality in Western Australia. We have an MoU with the DoH which requires us to work towards continual improvement in implementing the ADWG and the Framework. More specifically, it requires us to comply with the microbiological, chemical health and radiological parameters as specified in the ADWG, with exemptions to adherence with the nitrate guidelines in 10 towns in the Mid

West and Goldfields and Agricultural regions (refer to *Understanding water quality test results – Nitrate*, page 35). This forms part of our [Water Services Licence](#) as issued by the Economic Regulation Authority. Along with the DoH, we recognise the practices and processes used to maintain high levels of drinking water quality need to be transparent to the community.

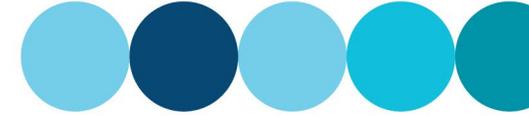
For aesthetic parameters, the MoU states that we should comply as far as practical with the ADWG for non-health related characteristics. It is accepted full compliance with non-health related characteristics may take many years, bearing in mind the significant investment required to achieve this.

The MoU connects all facets of nationally and internationally recognised drinking water guidelines, standards, and quality management systems to ensure the safe and continuous supply of water to our customers. It requires us to notify DoH within 24 hours if monitoring results are outside ADWG health guideline limits or any event occurs which could pose a risk to public health.

We also provide updates to DoH throughout the year, who regularly review our monitoring results and corrective actions (refer to *Monitoring and incident management – Incident response*, page 33).

The MoU provides for the DoH to conduct reviews of the performance of our systems and databases used to manage drinking water quality. In consultation with the Economic Regulation Authority, DoH commission audits in line with our Water Services Licence.

The latest audit was commenced in March 2022 and the abridged report is available on our [website](#).



Engagement with Advisory Committee for the Purity of Water

The Advisory Committee for the Purity of Water (ACPoW) is a non-statutory inter-departmental committee chaired by the DoH. As one core function, ACPoW provides advice to the Ministers for Health and Water on protecting, monitoring, and managing drinking water quality in Western Australia and fosters inter-agency co-operation on related matters. Water Corporation is an active member of ACPoW, utilising it for the ongoing review of our drinking water quality management.

The Advisory Committee created two specialist sub-committees of which Water Corporation are active members – one focussing on source protection and catchment management and the other focusing on drinking water quality management including water sampling, results, and monitoring. Both sub-committees provide additional expertise to review, monitor and advise the committee on any issue affecting drinking water supplies within Western Australia, from water source to water meter.

Multiple barrier approach to drinking water quality management

Preventing contamination and minimising risk is an essential part of providing safe drinking water. The ADWG's guiding principle two states:

“The drinking water system must have, and continuously maintain, robust multiple barriers appropriate to the level of potential contamination facing the raw water supply.”

This approach ensures that if one barrier fails, the effective operation of the other barriers will ensure safe drinking water is maintained throughout the water supply.

Barriers, applied from water source to water meter, are:

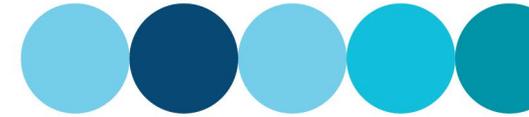
- Protected catchments and groundwater recharge areas (refer to *Source protection*, page 24)
- Large reservoirs with long water detention (storage) times
- Water treatment (refer to *How is your water treated?*, page 27)
- Ensuring tanks and bores are sealed to prevent contamination
- Disinfection of water (refer to *How is your water treated? – Disinfection*, page 30)
- Sealed distribution system and maintenance of chlorine residuals throughout the system.

Some barriers, such as disinfection, are mandatory in every water supply, others are preferred, such as protected catchments and large reservoirs, however additional water treatment barriers are only necessary if the quality of the source water requires it.

We also undertake an annual barrier risk assessment that drives necessary operational and capital improvements.

Barrier risk assessment

Quality operational information and data is critical as it informs our Barrier Risk Assessment (BRA). As a part of this process, we fully review our barrier risks annually but also update as required or when new information becomes available. The BRA details water quality risks associated with each of our drinking water schemes across the state. The data and information collected is critical as it informs how our schemes are performing from a water quality risk perspective. The BRA process assists us with identifying and understanding the need for and prioritisation of capital investments to address the identified risks.



Source protection



Large reservoirs with long detention times



Water treatment



Sealed tanks and bores



Disinfection (chlorination)



Distribution systems protection (including chlorine residuals)

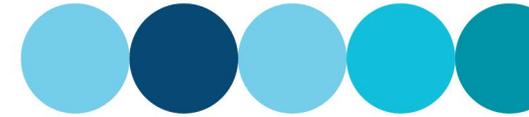
Figure 11: Multiple barriers for drinking water quality protection

Water Safety Plans

A water safety plan is a comprehensive risk management document that lays out all scheme information pertinent to the safety of a drinking water scheme, including a schematic of the system, how the scheme operates, critical control point and minimum sampling requirements, incident management and contacts.

Having a water safety plan for each of our schemes is a large part of implementing the Framework. Our water safety plans provide a comprehensive review of each water supply scheme. Using a systematic risk management approach, we assess the risks to each water supply scheme from water source to water meter. This ensures appropriate preventative measures, and all pertinent barriers are in place and identifies the operational controls necessary to guarantee the safety of our drinking water supplies.

We routinely review all water safety plans to re-evaluate the risks and update any site or treatment details. During 2022-23, 55 water safety plans from schemes across the state were fully reviewed. In addition, 156 water safety plans were updated to include recent capital upgrades and other modifications to those schemes.



Training and awareness

Water Corporation has a mature operator training program which incorporates a detailed online Learning Plan for each operator. It is this plan that allows the business to ensure the right training is being assigned to suit the tasks being performed, and that allocated training is monitored and managed effectively to ensure competence, safety and maintain compliance.

Also central to Water Corporation's operator competence is a nationally recognised water industry certification program (Certificate II, III or IV in Water Industry Operations), a Verification of Competence program, plus overarching training in everything from safety and environment to personal growth and development.

The nationally recognised water industry certification program is developed and delivered entirely inhouse and overseen through an auspicing arrangement with North Metropolitan TAFE as the registered Training Organisation.

A key theme within the certification program is the inclusion of knowledge and skills centred on achieving employee awareness and training as per element seven of the Drinking Water Quality framework (refer to *Drinking water quality risk management*, page 20). General employee awareness of Water Corporation's core business process of providing safe drinking water, is also captured through various initiatives such as the eLearning module 'Water Quality Awareness', which is a mandatory requirement for all staff.

Training is complex and constantly evolving and improving. The complexities include the coordination of all training required across the organisation, sourcing providers, managing compliance and safety, and aligning with external legislation and standards plus internal policy and standards.

Water Corporation constantly strives to be a leader in operational training, and this is borne out in the constant exploration of visual intelligence technologies that can provide hands free point of vision capabilities, and the use of eLearning to supplement existing face-to-face courses with a move towards virtual delivery. Water Corporation is also embarking on a new central operational training hub with an investment in simulated experiential learning and is part of a national benchmarking initiative to test the quality of our operator competence processes and systems.



Source protection

What is source protection and why do we protect our drinking water catchments?

Source protection is the protection and management of our drinking water catchments in a multiple barrier approach to providing safe drinking water to the community.

A drinking water catchment (also termed public drinking water source area (PDWSA)) is an area of land where rainfall collects in rivers and streams that flow into reservoirs, or seeps into the soil to become groundwater where it is stored in underground aquifers. The captured water later becomes drinking water for the community. Our catchments provide a significant natural barrier to contamination.

The ADWG guiding principle one states:

“The greatest risks to consumers of drinking water are pathogenic microorganisms. Protection of water sources and treatment are of paramount importance and must never be compromised.”

By protecting our drinking water at the source, we minimise the risk of contamination and reduce the level of treatment required before it is supplied to the community. Source water protection is a crucial step to ensuring safe, good quality drinking water. The ADWG says:

“prevention of contamination provides greater surety than removal of contaminants by treatment, so the most effective barrier is protection of source water to the maximum degree practical”.

Within Western Australia, PDWSAs are gazetted under the *Metropolitan Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Act 1909* or the *Country Areas*

Water Supply Act 1947. Land development restrictions and by-laws may then be applied to control potentially polluting land uses and activities.

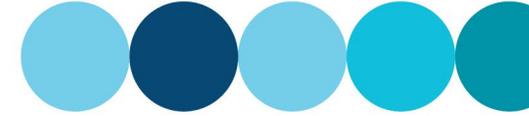
Three priority areas are established within PDWSAs to help guide land management decisions using a risk management approach.

- Priority 1 – the objective is to avoid unnecessary water quality contamination risks,
- Priority 2 – the objective is to minimise water quality contamination risks, and
- Priority 3 – the objective is to manage water quality contamination risks.

Prohibited Zones, such as Reservoir Protection Zones (RPZ), and Wellhead Protection Zones (WHPZ), may also be applied around reservoirs and bores to provide additional protection to those areas closest to the water supply.



Figure 12: Source protection – physical barriers



How we protect our drinking water catchments

Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) is responsible for managing and protecting the state's water resources. The MoU for Drinking Water Source Protection between DWER and Water Corporation delegates the responsibility of catchment surveillance and by-law enforcement to Water Corporation.

We manage approximately 125 drinking water sources (surface water and groundwater) which supply 251 localities across the state. Our [Drinking Water Source Protection Policy](#) guides catchment operations and highlights our commitment to the primacy of drinking water quality over other catchment land uses.

Each of our catchments have a catchment management strategy (CMS), which helps us to know and understand our surface water catchments and borefields. Each CMS includes a comprehensive risk assessment which considers the risks to drinking water quality from land uses and activities within each catchment and recommends measures to prevent drinking water contamination. The CMS also identifies the operational and strategic requirements to ensure the source protection barrier is maintained within a catchment.

Additionally, in accordance with the 2011 ADWG, a process known as risk based observational monitoring (RBOM) is being progressively rolled out within our catchments across the state. RBOM is used to gather semi-

quantitative data which is used to inform operational responses and substantiate source risk levels.

We employ several strategies to effectively undertake drinking water source protection, including catchment surveillance, electronic surveillance (using vehicles, helicopters, and drones), the installation of physical barriers such as boom gates, fencing and signage, raw water sampling and community education.

Surveillance and by-law enforcement are key elements used to control potentially polluting activities in PDWSAs. In 2022-23, approximately 17,600 surveillance hours were undertaken state wide with 117 by-law offence prosecutions, 9 infringements and 686 warning letters issued. Further information on drinking water catchment management and protection can be found on the [visiting our dams](#) or [drinking water quality](#) pages on our website or on the [DWER website](#).

Storage barrier

The reservoir in a surface water catchment acts as a storage barrier. A storage barrier promotes natural processes that reduce microbiological contamination and provides a potential buffer to minimise the impact of inflow variation on the quality of water stored in the reservoir.

Groundwater taken from a confined aquifer, with no linkage to surface water, naturally has large storage and detention times.

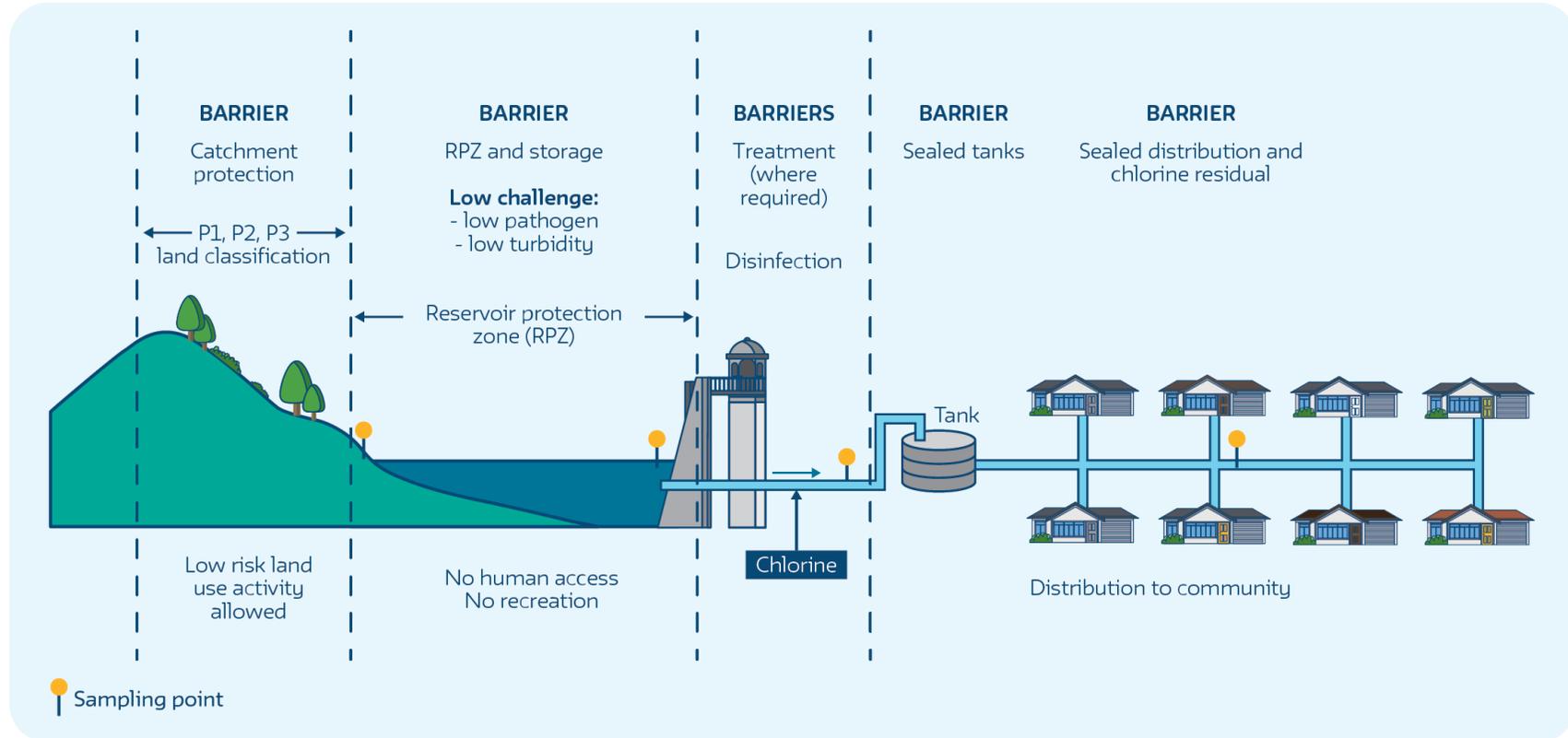
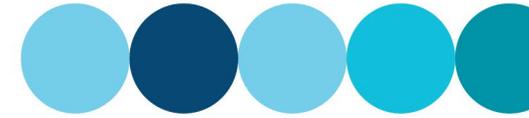
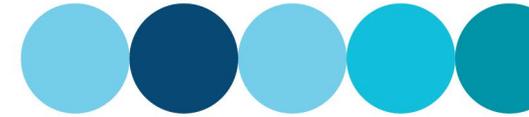


Figure 13: Surface water catchment – showing source (catchment) protection and additional multiple barriers



How is your water treated?

Water treatment

The specific water quality of each source dictates the necessity of water treatment and the type of treatment required. Where water comes from large water bodies or some groundwater supplied by fully protected catchment areas, very little treatment is required – often just disinfection (as per figure 15). In other cases, more intensive treatment processes may be required to ensure the drinking water delivered to every house is safe and aesthetically pleasing. From a water safety perspective, water treatment is one of the possible barriers in a multiple barrier approach to the management of our water supplies.

Groundwater, which is pumped from underground aquifers, can be treated to remove dissolved gases, iron, manganese, colour and turbidity using a combination of oxidation, coagulation, flocculation, filtration and clarification. In Perth, groundwater treatment plants at Jandakot, Wanneroo, Lexia, Mirrabooka, Neerabup and Gwelup oxidise the water (via aeration and/or chlorination) to increase the amount of dissolved oxygen and remove both carbon dioxide and hydrogen sulphide, and also to precipitate iron and manganese. A coagulant (alum) is also added which increases the settling of fine particles caused by iron and natural organic matter. Clarified water then passes through sand filters to remove

any remaining particles. Similar processes occur in many country water schemes.

A crystallisation technology is used to reduce hardness (soften the water) at Neerabup Groundwater Treatment Plant.

Naturally occurring organic substances add colour to the water, which can increase taste and odour and provide precursors for disinfection by-products. Since 2001, we have used a water treatment technology known as MIEX® (magnetic ion exchange) to prevent an intermittent “swampy” odour that used to occur in treated groundwater supplied to Perth’s northern suburbs. Unlike conventional processes, MIEX® resin more effectively removes dissolved organic carbon, the source of potential odour and taste, from drinking water.

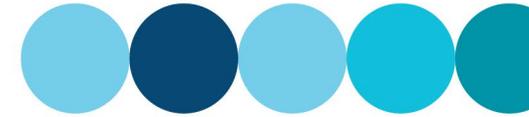
Ultra-filtration

Ultra-filtration (UF) treatment is where source water is forced through a membrane. It is designed to remove suspended solids, bacteria, viruses and other pathogens to produce water with very high purity.

UF is being used to treat water at Wyndham, Harding Dam, Pemberton, Denmark, Walpole, Gascoyne Junction, Frankland, Hopetoun, and Ravensthorpe.



Figure 14: Example of a basic water treatment process. *(see Fluoridation section for those towns that have fluoride added to their water)



Desalination – Reverse osmosis (RO)

Seawater desalination is the removal of salt and impurities from seawater to produce fresh water. Our desalination plants use an RO process. Seawater is pumped into the desalination plant from the ocean and passes through pre-treatment filtration to remove the majority of large and small particles.

The filtered seawater is then forced under pressure through semi-permeable membranes which reverses the osmosis process as it occurs in nature. The pores in the membranes are so tiny that salt, bacteria, viruses and other impurities are separated from the seawater; in essence they act like microscopic strainers. About half of the water that enters the plant from the sea becomes drinking water. The salt and other impurities removed from the seawater are then returned to the ocean via diffusers,

which ensure it mixes quickly to prevent impacts to the marine environment.

The desalinated water is then further treated to meet drinking water standards before it reaches our customers. Water Corporation has two large desalination plants, PSDP and SSDP which contributed 31 per cent of Perth's water in 2022-23 (refer to *Where does your water come from – Perth Metropolitan Region*, page 11)

RO is also being used to treat brackish (saline) groundwater at Denham, Gascoyne Junction, Coral Bay, Hopetoun and Jurien Bay to improve water quality. We also have RO plants at Leonora and Laverton primarily to reduce nitrates (refer to *Understanding water quality test results – Nitrate*, page 35).

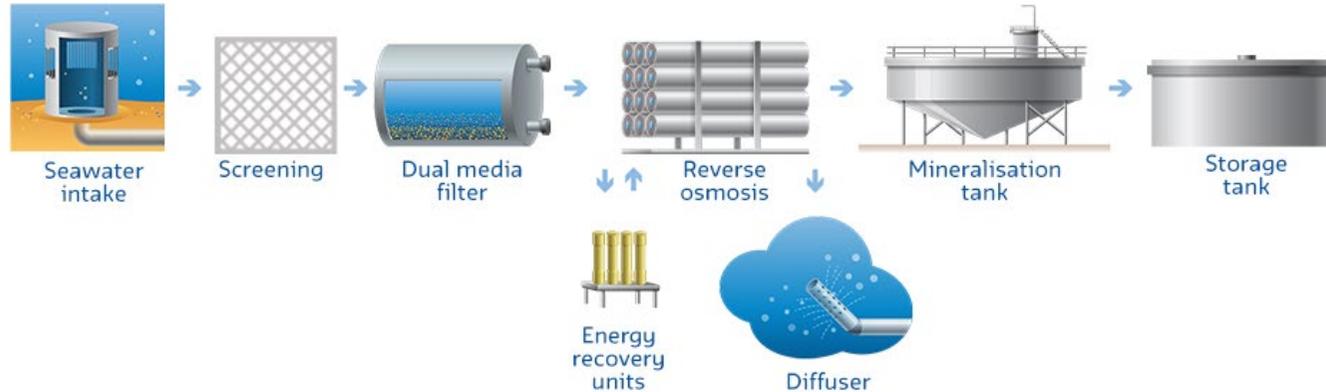
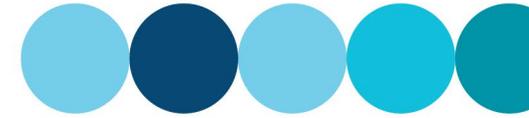


Figure 15: Typical desalination treatment process



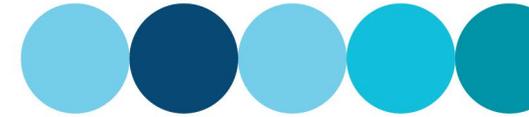
Electrodialysis reversal

EDR is a water treatment process in which electricity is applied to immersed electrodes to pull the naturally occurring dissolved salts through ion selective membranes, thus separating the water from the salts (the 'electrodialysis' part of EDR). The process produces a stream of fresh water and a much smaller flow containing the concentrated salts. The voltage on the electrodes is reversed every 15 minutes to reduce fouling of the membranes (the 'reversal' part of EDR).

EDR is an effective tool for removing nitrate and has the side-benefit of reducing water salinity and hardness (improving water taste and soap lathering). As it only removes 'charged' particles, such as salts (NO_3^- , Na^+), from water, EDR does not remove micro-organisms or most naturally occurring organic compounds that could be present in the water. A separate water treatment step is required for this purpose. EDR is being used at Wiluna, Yalgoo, Mt Magnet Cue, Sandstone, and Meekatharra.



Figure 16: Mt Magnet EDR plant – feed pump and chemical dosing



Water treatment for groundwater replenishment

Wastewater undergoes treatment at Beenyup Water Resource Recovery Facility before entering the Advanced Water Recycling Plant (AWRP). This treatment facilitates the removal of most chemicals and microorganisms such as nutrients, detergents, heavy metals and bacteria.

Treatment at the AWRP (as shown in figure 17) further reduces the levels of chemicals and microorganisms so that it meets, and in many cases exceeds, drinking water standards. Throughout the treatment process, the water is monitored to ensure strict water quality guidelines are met.

The water is then recharged into an aquifer where it mixes with the existing groundwater. Further treatment then occurs when it is abstracted for drinking water use.

Water quality monitoring

We have systems, processes and regulations to ensure groundwater replenishment does not put public health or the environment at risk. These include:

- Water quality checkpoints (also known as critical control points) to ensure each stage of the plant works at an optimum level.
- If the water is not treated to a safe level when it reaches a checkpoint, the treatment process shuts down and water is diverted to the ocean outfall.
- The DoH set very strict water quality guidelines that the recycled water must meet at the point of recharge and in the aquifers.
- Independent, accredited laboratories test water quality samples to ensure they meet guidelines.
- Groundwater monitoring provides long-term evaluation of water and aquifer quality, as well as providing immediate notification to any changes to the groundwater environment.

- Independent third-party review of performance to ensure the quality management systems are operating to a level of best practice.

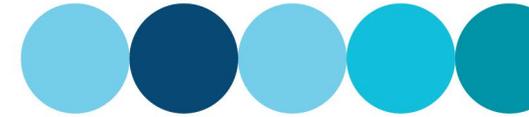
Disinfection

Disinfection is undertaken to inactivate pathogenic microorganisms that can cause disease. All our drinking water supply schemes are disinfected with chlorine to protect us against waterborne pathogenic microorganisms. Chlorine is added to our water supplies in sufficient quantities for disinfection and to ensure a residual of chlorine or chloramine is maintained, within a narrow range in the water. This ensures ongoing disinfection in the distribution system, with a minimal effect on the taste of our water.

Chloramination involves the use of chlorine and ammonia to produce chloramine, which is a longer lasting disinfectant compared to chlorine alone. Chloramination is used extensively in the GAWSS to maintain a disinfectant residual along the length of the extensive pipe network.

Ultraviolet (UV) light is used at some water treatment plants across the state for additional disinfection where there are increased microbiological risks from activities in the catchment. UV does not provide a residual disinfection barrier, so it is always used in combination with chlorination.

Some schemes also use physical barriers, including media filtration or ultrafiltration, to remove pathogens from the treated water as an additional disinfection step where bulk pathogens may be present. Filtration does not provide a residual disinfection barrier, so it is always used in combination with chlorination.



Advanced water treatment process

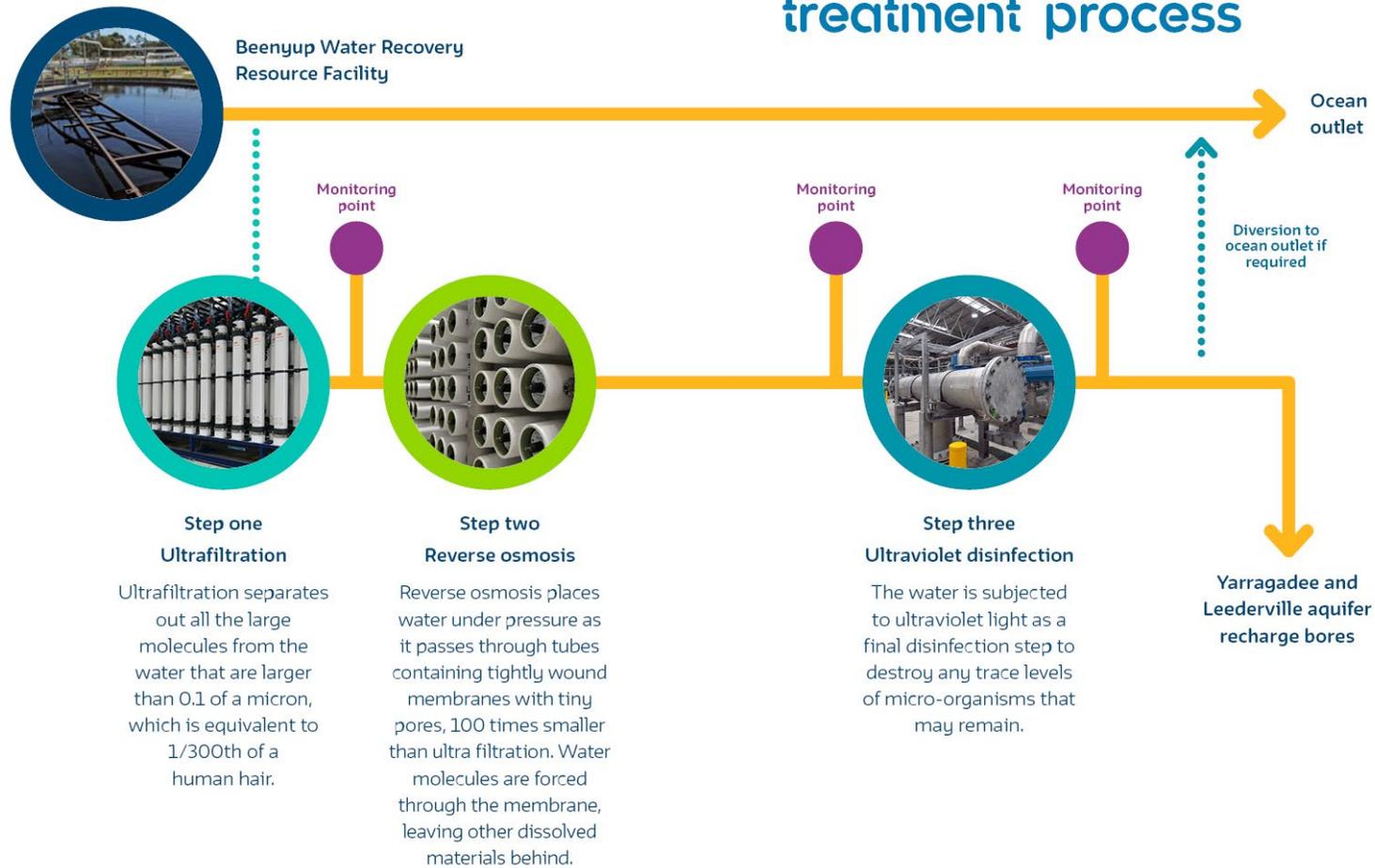
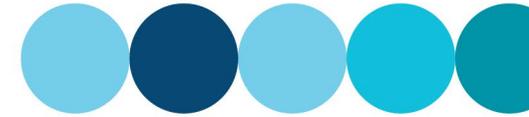


Figure 17: Advanced water treatment process



Fluoridation

In Western Australia, fluoridation of community water supplies is regulated by the *Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Act 1966*, which is administered by DoH. The Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Advisory Committee oversees fluoridation and makes recommendations to the Minister for Health who may issue or rescind directives as appropriate.

Community water fluoridation is an important, cost-effective public health measure which plays a critical role in reducing dental decay and improving oral health.

Fluoridation of community water supplies is backed by authoritative health research agencies and government bodies worldwide, including the World Health Organization, the Australian Dental Association, the Australian Medical Association and the National Health and Medical Research Council.

Water fluoridation was introduced in Western Australia in 1968. Today, the vast majority of the WA population is provided with fluoridated drinking water, principally in the Perth metropolitan area and most regional centres, as well as a number of smaller communities supplied from the same source or treatment plant as regional centres. Fluoridation is undertaken to provide fluoride levels in the water within a narrow, required range specified by a directive.

The water fluoridation process involves adding either fluorosilicic acid or sodium fluoride, in a controlled manner, to result in fluoride levels within

the required range. Purity and quality control standards for chemicals added to drinking water are strictly controlled by DoH.

Fluoridated water supplies are monitored continuously via an online fluoride analyser at the dosing point. Localities at which fluoride is added to the water are sampled at least weekly to confirm acceptable fluoridation performance, while other localities are sampled at least six monthly.

Some regional centres in WA have naturally occurring levels of fluoride in the water supply. In Dunsborough, fluoride is naturally high in the raw water and needs to be maintained below ADWG health guidelines through bore blending and de-fluoridation if required.

Fluoridation performance is reported quarterly to the DoH. The data tables in Appendix C show the localities that receive fluoridated water. More information is available on the [DoH website](#).

Chemicals and materials in contact with drinking water

The MoU between DoH and Water Corporation requires all chemicals and materials that come into contact with drinking water are approved by DoH or are ¹AS4020 compliant. In addition, Water Corporation may utilise a self-assessment process, as agreed with DoH, and provide all information associated with the self-assessment to DoH.

All chemicals and materials that are approved to be used in the provision of drinking water are listed on the [DoH website](#).

¹ AS/NZS 4020:2018 – Testing of products for use in contact with drinking water.



Monitoring and incident management

Verification monitoring

In accordance with the ADWG, we run an extensive drinking water quality monitoring program to confirm the safety of the water we provide. In 2022-23, we took more than 72,700 water samples from water sources, treatment plants and pipe networks which supply our customers, and had more than 345,000 individual analyses performed by our contracted analytical laboratories.

All our water quality monitoring and reporting is coordinated through our water quality management system (WQMS). WQMS provides many aspects of water quality management and acts as the central database for all information on drinking water quality including sampling program design, sampling analysis, monitoring, and reporting.

Additionally, WQMS automatically issues alerts for results outside guideline and operational limits and prompts remedial action as defined by our water safety plans.

Critical control points

A critical control point (CCP) is a point in a drinking water supply scheme where control of a process can be applied and which is essential to prevent a hazard or reduce it to an acceptable level.

Water Corporation has processes in a water supply scheme that will always have an associated CCP. Every Water Corporation drinking water scheme has at least one CCP, including any process used for pathogen removal i.e., chlorination, UV, and filtration (refer to *Disinfection*, page 30). Water quality CCP operational targets and limits are formally set through the water safety planning process and listed in the water safety plan for

each scheme (refer to *Drinking water quality risk management - Water safety plans*, page 22).

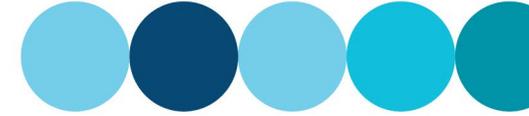
We continuously monitor the performance of CCPs based on set target levels. Where issues are identified we strive to improve barrier robustness and performance.

Incident response

We are committed to protecting our water sources and supply schemes with multiple barriers and have plans in place to manage any issues with minimum impacts on water quality and the community.

We maintain a fleet of mobile UF and chlorination plants which allow us to rapidly restore high quality drinking water supplies. Our UF plants can be mobilised quickly to provide a minimum of 500,000 litres of high quality drinking water per day. Other treatment units, including an RO unit, are available for specialised applications.

In addition, we conduct incident scenarios with DoH to continually improve our incident management processes. These incident scenarios provide the opportunity for Water Corporation and DoH to work together through a mock event considering roles and responsibilities, possible responses to the event and technical and operational support that may be required from each agency. We conducted one such scenario this year specifically targeting form, function and efficacy of the joint agency team, and communications arrangements during a major event. It provided confidence that both agencies have the capability and capacity to deliver the appropriate outcomes if such an event were to occur.



Understanding water quality test results

The following summaries are intended to assist you with interpreting the results presented in Appendix C of this report. Additional information can be obtained by referring to the Fact Sheets contained in the ADWG published by the National Health and Medical Research Council.

The tables in Appendix A show the ²guideline values for all parameters included in the *Summary of test results* tables in Appendix C. For the purposes of this report, all data are assessed in relation to the ADWG unless otherwise stated.

Escherichia coli (*E. coli*)

Most human pathogenic microorganisms are found in the gut and faeces of humans and other warm-blooded animals. The bacteria *E. coli* is found in abundance in the intestine of humans and other warm-blooded animals. While most *E. coli* species are not pathogenic to humans, they indicate possible recent contamination by human or animal faecal waste. As it is impractical to test for the presence of all pathogenic microorganisms in water, the ADWG recommends testing for the microbial indicator bacterium *E. coli* to indicate the presence of faecal contamination or pathogenic organisms.

We employ a multiple barrier approach (refer to page 21) to prevent microbial contamination of water supplies, however, if there is an *E. coli* detection it is immediately addressed to ensure the water supplied is safe.

² ADWG defines these as the concentration or measure of a water quality characteristic that, based on present knowledge, either does not result in any

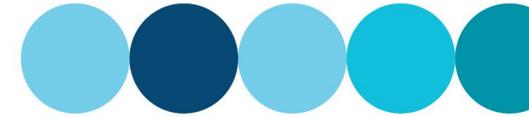
Thermophilic *Naegleria*

Naegleria are free living amoebae which are almost ubiquitous, being found in fresh water, soils and sediments. It is not associated with human waste. They grow more freely in waters between 27 to 46°C but may survive for long periods in cyst form in much colder waters and, under certain conditions, may proliferate in pipework and tanks. As they proliferate in warmer water they are referred to as thermophilic or *Naegleria* tolerant to 42°C. This organism is safe to drink but the species *Naegleria fowleri* can cause the disease primary amoebic meningoencephalitis if it enters the body, under pressure, through the nose. Adequate levels of chlorine or chloramine can control *Naegleria* in water. Any detection of thermophilic *Naegleria* is responded to immediately to ensure the potential risk to public health is managed and to ensure the water supplied is safe.

Fluoride

Fluorine is one of the most abundant elements in the Earth's crust and is typically found as the fluoride ion or as organic or inorganic fluoride compounds. It is found naturally in groundwater supplies and is present in most food and beverage products and toothpaste. Additional fluoride is added to a number of water supplies in Western Australia as directed by the Minister for Health (refer to *How is your water treated? - Fluoridation*, page 32). While the ADWG health guideline value is 1.5 mg/L, the fluoride concentration after dosing should not exceed the range set by the Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Advisory Committee, to a maximum limit of 1 mg/L.

significant risk to the health of the consumer (health guideline), or is associated with good quality water (aesthetic guideline value).



Nitrate

In Western Australia, elevated nitrate concentrations are usually due to the natural process of plant decay that has occurred underground over geological time. Some agricultural practices have also led to elevated nitrate concentrations of underlying groundwater. The ADWG specify a health guideline for nitrate of 50 mg/L (as nitrate) for bottle-fed infants less than three months old and a guideline of 100 mg/L (as nitrate) for adults and children over three months old. Health effects due to elevated nitrate concentrations in drinking water are very rare and no issues have been recorded in Western Australia.

All our water supplies meet the ADWG guideline limit for adults and children over three months. We currently have infant nitrate exemptions from DoH for 10 towns in the Mid West and Goldfields and Agricultural regions, including: Wiluna, Yalgoo, Leonora, Laverton, Menzies, Cue, Meekatharra, Mt Magnet, Sandstone and New Norcia (see Schedule 2 of our [MoU with DoH](#)). The Community Health Nurse, in each town with an infant nitrate compliance exemption, provides advice to mothers regarding the use of alternative water for the preparation of bottle feeds. We provide bottled water free of charge via the Community Health Nurse to these towns as required.

We have been progressively reducing nitrate in most of the water supply in these towns. Wiluna, Yalgoo, Leonora, Cue, Meekatharra, Sandstone, and Mt Magnet have treatment by EDR or RO to reduce nitrates. Laverton has a temporary RO plant, while engineering is underway to plan a long-term solution. Menzies continues to have water carted from Kalgoorlie. Nitrate exemptions will be surrendered following a proving period for each scheme. In New Norcia, we are in communication with DoH and the customers on this issue.

Trihalomethanes

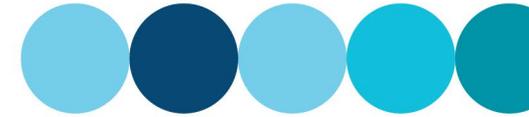
Trihalomethanes (THMs) may be present in drinking water, forming as a by-product of disinfection using chlorination (and chloramination to a much lesser extent). We are required to comply with the ADWG health guideline of 0.25 mg/L expressed as an average long-term exposure. For the purposes of this report, THM compliance is assessed comparing the guideline with the mean annual THM concentration.

Alkalinity (as calcium carbonate)

Alkalinity is a measure of the parameters in water that have acid-neutralising ability, typically expressed in mg/L of equivalent calcium carbonate. Alkalinity can be affected by naturally occurring minerals or water treatment chemicals. There are no aesthetic or health considerations for alkalinity, and therefore the ADWG do not provide a guideline value.

Aluminium (acid-soluble)

Acid-soluble aluminium in water primarily originates from the addition of coagulants such as aluminium sulphate or poly-aluminium chloride in the water treatment process. These coagulants are added to aid the removal of constituents that impart colour and particulate matter that causes turbidity. Aluminium can accumulate in pipe sediments and be re-suspended during periods of rapid changes to flow patterns. The ADWG specify an aesthetic guideline of 0.2 mg/L. No health guideline is set.



Chloride

Chloride is present in natural waters from the dissolution of salt deposits. In surface water, the concentration of chloride is typically less than 100 mg/L while groundwater can have higher concentrations, particularly if there is saltwater intrusion. In Australian drinking water supplies, chloride levels range up to 650 mg/L depending on local water source characteristics.

Chloride is essential for humans and animals. It contributes to the osmotic activity of body fluids. Based on aesthetic considerations, the chloride concentration in drinking water should not exceed 250 mg/L (ADWG).

Hardness (as calcium carbonate)

Hardness is caused by the presence of dissolved calcium and magnesium in water. Hard water requires more soap to obtain lather and can also cause scale to form on hot water pipes and fittings. It can also be an important issue to consider when purchasing appliances, such as dishwashers. The ADWG specify an aesthetic hardness guideline of 200 mg/L.

Table 1: ADWG guidance – Degrees of hardness

Hardness (mg/L)	Properties
< 60	soft and possibly corrosive (depends on pH, alkalinity and dissolved oxygen concentration)
60 – 200	good quality for all domestic uses
200 – 500	will increase scale formation
> 500	will cause a high-level scaling

Iron

Iron occurs naturally in water as a result of contact with iron-containing soil or rock in the catchment. It can accumulate in pipe sediments and be re-suspended during periods of rapid changes to water flow patterns. Elevated concentrations cause discoloured water and can stain laundry. The ADWG specify an aesthetic guideline of 0.3 mg/L, though we aim to manage below this guideline value due to customer impacts.

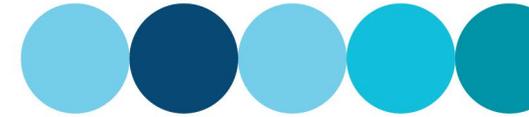
Manganese

Manganese in water can come from contact with manganese-containing soil or rock in the catchment. It can accumulate in pipe sediments and be re-suspended during periods of rapid changes to water flow patterns.

Elevated manganese can make water look black and stain laundry. The ADWG specify an aesthetic guideline of 0.1 mg/L, though we aim to manage below this guideline due to customer impacts. Manganese also has a health guideline value of 0.5mg/L. For further information regarding guideline levels for other metals relevant to drinking water, refer to Appendix A, page 46.

Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances

Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) are manufactured chemicals that do not occur naturally in the environment. They have been used since the 1950s in a range of common household products including clothing, carpets, paper, food wrappings and cosmetic products as well as in industrial products including firefighting foams and hydraulic fluids. As a result of widespread use, PFAS have been found to be present in low levels in soils, surface water and groundwater in most urban areas around the world, including in Western Australia.



In August 2018, the ADWG were amended to incorporate two PFAS health-based guideline values for three PFAS chemicals. These are 0.07 micrograms per litre ($\mu\text{g/L}$) for combined perfluorooctane sulfonate and perfluorohexane sulfonate (PFOS and PFHxS) and 0.56 $\mu\text{g/L}$ for perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).

Most Water Corporation drinking water source catchments are well protected and exclude activities that may introduce PFAS into the drinking water. However, we have conducted a risk assessment, in conjunction with DoH, based on land uses and source characteristics for all drinking water catchments to determine which are more likely to have the presence of PFAS. We are undertaking a targeted PFAS sampling program across our catchments and reporting sampling results to the DoH and DWER.

Since PFAS sampling commenced in 2019-20, detections have generally occurred at locations where land uses have been less compatible with comprehensive water source protection. At these locations water is managed to maintain supply to customers below ADWG health guideline levels. Further information can be found on the [Water Corporation website](#).

We have also engaged with research partners to better understand the risks associated with PFAS.

pH

pH is a measure of water acidity (pH 7 is neutral). The ADWG specify a lower and upper aesthetic value of 6.5 and 8.5, respectively. The guidelines allow for a pH of up to 9.2 for new concrete tanks and cement-lined pipes, which can significantly increase the pH for a short period of time. Elevated pH is often caused by calcium carbonate leaching from the protective cement lining of the pipes after long transit times, or pH may be specifically adjusted as part of chloramine disinfection (refer to *How is*

your water treated? – Disinfection, page 30). These conditions may be found at a number of localities in our large water supply schemes. Where low pH is experienced, this is typically a consequence of the source characteristic rather than the influence of treatment. Buffering is a treatment process that stabilises the pH of the water.

Silica

In Australia, dissolved silica can range between 0.6 mg/L in some surface waters to 110 mg/L in ground waters. Dissolved silica can precipitate on some surfaces forming a white residue. In cases where customer complaints occur due to scale build-up, water hardness and silica concentrations are often identified as the primary cause. There are no adverse health considerations associated with silica in drinking water, but to minimise scale build up on surfaces silica should not exceed 80 mg/L (ADWG).

Sodium

Sodium is widespread in water due to the high solubility of sodium salts and the abundance of mineral deposits. In major Australian reticulated supplies, sodium concentrations range from 3 mg/L to 300 mg/L. While sodium is essential to human life, there is no agreed minimum daily intake level. Based on aesthetic considerations, the concentration of sodium in drinking water should not exceed 180 mg/L (ADWG).

Total Dissolved Solids

Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) consist of inorganic (natural) salts and small amounts of organic matter dissolved in water. TDS typically comprise sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, chloride, sulphate, bicarbonate, carbonate, silica, organic matter, fluoride, iron, manganese, nitrate, and phosphate.



Water with low TDS can taste flat, while water with high TDS tastes salty and causes scaling in pipes, fittings, and household appliances. The ADWG provide guidance in the palatability of drinking water according to TDS concentration, as shown in Table 2.

Table 2: ADWG guidance – TDS concentration and drinking water palatability

TDS (mg/L)	Palatability
0 – 600	Good quality
600 – 900	Fair quality
900 – 1200	Poor quality
> 1200	Unpalatable

The ADWG guideline of 600 mg/L is based on taste.

True colour

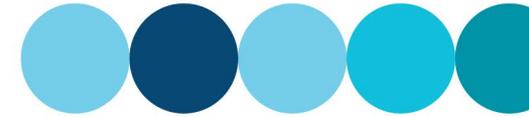
Colour in water originates mainly from natural materials, such as organic matter and minerals, following water drainage through soil and vegetation in a catchment. Corroding metal pipes can also discolour the water, with iron producing a brownish colour and copper a faint blue colour. The ADWG specify an aesthetic guideline of 15 Hazen Units. Water Corporation measures true colour in True Colour Units (TCU) which are numerically identical to Hazen Units. As a guide, 15 TCU is just noticeable in a glass of water.

Turbidity

Turbidity is the cloudy appearance of water caused by the presence of suspended particulate matter. The ADWG specify an aesthetic guideline of 5 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU) which is just noticeable in a glass of water.

Sampling parameters

Appendix A contains a list of regularly sampled parameters within functional groups and their respective health and/or aesthetic guideline values.



Our performance

Health related performance

In 2022-23 we achieved a microbiological performance of 99.6 per cent of localities complying with *E. coli* and 100 per cent for thermotolerant *Naegleria* requirements (see figure 18). We had a non-compliance associated with an *E. coli* detection in one locality (refer to data tables in Appendix C for details). Response protocols implemented in accordance with DoH requirements demonstrated continuous supply of safe drinking water to the locality.

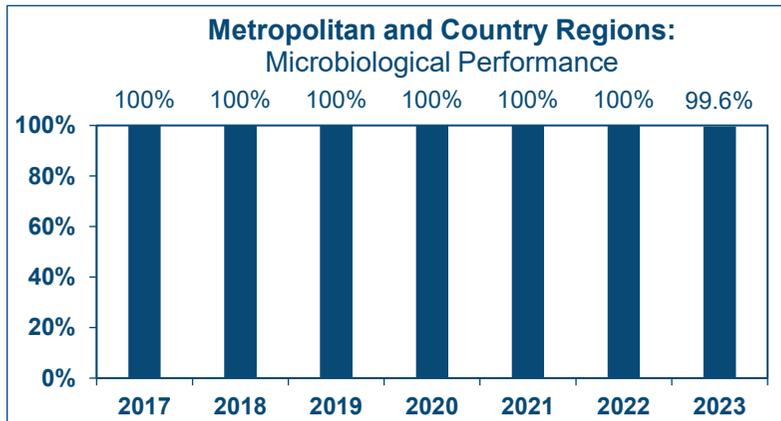


Figure 18: Seven-year microbiological (*E. Coli* and *Naegleria*) performance

We achieved 100 per cent for chemical health performance (see figure 19). For this report, the target is achieved if the yearly average concentration for each chemical is less than the guideline value (refer to *Understanding water quality test results*, page 34).

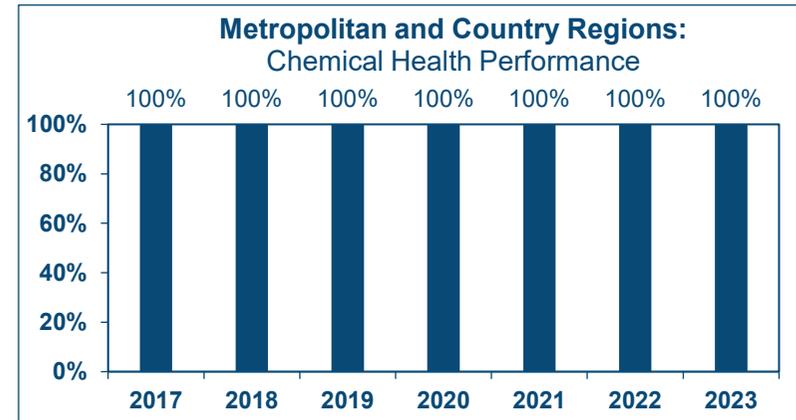


Figure 19: Seven-year chemical health performance

In 2022-23 we had a non-compliance associated with a radiological performance criterion in one locality (refer to data tables in Appendix C for details). Response protocols implemented in accordance with DoH requirements demonstrated continuous supply of safe drinking water to the locality.

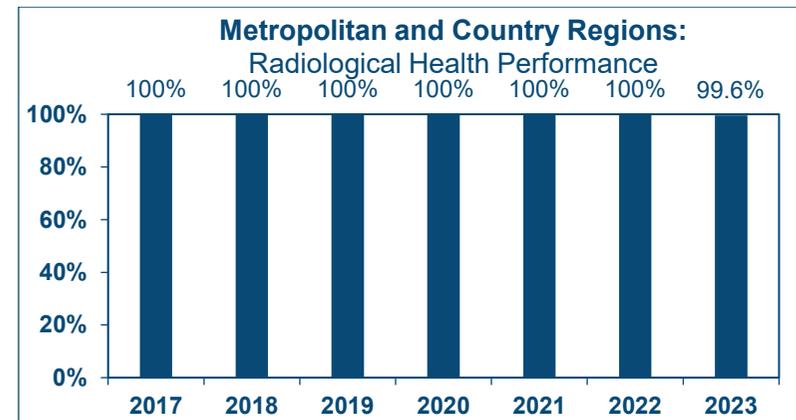
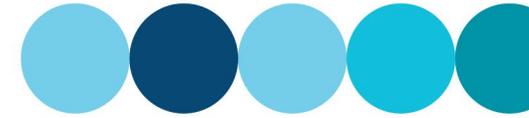


Figure 20: Seven-year radiological health performance



Non-health (aesthetic) related performance

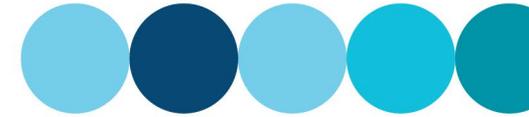
While we strive to meet the ADWG for aesthetic characteristics, this is very difficult to achieve in a state as vast as Western Australia with such diverse water sources. We are committed to improving all aspects of drinking water quality, however, improvements in aesthetic water quality can be very costly and are often hard to achieve.

Detailed performance review for 2022-23

Appendix C provides a detailed summary of test results for each scheme throughout the state. In 2022-23, there were 162 out of 251 schemes where the mean concentration for the year for all aesthetic parameters was less than the aesthetic guidelines. Our performance for all aesthetic analyses (alkalinity, aluminium, true colour, hardness, iron, manganese, pH, TDS, turbidity, sodium, chloride and silica) across our 251 schemes was 93 per cent, with 8,649 out of 9,328 analyses complying with the aesthetic guidelines.

The results in Appendix C show a small number of exceedances above the guidelines in aesthetic quality. These exceedances are caused by the unique quality of local sources, lack of alternative sources, impact of the drying climate on groundwater production and abstraction from groundwater in proximity to the coast.

For many schemes, these excursions have no, or minimal, influence on the taste of the drinking water (refer to *Understanding water quality test results*, page 34).



Customer expectations

Customer contacts

Water quality related customer contacts (enquiries and complaints) are recorded and monitored continuously to identify any trends and areas for improvement. In 2022-23, our Operations Centre received 7,224 water quality related customer contacts (compared with 7,154 in 2021-22), of which 7,159 were customer enquiries and 65 were related to complaints. Figure 21 shows the category of water quality contacts and their proportion of the total (7,224). Note: miscellaneous contacts are predominately related to water hardness).

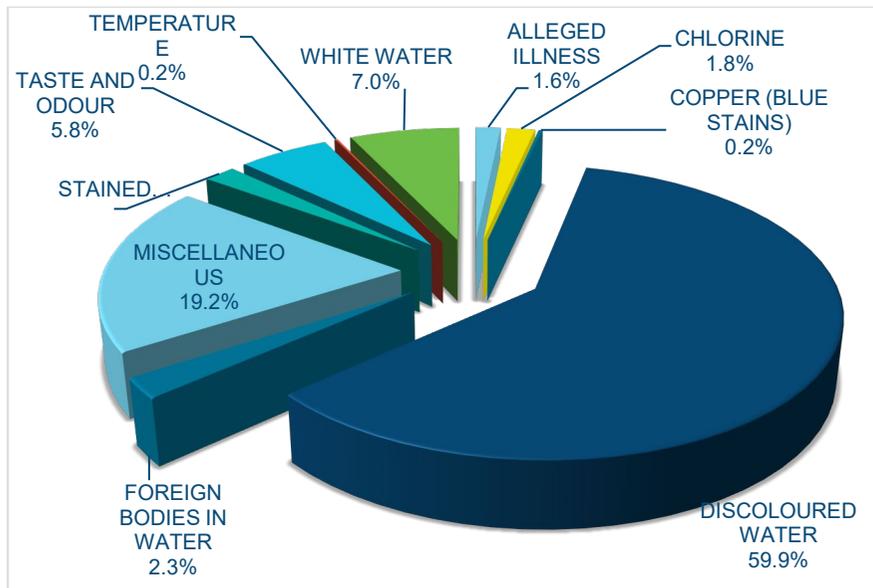


Figure 21: Water quality contacts profile 2022-23 (N=7,224)

Faults responsiveness

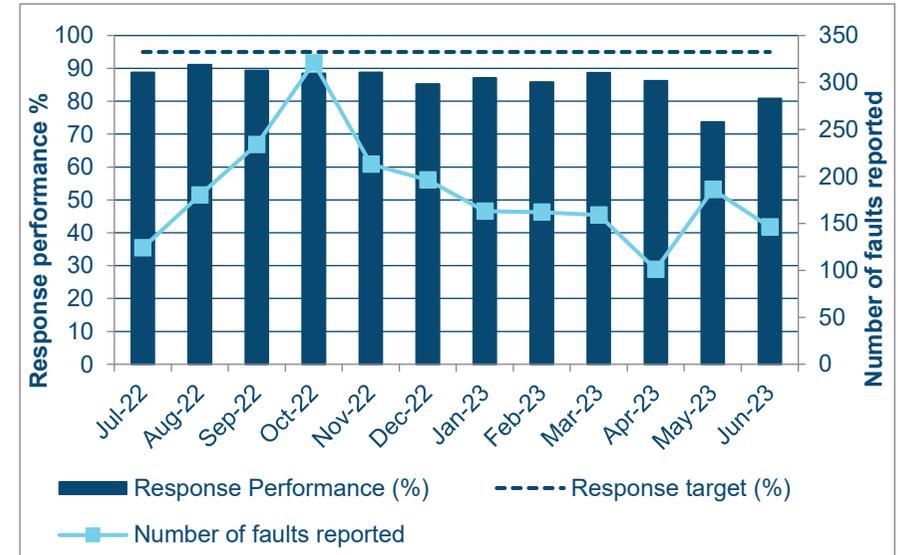
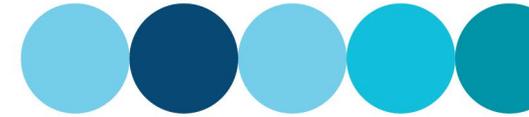


Figure 22: State-wide response performance to water quality faults

For contacts related to water quality faults our customer charter states we will respond within two hours or at an agreed time. We have an agreed customer and business target to achieve this at least 95 per cent of the time. We responded to an average of 86.4 per cent of recorded faults within two hours or at an agreed time (as shown in figure 22, the state-wide monthly faults responsiveness).



Improving your water quality

Monitoring and reporting improvements

We are continuing to strengthen the performance of our operational monitoring and critical control point compliance. These key operational and monitoring requirements are detailed within scheme water safety plans which we update regularly and review in detail on a routine basis (refer to *Drinking water quality risk management – Water safety plans*, page 22). Day to day monitoring and responding to CCPs and other water quality issues is a key part of our business, and we have a dedicated team working with our operational stakeholders to undertake this function (refer to *Monitoring and incident management – Critical control points*, page 33).

Water quality capital improvements

We continue to progress our program of water quality capital improvements. These projects ensure robust multiple barriers are in place from water source to water meter for all our schemes. Some examples of work undertaken this year are described below.

Goldfields and Agricultural Region (GAR)

We have completed fully enclosing the GAWS to Kalgoorlie through the construction of the sealed water tank to replace the open reservoir at Merredin. This was the last open storage in the GAWS. With this part of the system now sealed, pathogen risk has been reduced and water quality has improved with more stable chloramine residuals throughout the extensive pipeline network (refer to *How is your water treated? – Disinfection*, page 30).



Figure 23: New sealed water tank in Merredin

In addition to new tanks, improvements to our monitoring, operation, and control of chemical dosing and monitoring assets are progressing. Installation of more advanced analysers throughout the system has enabled more control of operations and data visibility along the Goldfields pipeline and its extensions. These advanced analysers that have the capability of measuring four water quality parameters, therefore providing water quality information critical for chloramination management. Over the last few years, 23 new analysers have been installed in upgrade projects including several new sites that previously had no visibility including Meckering, West Kellerberrin, Yerbillion, Ghooli, Toodyay Tank and Burgess Siding (York).

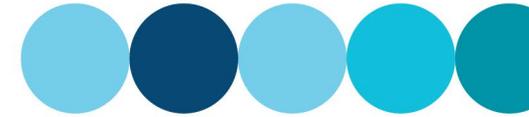


Figure 24: Mobile chlorine dosing unit

The Water Corporation has developed trailer mounted mobile chlorine dosing units for use along the GAWS; these units are able to apply a chlorine dose directly into the pipeline and allow for the extension of the chloramination process into the system. The original unit was developed during a previous incident from several years ago; from this event the Corporation has invested in more of these mobile dosing units to better manage the water quality within the GAWS.

The GAR critical valve project, with the objective to isolate or provide an enhanced barrier (air gap) between raw and treated water pipes, is continuing. The project is scheduled for completion later in 2023.

North West Region (NWR)

A project to construct a dedicated treated water main to the storage tanks in Nullagine, allowing greater control over reticulation chlorine residuals, was completed in 2022-23.

An upgrade to the Broome Fluoridation Plant has resulted in improved performance and reliability of the plant.

Construction of a desalination plant at Onslow continues and will result in a new high-quality water source for customers.

The membrane trains at Harding Dam have been replaced in order to improve the performance of the treatment plant. We have implemented an automatic membrane integrity test system which has improved reliability of the treatment plant.



Figure 25: Harding membrane train

Mid West Region (MWR)

Historical nitrate and aesthetic water quality issues at Cue, Sandstone, Mt Magnet and Meekatharra have been addressed via water treatment. The water treatment plant at Mt Magnet commenced production in October 2020, the water treatment at Cue commenced operation in September 2021, the water treatment plant at Sandstone commenced operation in November 2021, and the water treatment plant at Meekatharra commenced operation in June 2022. Finalisation of the proving period of the plants is underway and we are anticipating engagement with customers in 2023-24 prior to having the nitrate exemptions removed from our MoU with DoH.

A project to upgrade the chlorinator at Nilgen is progressing, which will result in increased ability to manage disinfection and residual maintenance.

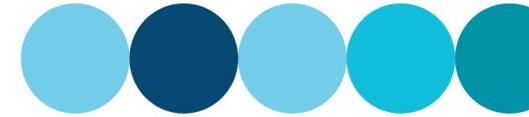
The Horrocks water treatment system upgrades, to address discoloured water issues, are now operational.

The project to replace the existing filter at Watheroo water treatment plant has been completed with the new filter now in operation.

A new water treatment plant has been installed in Moora to improve operation and aesthetic performance.

A project to connect Sovereign Hill to Guilderton's water supply is underway to improve customer water quality, it will be completed by 2025.

The MWR critical valve project has completed critical valve upgrades at over 20 sites. The objective of the project was to isolate or provide an enhanced barrier (air gap) between raw and treated water pipes.



South West Region (SWR)

The project to build a new six million litre tank in Collie continues to progress. This project will allow the removal of Worsley Tank, which requires intensive monitoring and management to maintain water quality, from the GSTWSS; thus, reducing water quality risk in Collie and Allanson and significantly reducing water wastage.

A replacement UV unit was recently installed at Margaret River to help treat water from Ten Mile Brook Dam. This will allow greater use of the dam and improved water quality outcomes.

The Warren Blackwood Groundwater Treatment Plant will remove iron and manganese from bore water at Nannup, which supplies over 75 per cent of water to the Warren Blackwood Regional Water Supply Scheme. Currently the water is pumped to Millstream and Manjimup Dams to allow these naturally occurring elements to settle out prior to the water being used by the scheme. By removing these elements through treatment, the dams can be bypassed, and the water can be pumped directly into the scheme. This will reduce the amount of water lost to evaporation. Currently, Millstream Dam loses almost 35 per cent of its inflow to evaporation while Manjimup Dam loses almost 60 per cent. We are only in the early stages of working through design and approvals with construction not expected to start until late 2024, pending no delays. Directly affected or surrounding landowners and stakeholders will be engaged through the entire project.

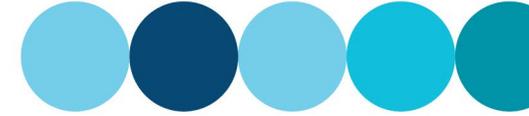


Figure 26: Millstream Dam

Great Southern Region (GSR)

A new source investigation is underway for Walpole, to ensure a sustainable supply of high-quality drinking water into the future. A trial of three new bores is planned to take place this summer in Walpole, as part of plans to secure a sustainable supply of high-quality drinking water into the future.

Investigations are being completed for new water source options to maintain a reliable drinking water supply via the LGSTWSS into the future. The current options include new groundwater sources and local seawater



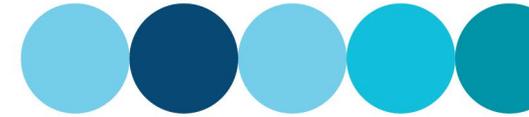
desalination. Community consultation is underway with an update provided to the community of the project and to seek feedback on current options. A decision is planned for 2025 following a detailed analysis of data and results on the options.

A project to install a new chlorinator upstream of the offtake to Tincurrin to improve disinfection in this area and ensure continued supply of safe drinking water is in progress. A temporary chlorinator is in place in the interim.

A project to install a new advanced water treatment plant is proceeding at Cranbrook. Once complete, the quality and reliability of the water supply will be improved.

State wide

We are continuing to progress our chlorination program across the state, focusing on upgrading all critical chlorinators to the latest SCADA standards. These improvements will ensure enhanced alarming, automation and reporting capability.

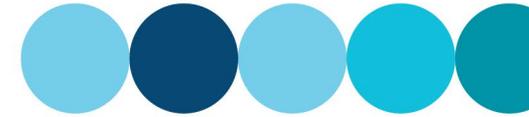


Appendix A – List of sampling parameters

Table 3: Pesticide

Pesticide	Health Guideline Value (µg/L)
2,4-D [(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) acetic acid]	30 µg/L
Aldicarb	4 µg/L
Aldrin + Dieldrin	0.3 µg/L
Ametryn	70 µg/L
Amitraz	9 µg/L
Amitrole	0.9 µg/L
Asulam	70 µg/L
Atrazine	20 µg/L
Azinphos-methyl	30 µg/L
Bioresmethrin	100 µg/L
Bromacil	400 µg/L
Bromoxynil	10 µg/L
Carbaryl	30 µg/L
Carbendazim	90 µg/L
Carbofuran	10 µg/L
Chlorantraniliprole	6000 µg/L
Chlorfenvinphos	2 µg/L
Chlorothalonil	50 µg/L
Chlorpyrifos	10 µg/L
Chlorsulfuron	200 µg/L
Clopyralid	2000 µg/L
Cyfluthrin	50 µg/L
Cypermethrin	200 µg/L
Cyprodinil	90 µg/L
DDT (total isomers)	9 µg/L
Deltamethrin	40 µg/L

Pesticide	Health Guideline Value (µg/L)
Diazinon	4 µg/L
Dicamba	100 µg/L
Dichlobenil	10 µg/L
Dichloroprop	100 µg/L
Dichloropropene	100 µg/L
Dichlorvos	5 µg/L
Diclofop-methyl	5 µg/L
Dieldrin	see Aldrin
Dimethoate	7 µg/L
Diquat	7 µg/L
Disulfoton	4 µg/L
Diuron	20 µg/L
2,2-DPA (2,2-dichloropropionic acid, Dalapon)	500 µg/L
Endosulfan	20 µg/L
Ethion	4 µg/L
Etridiazole	100 µg/L
Fenamiphos	0.5 µg/L
Fenarimol	40 µg/L
Fenitrothion	7 µg/L
Fenthion	7 µg/L
Fenvalerate	60 µg/L
Fipronil	0.7 µg/L
Flamprop-methyl	4 µg/L
Fluazifop ^[1]	10 µg/L
Fluometuron	70 µg/L
Flupropanate	9 µg/L
Glyphosate	1000 µg/L
Heptachlor & heptachlor epoxide (total)	0.3 µg/L
Hexazinone	400 µg/L



Pesticide	Health Guideline Value (µg/L)
Imazapyr	9000 µg/L
Maldison (Malathion)	70 µg/L
MCPA	40 µg/L
Methidathion	6 µg/L
Methiocarb	7 µg/L
Methomyl	20 µg/L
Metolachlor	300 µg/L
Metribuzin	70 µg/L
Metsulfuron-methyl	40 µg/L
Mevinphos	5 µg/L
Napropamide	400 µg/L
Nicarbazin	1000 µg/L
Norflurazon	50 µg/L
Omethoate	1 µg/L
Oryzalin	400 µg/L
Oxamyl	7 µg/L
Paraquat	20 µg/L
Parathion-ethyl	20 µg/L
Parathion-methyl	0.7 µg/L
Pendimethalin	400 µg/L
Permethrin	200 µg/L
Picloram	300 µg/L
Piperonyl butoxide	600 µg/L
Pirimicarb	7 µg/L
Pirimiphos-methyl	90 µg/L
Polihexanide	700 µg/L
Propachlor	70 µg/L
Propargite	7 µg/L
Propiconazole	100 µg/L

Pesticide	Health Guideline Value (µg/L)
Propyzamid	70 µg/L
Pyrasulfotole	40 µg/L
Pyroxsulam	4000 µg/L
Simazine	20 µg/L
Temephos	400 µg/L
Terbacil	200 µg/L
Terbutylazine	10 µg/L
Terbutryn	400 µg/L
Thiophanate	5 µg/L
Toltrazuril	4 µg/L
Triadimefon	90 µg/L
Triclopyr	20 µg/L
Trifluralin	90 µg/L
Vernolate	40 µg/L

Notes:

µg/L = micrograms per litre; 1000 µg = 1 milligram (mg)

Results should not exceed the health guideline value

^[1] Guideline specific to WA and set by DoH

Other pesticides may be assessed as indicated

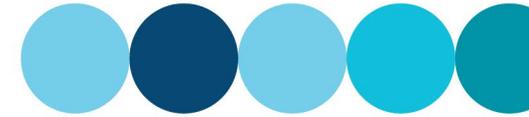


Table 4: Organic compounds

Compound	Health Guideline Value (µg/L)	Aesthetic Guideline Value (µg/L)
Acrylamide	0.2	Not set
Benzene ^[1]	1	Not set
Carbon tetrachloride	3	Not set
Chloroacetic acids		
Chloroacetic acid	150	Not set
Dichloroacetic acid	100	Not set
Trichloroacetic acid	100	Not set
Chlorobenzene ^[1]	300	10
Chlorophenols		
2-chlorophenol	300	0.1
2,4-dichlorophenol	200	0.3
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	20	2
Dichlorobenzenes ^[1]		
1,2-dichlorobenzene (1,2-DCB)	1500	1
1,3-dichlorobenzene (1,3-DCB)	Not set	20
1,4-dichlorobenzene (1,4-DCB)	40	0.3
Dichloroethanes ^[1]		
1,1-dichloroethane	Not set	Not set
1,2-dichloroethane	3	Not set
Dichloroethenes ^[1]		
1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE)	30	Not set
1,2-dichloroethene (1,2-DCE)	60	Not set
Dichloromethane ^[1]	4	Not set
Epichlorohydrin	0.5	Not set
Ethylbenzene ^[1]	300	3

Compound	Health Guideline Value (µg/L)	Aesthetic Guideline Value (µg/L)
Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid (EDTA) ^[1]	250	Not set
Hexachlorobutadiene ^[1]	0.7	Not set
Nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA) ^[1]	200	Not set
Organotins ^[1]		
Dialkyltins	Not set	Not set
Tributyltin oxide	1	Not set
Plasticisers ^[1]		
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	Not set	
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP)	10	Not set
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons ^[1]		
Benzo-(a) pyrene	0.01	Not set
Styrene (vinylbenzene) ^[1]	30	4
Tetrachloroethene ^[1]	50	Not set
Toluene ^[1]	800	25
Total Trihalomethanes	250	Not set
Trichloroacetaldehyde (chloral hydrate)	20	Not set
Trichlorobenzenes (total) ^[1]	30	5
Trichloroethylene (TCE) ^[1]	Not set	Not set
Vinyl chloride ^[1]	0.3	Not set
Xylene ^[1]	600	20
1,1,1- Trichloroethane ^[1]	Not set	Not set

Notes:

µg/L = micrograms per litre; 1000 µg = 1 milligram (mg)

Results should not exceed the health guideline value

^[1] These are part of the hydrocarbons suite in the sampling results tables

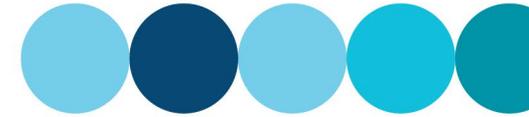


Table 5: Radiological

Parameter	Health Guideline Value
Radium 226 & 228	1.0 mSv (millisieverts).
Radon 222	100 Bq/L (Becquerels per litre)

Table 6: Inorganic Chemicals

Chemical	Health Guideline Value (mg/L)	Aesthetic Guideline Value (mg/L)
Chloride	Not set	250
Cyanide ^[1]	0.08	Not set
Fluoride ^[2]	1.5	Not set
Iodide ^[1]	0.5	Not set
Nitrate ^[3]	50	Not set
Silica	Not set	80
Sodium	Not set	180
Sulfate	Not set	250

Notes:

^[1] Other health related chemicals in the summary of test results tables includes cyanide and iodide.

^[2] While the ADWG health guideline value is 1.5 mg/L, the fluoride concentration after dosing should not exceed the range set by the Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Advisory Committee, to a maximum limit of 1 mg/L.

^[3] Nitrate health guideline is for bottle-fed infants < 3 months of age. The health guideline for adults and children > 3 months is 100 mg/L.

^[4] Guideline set by DoH - ADWG has not set a guideline value for this organism.

Results should not exceed the health guideline value

Table 7: Physical Characteristics

Characteristics	Health Guideline Value	Aesthetic Guideline Value
Hardness as CaCO ₃	Not set	200 mg/L
pH	Not set	6.5 – 8.5
Total filterable solids (by summation)	Not set	600 mg/L
True colour	Not set	15 TCU
Turbidity	Not set	5 NTU

Notes:

NTU = Nephelometric turbidity units

Table 8: Microbiological

Organism	Health Guideline Value
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	0 organisms per 100 ml
<i>Naegleria</i> tolerant to ≤ 42°C <i>fowleri</i>	^[4] No sample should contain <i>Naegleria fowleri</i>

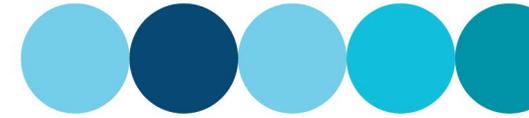


Table 9: Metals

Metal	Health Guideline Value (mg/L)	Aesthetic Guideline Value (mg/L)
Aluminium (acid soluble aluminium) ^[2]	Not set	0.2
Antimony ^[1]	0.003	Not set
Arsenic ^[1]	0.01	Not set
Barium ^[1]	2	Not set
Beryllium ^[1]	0.06	Not set
Boron ^[1]	4	Not set
Cadmium ^[1]	0.002	Not set
Chromium (as Cr[VI]) ^[1]	0.05	Not set
Copper ^[1]	2	1
Iron ^[2]	Not set	0.3
Lead ^[1]	0.01	Not set
Manganese ^[2]	0.5	0.1
Mercury ^[1]	0.001	Not set
Molybdenum ^[1]	0.05	Not set
Nickel ^[1]	0.02	Not set
Selenium ^[1]	0.01	Not set
Silver ^[1]	0.1	Not set
Uranium ^[1]	0.017	Not set
Zinc ^[1]	Not set	3

Notes:

^[1] These are part of the metals suites in the sampling results tables

^[2] Aluminium, iron and manganese are sampled as part of a general suite of samples and results are individually listed in the sampling tables

Results should not exceed the health guideline value



Appendix B – Perth localities maps

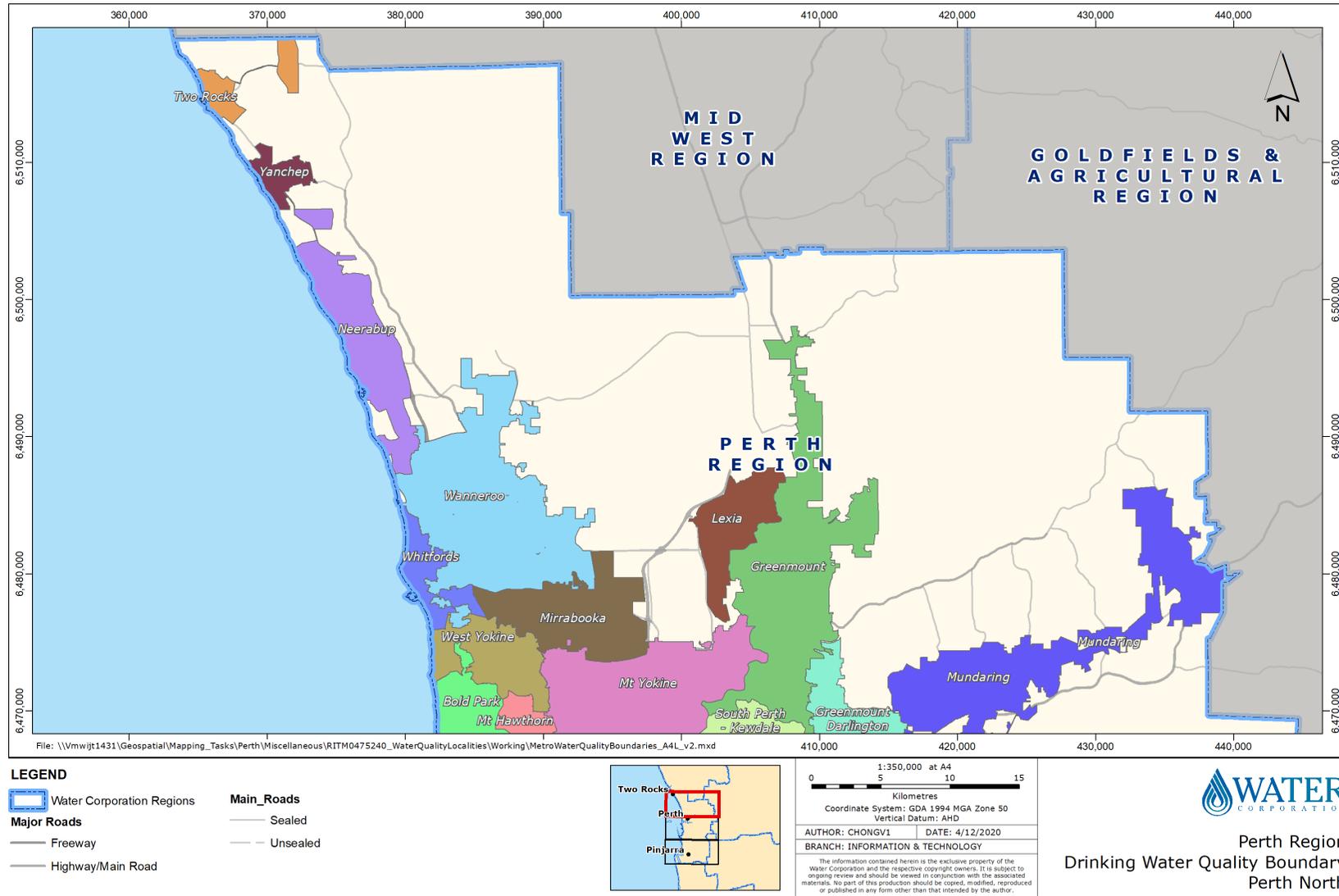


Figure 27: Perth north localities

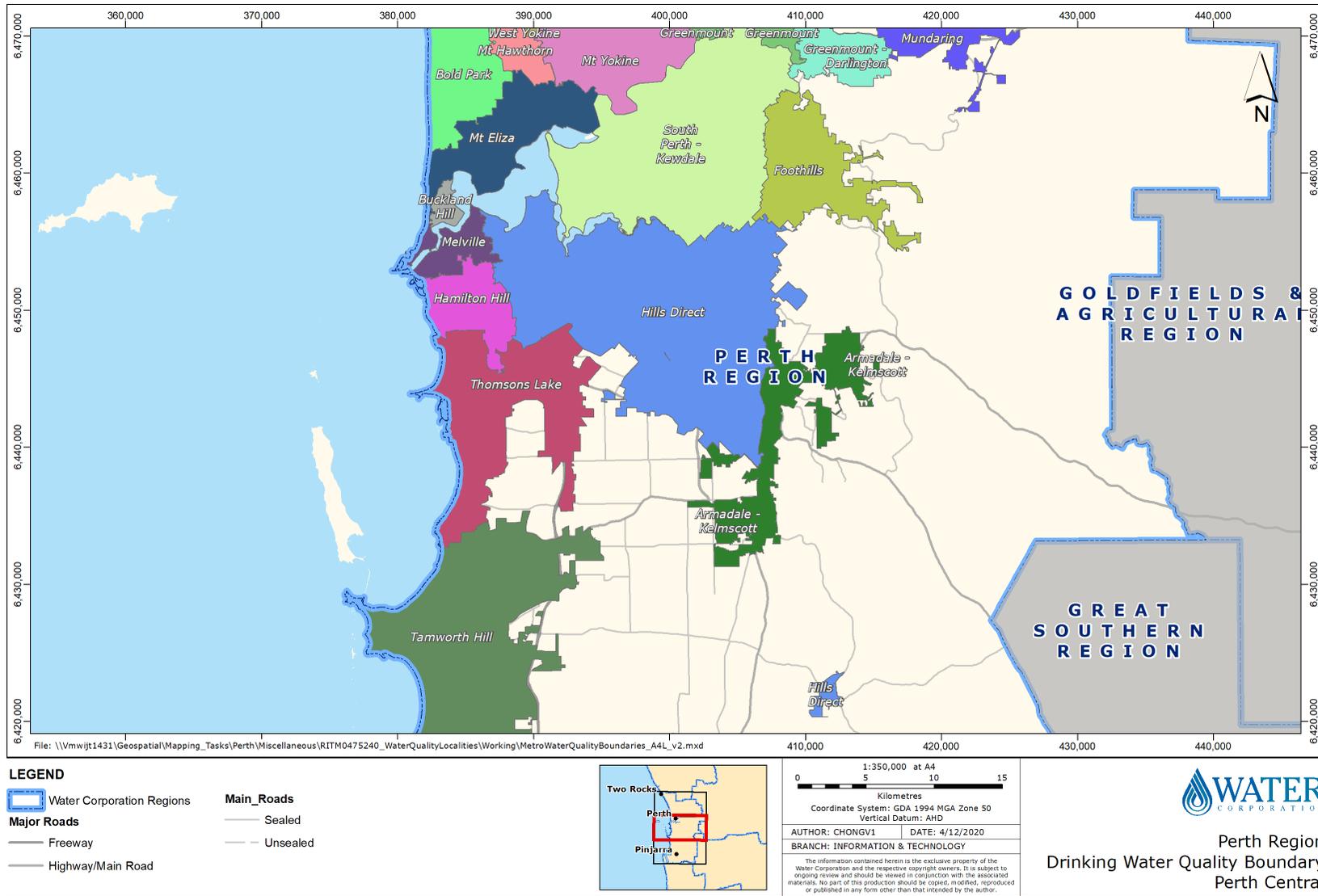


Figure 28: Perth central localities

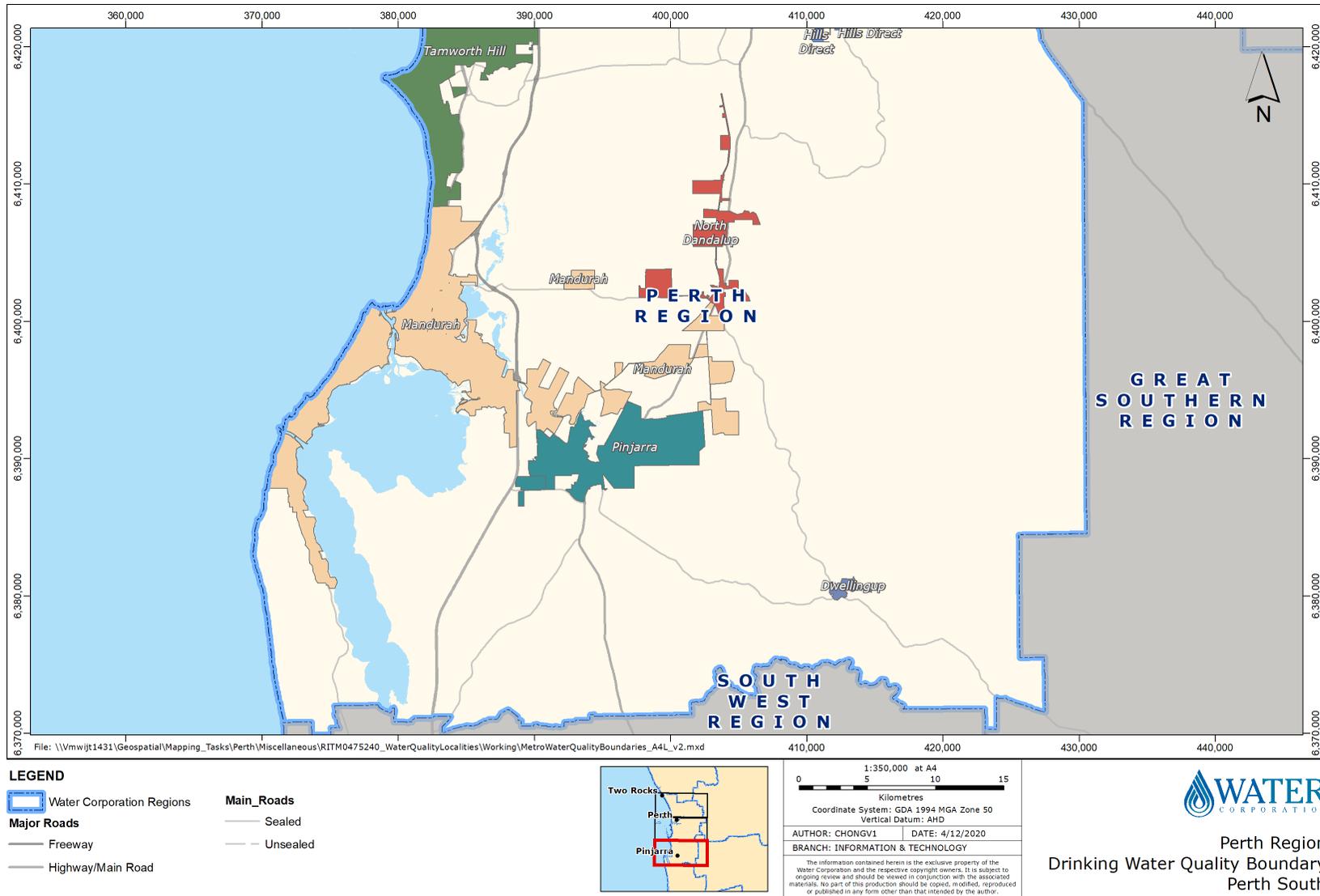
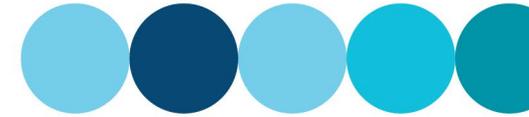
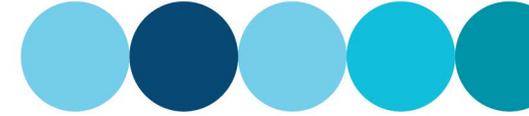


Figure 29: Perth south localities



Appendix C – Summary of test results

Perth Metropolitan Region

Health-related Tables 1 and 2

Aesthetic Tables 3, 4 and 5

Mid West Region

Health-related Tables 6 and 7

Aesthetic Tables 8, 9 and 10

Goldfields and Agricultural Region

Health-related Tables 11 and 12

Aesthetic Tables 13, 14 and 15

South West Region

Health-related Tables 16 and 17

Aesthetic Tables 18, 19 and 20

Great Southern Region

Health-related Tables 21 and 22

Aesthetic Tables 23, 24 and 25

North West Region

Health-related Tables 26 and 27

Aesthetic Tables 28, 29 and 30

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Table 1 Health related variables

Perth Region	<i>E. coli</i>				Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>			Fluoride				Hydrocarbons		Metals		
Locality	Samples Taken	Samples >0 cfu/100mL	Max cfu/100mL	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Samples with Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met
									Min	Max	Mean					
Armadale/Kelmscott	332	0	0	✓	294	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.82	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Bold Park	415	0	0	✓	175	0	✓	52	0.70	0.90	0.82	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Buckland Hill	101	0	0	✓	56	0	✓	52	0.70	0.85	0.79	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Dwellingup	13	0	0	✓	6	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Foothills	134	0	0	✓	131	0	✓	51	0.70	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greenmount	196	0	0	✓	105	0	✓	52	0.75	0.95	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greenmount/Darlington	117	0	0	✓	78	0	✓	52	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Hamilton Hill	221	0	0	✓	104	0	✓	52	0.75	0.90	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Hills Direct	830	0	0	✓	302	0	✓	53	0.75	0.95	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Lexia	203	0	0	✓	93	0	✓	53	0.70	0.95	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Mandurah	390	0	0	✓	299	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	4	✓
Melville	182	0	0	✓	105	0	✓	52	0.70	0.85	0.79	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Mirrabooka	341	0	0	✓	120	0	✓	52	0.70	0.90	0.79	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Mt. Eliza	433	0	0	✓	130	0	✓	52	0.70	0.90	0.78	(2)	0	(4)	2	✓
Mt. Hawthorn	174	0	0	✓	79	0	✓	53	0.70	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Mt. Yokine	524	0	0	✓	195	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Mundaring	117	0	0	✓	117	0	✓	52	0.75	0.95	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Neerabup	354	0	0	✓	134	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
North Dandalup	13	0	0	✓	6	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Pinjarra	65	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.83	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
South Perth/Kewdale	525	0	0	✓	221	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Tamworth Hill	438	0	0	✓	184	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Thomsons Lake	344	0	0	✓	94	0	✓	52	0.75	0.95	0.84	(2)	0	(4)	2	✓
Two Rocks	97	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Wanneroo	512	1	3	(3)	179	0	✓	52	0.70	0.85	0.77	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
West Yokine	251	0	0	✓	117	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Whitfords	158	0	0	✓	66	0	✓	54	0.70	0.90	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Yanchep	91	0	0	✓	65	0	✓	52	0.55	0.90	0.82	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period. (2) Receives water from a fluoridated source within the dosing range set by the Fluoridation of Water Supplies Advisory Committee. (3) Non-compliance associated with microbiological performance criterion as defined in the MoU with DoH. Response protocols implemented in accordance with DoH requirements demonstrated continuous supply of safe drinking water to the locality. (4) Due to an instrumentation issue at an external laboratory a hydrocarbon sample due this financial year has been rescheduled to early 2023-24.

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Table 2 Health related variables

Perth Region	Nitrate			Pesticides		Radiological		Trihalomethanes				Other Health Related				
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Requirement Met
		Min	Max	Mean							Min	Max	Mean			
Armadale/Kelmscott	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	1	✓	13	0.070	0.120	0.098	✓	1	✓
Bold Park	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.051	0.110	0.077	✓	0	(1)
Buckland Hill	4	<0.2	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	2	✓	13	0.072	0.130	0.097	✓	0	(1)
Dwellingup	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.027	0.064	0.037	✓	0	(1)
Foothills	2	0.4	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.039	0.100	0.070	✓	0	(1)
Greenmount	5	0.9	2.6	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	13	0.060	0.150	0.116	✓	0	(1)
Greenmount/Darlington	2	0.4	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.051	0.130	0.105	✓	0	(1)
Hamilton Hill	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.047	0.093	0.070	✓	0	(1)
Hills Direct	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.031	0.075	0.050	✓	0	(1)
Lexia	2	0.4	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	1	✓	13	0.079	0.200	0.114	✓	0	(1)
Mandurah	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	2	✓	0	(1)	25	<0.001	0.084	0.042	✓	0	(1)
Melville	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.054	0.100	0.080	✓	0	(1)
Mirrabooka	4	1.3	1.8	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.064	0.200	0.133	✓	0	(1)
Mt. Eliza	5	<0.2	0.9	0.4	✓	1	✓	1	✓	13	0.085	0.140	0.102	✓	2	✓
Mt. Hawthorn	4	0.9	2.2	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	13	0.083	0.160	0.110	✓	0	(1)
Mt. Yokine	4	0.9	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	2	✓	13	0.055	0.140	0.100	✓	0	(1)
Mundaring	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.020	0.057	0.040	✓	0	(1)
Neerabup	4	0.4	10.6	6.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	13	0.029	0.110	0.060	✓	0	(1)
North Dandalup	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.006	0.056	0.033	✓	2	✓
Pinjarra	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	<0.001	0.056	0.031	✓	1	✓
South Perth/Kewdale	5	0.9	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	1	✓	14	0.084	0.140	0.112	✓	1	✓
Tamworth Hill	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.004	0.098	0.047	✓	0	(1)
Thomsons Lake	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	13	<0.001	0.090	0.060	✓	1	✓
Two Rocks	5	4.4	5.3	4.8	✓	1	✓	1	✓	13	0.003	0.025	0.010	✓	0	(1)
Wanneroo	4	0.4	5.7	3.1	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	14	0.071	0.120	0.091	✓	0	(1)
West Yokine	4	0.9	2.2	1.3	✓	1	✓	1	✓	13	0.100	0.170	0.134	✓	0	(1)
Whitfords	2	3.1	3.5	3.5	✓	1	✓	2	✓	14	0.066	0.120	0.085	✓	0	(1)
Yanchep	4	2.6	8.8	6.6	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	13	0.032	0.093	0.049	✓	0	(1)

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period.

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Table 3 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Perth Region	Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)			Aluminium			Chloride			Hardness										
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met					
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean						
Armadale/Kelmscott	2	38	44	41	(1)	2	0.010	0.018	0.014	✓	2	110	120	115	✓	2	63	64	64	✓
Bold Park	2	46	48	47	(1)	2	<0.008	0.014	<0.008	✓	2	110	120	115	✓	2	49	65	57	✓
Buckland Hill	4	56	73	64	(1)	4	0.010	0.012	0.011	✓	4	160	220	185	✓	4	60	69	65	✓
Dwellingup	2	9	11	10	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	60	70	65	✓	2	26	31	29	✓
Foothills	2	77	90	84	(1)	2	0.010	0.012	0.011	✓	2	175	180	178	✓	2	88	98	93	✓
Greenmount	5	95	150	118	(1)	4	<0.008	0.025	<0.008	✓	5	165	190	177	✓	5	96	120	109	✓
Greenmount/Darlington	2	72	92	82	(1)	2	0.010	0.075	0.043	✓	2	170	170	170	✓	2	84	89	87	✓
Hamilton Hill	2	57	74	66	(1)	2	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	2	145	170	158	✓	2	72	92	82	✓
Hills Direct	4	15	55	39	(1)	4	0.010	0.018	0.014	✓	4	65	155	91	✓	4	35	74	54	✓
Lexia	2	62	94	78	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	85	145	115	✓	2	81	160	121	✓
Mandurah	4	42	46	44	(1)	4	0.014	0.025	0.021	✓	4	40	50	43	✓	4	46	55	50	✓
Melville	4	51	71	59	(1)	4	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	4	130	190	163	✓	4	56	62	59	✓
Mirrabooka	4	47	57	53	(1)	4	0.008	0.016	0.012	✓	4	190	215	205	✓	4	120	140	130	✓
Mt. Eliza	5	49	92	69	(1)	5	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	5	160	230	183	✓	5	57	78	66	✓
Mt. Hawthorn	4	100	130	120	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	170	185	180	✓	4	99	120	110	✓
Mt. Yokine	4	120	130	125	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	180	190	185	✓	4	99	120	107	✓
Mundaring	2	63	64	64	(1)	2	<0.008	0.008	<0.008	✓	2	170	180	175	✓	2	93	98	96	✓
Neerabup	4	56	170	137	(1)	4	<0.008	0.008	<0.008	✓	4	160	175	164	✓	4	95	200	161	✓
North Dandalup	2	15	46	31	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	43	80	62	✓	2	37	55	46	✓
Pinjarra	2	42	46	44	(1)	1	0.008	0.008	0.008	✓	2	36	41	39	✓	2	47	53	50	✓
South Perth/Kewdale	5	84	140	121	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	150	190	173	✓	5	91	120	106	✓
Tamworth Hill	2	32	44	38	(1)	2	0.012	0.030	0.021	✓	2	39	65	52	✓	2	48	50	49	✓
Thomsons Lake	4	81	100	88	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	180	235	209	✓	4	95	110	101	✓
Two Rocks	5	190	210	200	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	100	105	104	✓	5	220	230	226	(2)
Wanneroo	4	68	140	102	(1)	4	<0.008	0.016	<0.008	✓	4	145	165	156	✓	4	95	150	121	✓
West Yokine	4	61	140	115	(1)	4	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	4	175	200	191	✓	4	100	130	113	✓
Whitfords	2	92	110	101	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	160	180	170	✓	2	110	130	120	✓
Yanchep	4	110	200	168	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	130	140	136	✓	4	130	220	198	✓

(1) No guideline value available as per ADWG 2011. (2) Elevated hardness is characteristic of the source supplying this locality

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Table 4 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Perth Region	Iron			Manganese			pH			Silicon										
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (pH units)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Armadale/Kelmscott	2	0.025	0.035	0.030	✓	2	0.002	0.004	0.003	✓	2	7.42	7.43	7.43	✓	2	3.0	3.1	3.1	✓
Bold Park	2	0.020	0.060	0.040	✓	2	0.005	0.005	0.005	✓	2	7.84	7.86	7.85	✓	2	3.1	4.1	3.6	✓
Buckland Hill	4	0.035	0.060	0.048	✓	4	0.007	0.012	0.009	✓	4	7.63	8.02	7.81	✓	4	5.8	7.9	7.0	✓
Dwellingup	2	0.040	0.045	0.043	✓	2	0.002	0.004	0.003	✓	2	6.66	6.75	6.71	✓	2	1.7	1.9	1.8	✓
Foothills	2	0.025	0.040	0.033	✓	2	0.005	0.006	0.006	✓	2	7.91	8.01	7.96	✓	2	4.5	7.3	5.9	✓
Greenmount	5	0.008	0.340	0.077	✓	5	<0.002	0.055	0.012	✓	5	7.86	8.17	8.01	✓	5	9.9	17.0	14.0	✓
Greenmount/Darlington	2	0.030	0.160	0.095	✓	2	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	2	8.09	8.14	8.12	✓	2	4.5	7.5	6.0	✓
Hamilton Hill	2	0.015	0.025	0.020	✓	2	0.005	0.006	0.006	✓	2	7.75	7.80	7.78	✓	2	4.3	5.2	4.8	✓
Hills Direct	4	0.035	0.070	0.050	✓	4	0.005	0.009	0.008	✓	4	7.28	7.56	7.45	✓	4	2.3	3.8	3.0	✓
Lexia	2	0.004	0.004	0.004	✓	2	0.002	0.003	0.003	✓	2	7.70	7.96	7.83	✓	2	13.0	17.0	15.0	✓
Mandurah	4	0.008	0.045	0.018	✓	4	<0.002	0.009	0.003	✓	4	7.85	8.43	8.19	✓	4	2.1	2.6	2.4	✓
Melville	4	0.020	0.050	0.036	✓	4	0.004	0.007	0.006	✓	4	7.67	8.07	7.84	✓	4	3.7	7.5	5.6	✓
Mirrabooka	4	0.010	0.025	0.016	✓	4	<0.002	0.004	<0.002	✓	4	7.14	7.57	7.27	✓	4	14.0	16.0	14.8	✓
Mt. Eliza	5	0.020	0.090	0.059	✓	5	0.002	0.016	0.010	✓	5	7.73	7.89	7.82	✓	5	5.6	11.0	8.4	✓
Mt. Hawthorn	4	0.025	0.050	0.038	✓	4	0.003	0.008	0.006	✓	4	7.81	8.23	7.99	✓	4	15.0	18.0	16.8	✓
Mt. Yokine	4	0.020	0.035	0.025	✓	4	0.003	0.006	0.004	✓	4	7.55	8.01	7.77	✓	4	17.0	17.0	17.0	✓
Mundaring	2	0.010	0.045	0.028	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.23	8.69	8.46	✓	2	5.4	6.4	5.9	✓
Neerabup	4	0.006	0.015	0.012	✓	4	<0.002	0.004	<0.002	✓	4	7.08	8.22	7.47	✓	4	16.0	21.0	18.8	✓
North Dandalup	2	0.030	0.030	0.030	✓	2	<0.002	0.004	<0.002	✓	2	6.76	7.79	7.28	✓	2	2.4	2.7	2.6	✓
Pinjarra	2	0.015	0.015	0.015	✓	2	<0.002	0.003	<0.002	✓	2	7.53	7.72	7.63	✓	2	2.2	3.2	2.7	✓
South Perth/Kewdale	5	0.020	0.050	0.034	✓	5	0.003	0.010	0.005	✓	5	7.60	8.05	7.84	✓	5	13.0	19.0	17.2	✓
Tamworth Hill	2	0.020	0.040	0.030	✓	2	<0.002	0.014	0.007	✓	2	7.75	8.13	7.94	✓	2	2.2	4.0	3.1	✓
Thomsons Lake	4	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	4	0.003	0.005	0.004	✓	4	7.65	7.93	7.79	✓	4	5.0	6.2	5.6	✓
Two Rocks	5	<0.003	0.010	<0.003	✓	5	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	5	7.56	7.84	7.70	✓	5	11.0	12.0	11.8	✓
Wanneroo	4	0.008	0.020	0.013	✓	4	0.002	0.005	0.003	✓	4	7.28	7.70	7.48	✓	4	17.0	21.0	18.5	✓
West Yokine	4	0.015	0.035	0.024	✓	4	<0.002	0.004	<0.002	✓	4	7.40	8.27	7.90	✓	4	15.0	18.0	16.0	✓
Whitfords	2	0.010	0.020	0.015	✓	2	0.004	0.005	0.005	✓	2	7.54	7.74	7.64	✓	2	17.0	18.0	17.5	✓
Yanchep	4	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.47	7.84	7.62	✓	4	17.0	18.0	17.3	✓

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Table 5 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Perth Region	Sodium			Total Dissolved Solids			True Colour				Turbidity									
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (TCU)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (NTU)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Armadale/Kelmscott	2	70	71	71	✓	2	274	294	284	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Bold Park	2	63	65	64	✓	2	264	286	275	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Buckland Hill	4	105	145	120	✓	4	406	514	438	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Dwellingup	2	32	39	36	✓	2	129	150	140	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Foothills	2	100	120	110	✓	2	440	478	459	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.5	0.4	✓
Greenmount	5	110	130	121	✓	5	468	588	532	✓	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	2.1	0.5	✓
Greenmount/Darlington	2	105	115	110	✓	2	425	467	446	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.1	0.1	✓
Hamilton Hill	2	92	110	101	✓	2	377	434	406	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.1	0.1	✓
Hills Direct	4	36	93	54	✓	4	147	368	231	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.3	0.6	0.4	✓
Lexia	2	45	84	65	✓	2	387	388	388	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Mandurah	4	23	28	25	✓	4	144	164	151	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Melville	4	73	125	106	✓	4	309	450	387	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.4	0.2	✓
Mirrabooka	4	115	130	124	✓	4	510	542	528	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Mt. Eliza	5	105	145	118	✓	5	372	529	441	✓	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.4	0.2	✓
Mt. Hawthorn	4	110	140	129	✓	4	529	575	556	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Mt. Yokine	4	120	135	128	✓	4	543	572	560	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Mundaring	2	99	110	105	✓	2	419	447	433	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Neerabup	4	88	93	91	✓	4	416	582	530	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
North Dandalup	2	26	38	32	✓	2	154	164	159	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Pinjarra	2	23	23	23	✓	2	139	153	146	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.6	0.4	✓
South Perth/Kewdale	5	94	130	119	✓	5	424	579	528	✓	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Tamworth Hill	2	24	32	28	✓	2	143	169	156	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Thomsons Lake	4	115	155	136	✓	4	467	590	526	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Two Rocks	5	53	60	56	✓	5	508	535	524	✓	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Wanneroo	4	88	97	91	✓	4	406	514	469	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
West Yokine	4	115	140	130	✓	4	518	596	565	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Whitfords	2	87	110	99	✓	2	482	496	489	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Yanchep	4	71	77	75	✓	4	447	570	536	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓

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Table 6		Health related variables														
Mid West Region	<i>E. coli</i>				Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>			Fluoride					Hydrocarbons		Metals	
Locality	Samples Taken	Samples >0 cfu/100mL	Max cfu/100mL	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Samples with Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met
									Min	Max	Mean					
Badgingarra	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	5	✓
Bindoon /Chittering	50	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.35	0.40	0.38	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Bolgart	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	0.20	0.25	0.23	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Calingiri	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Carnamah	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Carnarvon	65	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	2	0.40	0.40	0.40	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Cervantes	52	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Coomberdale	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	0.85	0.85	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Coorow	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Coral Bay	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Cue	13	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.20	0.20	0.20	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Dandaragan	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	0.25	0.25	0.25	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Denham	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Dongara/Denison	65	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	48	0.35	1.00	0.82	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Eneabba	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.15	0.20	0.18	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Exmouth	65	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	52	0.50	0.95	0.69	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Gascoyne Junction	26	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Geraldton	186	0	0	✓	157	0	✓	53	0.40	1.00	0.82	(2)	1	✓	4	✓
Gingin	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Greenhead	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Guilderton	52	0	0	✓	18	0	✓	2	0.25	0.25	0.25	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Horrocks	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.35	0.40	0.38	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Jurien Bay	52	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.20	0.20	0.20	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Kalbarri	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Lancelin	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.20	0.25	0.23	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Latham	52	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Ledge Point	52	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Leeman	52	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Meekatharra	52	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.30	0.35	0.33	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Mingenew	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.15	0.20	0.18	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Moora	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	52	0.70	1.00	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Morawa	51	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Mt Magnet	51	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.15	0.20	0.18	✓	0	(1)	3	✓
Mullewa	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Nabawa	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.70	0.85	0.77	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
New Norcia	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Nilgen (Ocean Farms)	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	<0.1	0.10	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Northampton	52	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.80	0.95	0.88	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Perenjori	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Piawaning	26	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Port Kalbarri	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Sandstone	13	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.25	0.30	0.28	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Seabird	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	0.25	0.35	0.30	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Seaview Park	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Sovereign Hills	26	0	0	✓	18	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Three Springs	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Watheroo	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	0.10	0.15	0.13	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Woodridge	13	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	0.25	0.30	0.28	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Yalgoo	13	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.10	0.15	0.13	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Yerecoin	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Yuna	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.80	0.95	0.88	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period. (2) Receives water from a fluoridated source within the dosing range set by the Fluoridation of Water Supplies Advisory Committee.

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Table 7

Health related variables

Mid West Region	Health related variables															
Locality	Samples Taken	Nitrate			Guideline Met	Pesticides		Radiological		Trihalomethanes				Other Health Related		
		Concentration (mg/L)				Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Requirement Met
Min	Max	Mean	Min	Max	Mean											
Badgingarra	7	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Bindoon /Chittering	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.007	0.011	0.009	✓	0	(1)
Bolgart	4	0.9	35.6	25.5	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.002	0.005	0.004	✓	0	(1)
Calingiri	4	19.8	23.8	22.0	✓	1	✓	6	(3)	2	0.013	0.014	0.014	✓	0	(1)
Carnamah	5	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.006	0.007	0.006	✓	0	(1)
Carnarvon	2	3.5	3.5	3.5	✓	2	✓	0	(1)	2	0.002	0.004	0.003	✓	0	(1)
Cervantes	5	15.0	18.0	16.7	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.005	0.011	0.008	✓	0	(1)
Coomberdale	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.022	0.038	0.030	✓	0	(1)
Coorow	5	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.006	0.007	0.007	✓	0	(1)
Coral Bay	2	0.4	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Cue	4	17.2	19.4	18.5	(2)	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.003	0.003	0.003	✓	0	(1)
Dandaragan	5	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.003	0.007	0.005	✓	0	(1)
Denham	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Dongara/Denison	4	2.6	3.1	2.6	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.006	0.006	0.006	✓	0	(1)
Eneabba	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.004	0.012	0.008	✓	0	(1)
Exmouth	2	7.9	8.4	8.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Gascoyne Junction	2	<0.2	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.002	0.003	0.003	✓	0	(1)
Geraldton	4	2.6	3.1	3.1	✓	2	✓	2	✓	4	0.004	0.012	0.008	✓	0	(1)
Gingin	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.004	0.004	0.004	✓	0	(1)
Greenhead	2	4.0	4.4	4.0	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.002	0.002	0.002	✓	0	(1)
Guilderton	4	35.2	37.8	36.5	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.009	0.014	0.011	✓	0	(1)
Horrocks	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.010	0.013	0.012	✓	0	(1)
Jurien Bay	26	10.6	15.4	13.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.004	0.004	0.004	✓	0	(1)
Kalbarri	2	2.6	2.6	2.6	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Lancelin	5	4.0	5.3	4.8	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.005	0.006	0.005	✓	0	(1)
Latham	4	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.050	0.090	0.070	✓	0	(1)
Ledge Point	3	21.1	22.9	22.0	✓	1	✓	4	✓	2	0.005	0.006	0.006	✓	0	(1)
Leeman	2	4.0	4.4	4.4	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.003	0.007	0.005	✓	0	(1)
Meekatharra	2	19.4	20.7	20.2	(2)	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.003	0.008	0.006	✓	0	(1)
Mingenew	4	12.8	13.6	13.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.004	0.004	0.004	✓	0	(1)
Moora	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.034	0.035	0.035	✓	0	(1)
Morawa	3	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.003	0.038	0.021	✓	0	(1)
Mt Magnet	4	25.5	30.4	27.7	(2)	2	✓	0	(1)	2	0.003	0.005	0.004	✓	0	(1)
Mullewa	4	2.6	3.1	2.6	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.011	0.023	0.017	✓	0	(1)
Nabawa	4	2.6	3.1	2.6	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.010	0.014	0.012	✓	0	(1)
New Norcia	5	41.8	48.4	45.8	(2)	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.006	0.008	0.007	✓	0	(1)
Nilgen (Ocean Farms)	3	22.9	26.8	25.1	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.001	0.002	0.002	✓	0	(1)
Northampton	2	2.6	2.6	2.6	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.025	0.027	0.026	✓	0	(1)
Perenjori	4	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.005	0.006	0.005	✓	0	(1)
Piawaning	4	11.9	28.2	22.4	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.032	0.080	0.056	✓	0	(1)
Port Kalbarri	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	2	✓	0	(1)	2	0.063	0.074	0.069	✓	0	(1)
Sandstone	4	18.9	24.6	22.4	(2)	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.001	0.002	0.002	✓	0	(1)
Seabird	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.047	0.052	0.050	✓	0	(1)
Seaview Park	4	23.3	26.4	25.1	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.002	0.003	0.003	✓	0	(1)
Sovereign Hills	5	1.8	2.6	2.6	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.025	0.029	0.027	✓	0	(1)
Three Springs	4	1.3	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.003	0.005	0.004	✓	0	(1)
Watheroo	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.071	0.110	0.095	✓	0	(1)
Woodridge	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.084	0.110	0.101	✓	0	(1)
Yalgoo	2	18.5	19.8	19.4	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.011	0.025	0.018	✓	0	(1)
Yerecoin	4	18.5	22.9	21.6	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.063	0.083	0.073	✓	1	✓
Yuna	2	2.6	2.6	2.6	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.013	0.019	0.016	✓	0	(1)

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period. (2) Cue, Meekatharra, Mount Magnet, New Norcia, Sandstone and Yalgoo have been granted an exemption from compliance with the infant health nitrate guideline by the Department of Health. Carers of infants younger than 3 months should seek advice from the Community Health Nurse regarding the use of alternative water sources for the preparation of bottle feeds. Water Corporation provides bottled water free of charge for this purpose. For a full list of towns with nitrate exemptions and how we are improving water quality in these towns - please refer to 'Understanding water quality test results - Nitrate' section of the annual report. (3) Non-compliance associated with radiological performance criterion as defined in the MoU with DoH. Response protocols implemented in accordance with DoH requirements demonstrated continuous supply of safe drinking water to the locality.

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Table 8 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Mid West Region	Alkalinity (as CaCO3)			Aluminium				Chloride				Hardness								
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met					
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean						
Badgingarra	7	43	160	128	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	7	210	230	221	✓	7	40	44	43	✓
Bindoon /Chittering	2	87	91	89	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	155	165	160	✓	2	51	54	53	✓
Bolgart	4	28	95	47	(1)	3	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	4	170	225	205	✓	4	90	120	108	✓
Calingiri	4	25	53	39	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	375	435	404	(2)	4	140	190	168	✓
Carnamah	5	7	11	10	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	400	455	429	(2)	5	130	140	138	✓
Carnarvon	2	100	110	105	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	140	140	140	✓	2	170	180	175	✓
Cervantes	5	220	250	238	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	285	345	319	(2)	5	320	340	326	(3)
Coomberdale	2	21	60	41	(1)	2	0.008	0.012	0.010	✓	2	255	270	263	(2)	2	72	87	80	✓
Coorow	5	8	12	10	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	395	455	429	(2)	5	130	150	140	✓
Coral Bay	2	76	84	80	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	27	195	111	✓	2	69	80	75	✓
Cue	4	39	40	39	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	100	115	110	✓	4	27	43	37	✓
Dandaragan	5	120	190	160	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	225	245	240	✓	5	92	100	97	✓
Denham	2	64	72	68	(1)	2	0.014	0.018	0.016	✓	2	95	95	95	✓	2	55	66	61	✓
Dongara/Denison	4	59	63	62	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	390	405	398	(2)	4	110	130	120	✓
Eneabba	4	15	18	17	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	315	340	330	(2)	4	97	100	99	✓
Exmouth	2	250	260	255	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	235	245	240	✓	2	340	340	340	(3)
Gascoyne Junction	2	15	50	33	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	36	145	91	✓	2	26	120	73	✓
Geraldton	4	58	63	61	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	375	400	386	(2)	4	110	120	118	✓
Gingin	2	29	36	33	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	95	115	105	✓	2	27	32	30	✓
Greenhead	2	20	25	23	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	290	295	293	(2)	2	100	110	105	✓
Guilderton	4	190	200	195	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	390	470	444	(2)	4	320	390	358	(3)
Horrocks	4	110	130	115	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	595	605	601	(2)	4	130	140	138	✓
Jurien Bay	26	180	260	219	(1)	26	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	26	185	360	259	(2)	26	240	350	290	(3)
Kalbarri	2	6	7	7	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	155	155	155	✓	2	46	46	46	✓
Lancelin	5	210	220	213	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	210	250	224	✓	5	280	300	288	(3)
Latham	4	37	46	41	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	310	325	316	(2)	4	92	110	100	✓
Ledge Point	3	200	210	207	(1)	3	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	3	155	155	155	✓	3	250	260	257	(3)
Leeman	2	21	25	23	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	285	285	285	(2)	2	100	110	105	✓
Meekatharra	2	81	87	84	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	100	115	108	(2)	2	54	67	61	✓
Mingenew	4	24	28	26	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	360	370	365	(2)	4	91	97	94	✓
Moora	2	21	74	48	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	250	275	263	(2)	2	66	100	83	✓
Morawa	3	20	21	20	(1)	3	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	3	300	320	310	(2)	3	72	77	74	✓
Mt Magnet	4	100	120	110	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	75	125	99	✓	4	56	81	67	✓
Mullewa	4	72	76	75	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	390	410	401	(2)	4	130	140	138	✓
Nabawa	4	59	62	61	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	380	405	391	(2)	4	110	130	120	✓
New Norcia	5	32	35	34	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	785	875	816	(2)	5	280	320	292	(3)
Nilgen (Ocean Farms)	3	200	210	203	(1)	3	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	3	130	130	130	✓	3	230	230	230	(3)
Northampton	2	64	71	68	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	390	400	395	(2)	2	120	120	120	✓
Perenjori	4	22	24	23	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	300	315	311	(2)	4	76	84	80	✓
Piawaning	4	31	61	39	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	230	320	265	(2)	4	110	160	135	✓
Port Kalbarri	2	79	88	84	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	340	340	340	(2)	2	120	120	120	✓
Sandstone	4	51	60	55	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	110	150	136	✓	4	56	74	67	✓
Seabird	2	100	110	105	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	215	215	215	✓	2	99	100	100	✓
Seaview Park	4	170	170	170	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	75	85	80	✓	4	170	190	180	✓
Sovereign Hills	4	200	210	205	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	175	190	186	✓	4	240	250	248	(3)
Three Springs	4	17	22	20	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	345	355	350	(2)	4	86	89	87	✓
Watheroo	4	170	190	185	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	200	210	204	✓	4	250	270	263	(3)
Woodridge	4	49	65	55	(1)	4	0.050	0.170	0.085	✓	4	125	190	171	✓	4	42	51	46	✓
Yalgoo	2	71	75	73	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	70	70	70	✓	2	29	31	30	✓
Yerecoin	4	21	34	30	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	230	305	263	(2)	4	120	150	138	✓
Yuna	2	60	60	60	(1)	2	<0.008	0.01	<0.008	✓	2	400	400	400	(2)	2	120	130	125	✓

(1) No guideline value available as per ADWG 2011. (2) Elevated chloride is characteristic of the source supplying this locality. (3) Elevated hardness is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 9 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Mid West Region	Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																			
Locality	Iron					Manganese					pH					Silicon				
	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (pH units)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Badgingarra	7	0.006	0.010	0.008	✓	7	0.002	0.005	0.003	✓	7	6.72	8.09	7.46	✓	7	40.0	44.0	41.7	✓
Bindoon /Chittering	2	0.020	0.040	0.030	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.18	7.21	7.20	✓	2	34.0	36.0	35.0	✓
Bolgart	4	0.015	0.050	0.024	✓	4	<0.002	0.006	<0.002	✓	4	6.55	7.98	6.95	✓	4	12.0	39.0	31.8	✓
Calingiri	4	0.025	0.045	0.033	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.47	6.73	6.59	✓	4	15.0	18.0	16.5	✓
Carnamah	5	0.020	0.060	0.032	✓	5	<0.002	0.006	<0.002	✓	5	6.37	6.89	6.64	✓	5	21.0	27.0	24.6	✓
Carnarvon	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.56	7.60	7.58	✓	2	39.0	44.0	41.5	✓
Cervantes	5	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	5	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	5	7.33	7.77	7.50	✓	5	12.0	14.0	13.0	✓
Coomberdale	2	0.180	0.240	0.210	✓	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	7.90	8.31	8.11	✓	2	19.0	23.0	21.0	✓
Coorow	5	0.010	0.060	0.032	✓	5	<0.002	0.005	<0.002	✓	5	6.27	6.83	6.60	✓	5	21.0	26.0	24.2	✓
Coral Bay	2	0.010	0.010	0.010	✓	2	0.002	0.003	0.003	✓	2	7.16	7.65	7.41	✓	2	<0.2	2.1	1.1	✓
Cue	4	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.70	8.17	7.96	✓	4	80.0	80.0	80.0	✓
Dandaragan	5	0.035	0.070	0.051	✓	5	<0.002	0.007	0.004	✓	5	7.13	7.68	7.52	✓	5	35.0	43.0	39.2	✓
Denham	2	0.010	0.035	0.023	✓	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	7.71	7.83	7.77	✓	2	1.3	1.7	1.5	✓
Dongara/Denison	4	0.010	0.060	0.034	✓	4	<0.002	0.006	0.003	✓	4	6.76	7.29	7.05	✓	4	22.0	25.0	23.5	✓
Eneabba	4	0.020	0.030	0.025	✓	4	0.002	0.004	0.003	✓	4	6.92	7.17	7.02	✓	4	42.0	45.0	43.3	✓
Exmouth	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.02	7.51	7.27	✓	2	14.0	15.0	14.5	✓
Gascoyne Junction	2	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	6.87	7.13	7.00	✓	2	2.3	6.3	4.3	✓
Geraldton	4	0.015	0.020	0.019	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.80	7.19	7.00	✓	4	22.0	25.0	23.0	✓
Gingin	2	0.080	0.090	0.085	✓	2	<0.002	0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.15	7.63	7.39	✓	2	27.0	28.0	27.5	✓
Greenhead	2	0.015	0.020	0.018	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	6.83	7.30	7.07	✓	2	23.0	24.0	23.5	✓
Guilderton	4	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.70	7.93	7.79	✓	4	8.9	9.8	9.2	✓
Horrocks	4	0.040	0.100	0.070	✓	4	0.004	0.018	0.009	✓	4	7.11	7.60	7.31	✓	4	14.0	15.0	14.5	✓
Jurien Bay	26	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	26	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	26	7.18	7.72	7.46	✓	26	10.0	15.0	12.6	✓
Kalbarri	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	6.66	6.78	6.72	✓	2	38.0	39.0	38.5	✓
Lancelin	5	<0.003	0.008	<0.003	✓	5	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	5	7.72	7.96	7.85	✓	5	14.0	16.0	14.8	✓
Latham	4	0.035	0.090	0.053	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	8.78	9.14	9.00	(1)	4	39.0	46.0	42.5	✓
Ledge Point	3	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	3	7.54	7.88	7.72	✓	3	14.0	15.0	14.7	✓
Leeman	2	0.015	0.020	0.018	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.29	7.42	7.36	✓	2	23.0	23.0	23.0	✓
Meekatharra	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.05	8.05	8.05	✓	2	80.0	80.0	80.0	✓
Mingenew	4	0.008	0.030	0.020	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.20	7.43	7.32	✓	4	50.0	55.0	52.5	✓
Moora	2	0.050	0.070	0.060	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	6.88	7.82	7.35	✓	2	20.0	22.0	21.0	✓
Morawa	3	0.006	0.015	0.010	✓	3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	3	6.94	7.09	7.03	✓	3	42.0	48.0	44.3	✓
Mt Magnet	4	<0.003	0.140	0.036	✓	4	<0.002	0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.96	8.46	8.24	✓	4	75.0	80.0	77.5	✓
Mullewa	4	0.040	0.060	0.050	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.87	8.16	7.99	✓	4	22.0	25.0	23.3	✓
Nabawa	4	0.015	0.040	0.025	✓	4	<0.002	0.003	<0.002	✓	4	7.61	7.92	7.80	✓	4	22.0	25.0	23.5	✓
New Norcia	5	0.015	0.090	0.031	✓	5	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	5	6.14	6.76	6.47	(2)	5	44.0	48.0	45.8	✓
Nilgen (Ocean Farms)	3	<0.003	0.015	0.008	✓	3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	3	7.60	7.86	7.74	✓	3	17.0	19.0	18.3	✓
Northampton	2	0.040	0.050	0.045	✓	2	0.003	0.003	0.003	✓	2	7.94	8.17	8.06	✓	2	22.0	23.0	22.5	✓
Perenjori	4	0.010	0.025	0.019	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.96	7.28	7.18	✓	4	42.0	46.0	44.3	✓
Piawaning	4	<0.003	0.015	0.008	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.01	7.72	7.42	✓	4	16.0	22.0	18.5	✓
Port Kalbarri	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.14	7.19	7.17	✓	2	42.0	42.0	42.0	✓
Sandstone	4	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.46	8.07	7.77	✓	4	33.0	38.0	35.5	✓
Seabird	2	0.035	0.050	0.043	✓	2	<0.002	0.006	0.003	✓	2	7.56	7.58	7.57	✓	2	14.0	17.0	15.5	✓
Seaview Park	4	<0.003	0.015	0.006	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.74	7.99	7.88	✓	4	15.0	16.0	15.8	✓
Sovereign Hills	4	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.72	7.99	7.82	✓	4	18.0	20.0	18.8	✓
Three Springs	4	0.025	0.060	0.041	✓	4	0.004	0.014	0.009	✓	4	6.93	7.38	7.26	✓	4	45.0	49.0	47.0	✓
Watheroo	4	<0.003	0.010	0.005	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.16	7.50	7.27	✓	4	12.0	14.0	12.8	✓
Woodridge	4	0.020	0.080	0.038	✓	4	0.002	0.004	0.003	✓	4	7.15	7.54	7.27	✓	4	21.0	47.0	29.0	✓
Yalgoo	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.37	7.61	7.49	✓	2	80.0	90.0	85.0	(3)
Yerecoin	4	0.015	0.035	0.023	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.25	7.59	7.34	✓	4	17.0	20.0	18.3	✓
Yuna	2	0.030	0.060	0.045	✓	2	0.002	0.003	0.003	✓	2	7.56	7.64	7.60	✓	2	23.0	24.0	23.5	✓

(1) Elevated pH due to long mains supplying this locality. (2) Occasional low pH is a consequence of source characteristics combined with treatment. (3) Elevated silica is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 10 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Mid West Region	Sodium				Total Dissolved Solids				True Colour				Turbidity							
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (TCU)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (NTU)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Badgingarra	12	145	195	178	✓	7	511	689	640	(2)	7	<1	<1	<1	✓	7	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Bindoon /Chittering	2	120	120	120	✓	2	461	475	468	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Bolgart	4	110	120	115	✓	4	471	522	496	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.7	0.5	✓
Calingiri	4	215	250	231	(1)	4	745	870	809	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Carnamah	5	245	250	247	(1)	5	782	843	812	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Carnarvon	2	78	78	78	✓	2	513	522	518	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.4	0.2	✓
Cervantes	5	155	185	172	✓	5	887	1017	970	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Coomberdale	2	140	150	145	✓	2	511	579	545	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Coorow	5	245	260	253	(1)	5	775	848	822	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Coral Bay	2	20	135	78	✓	2	182	476	329	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Cue	4	74	84	80	✓	4	343	383	369	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Dandaragan	5	155	205	186	(1)	5	649	764	725	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Denham	2	59	59	59	✓	2	259	275	267	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Dongara/Denison	4	230	255	244	(1)	4	828	866	843	(2)	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	<0.1	1.7	0.5	✓
Eneabba	4	180	190	184	(1)	4	625	650	641	(2)	4	<1	3	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Exmouth	2	125	135	130	✓	2	831	866	849	(2)	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Gascoyne Junction	2	22	81	52	✓	2	100	385	243	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Geraldton	4	235	255	244	(1)	4	804	851	827	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Gingin	2	62	63	63	✓	2	259	269	264	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Greenhead	2	150	160	155	✓	2	567	582	575	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Guilderton	4	210	290	256	(1)	4	1053	1248	1173	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Horrocks	4	400	420	410	(1)	4	1301	1323	1310	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Jurien Bay	26	105	205	145	✓	26	646	1067	832	(2)	26	<1	<1	<1	✓	26	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Kalbarri	2	86	86	86	✓	2	323	326	325	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Lancelin	5	110	125	115	✓	5	720	791	746	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Latham	4	190	205	198	(1)	4	681	719	698	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Ledge Point	3	96	97	97	✓	3	672	685	679	(2)	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Leeman	2	155	160	158	✓	2	570	571	571	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Meekatharra	2	87	95	91	✓	2	434	463	449	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Mingenew	4	215	230	225	(1)	4	746	775	764	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Moora	2	145	160	153	✓	2	501	617	559	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Morawa	3	185	195	192	(1)	3	637	666	651	(2)	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Mt Magnet	4	84	105	92	✓	4	424	506	469	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Mullewa	4	245	265	254	(1)	4	864	901	881	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.4	0.3	✓
Nabawa	4	235	260	250	(1)	4	830	868	842	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.5	0.3	✓
New Norcia	5	420	480	439	(1)	5	1484	1656	1542	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	0.3	1.0	0.5	✓
Nilgen (Ocean Farms)	3	82	86	83	✓	3	612	618	614	(2)	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Northampton	2	235	250	243	(1)	2	825	864	845	(2)	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.4	0.3	✓
Perenjori	4	180	200	193	(1)	4	645	668	656	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Piawaning	4	130	175	148	✓	4	534	690	591	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Port Kalbarri	2	220	225	223	(1)	2	789	806	798	(2)	2	2	2	2	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Sandstone	4	82	98	91	✓	4	355	441	405	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Seabird	2	145	150	148	✓	2	586	591	589	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Seaview Park	4	55	59	57	✓	4	466	474	469	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.5	0.3	✓
Sovereign Hills	4	100	110	104	✓	4	670	689	679	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Three Springs	4	205	220	214	(1)	4	698	725	712	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Watheroo	4	91	98	95	✓	4	629	655	644	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Woodridge	4	125	130	128	✓	4	439	476	457	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Yalgoo	2	70	72	71	✓	2	349	353	351	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Yerecoin	4	125	170	148	✓	4	511	659	579	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Yuna	2	250	255	253	(1)	2	851	861	856	(2)	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓

(1) Elevated Sodium is characteristic of the source supplying this locality. (2) Elevated TDS is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 11

Health related variables

Goldfields and Agricultural Region	E. coli			Thermophilic Naegleria			Fluoride			Hydrocarbons		Metals				
	Samples Taken	Samples >0 cfu/100mL	Max cfu/100mL	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Samples with Thermophilic Naegleria	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met
									Min	Max	Mean					
Ardath	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.85	0.95	0.90	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Avon Hills	60	0	0	✓	60	0	✓	2	0.75	0.80	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Ballidu	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.80	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Beacon	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.70	0.85	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Bencubbin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.70	0.85	0.78	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Beverley	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Bindi Bindi	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Broad Arrow	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Bruce Rock	52	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.95	0.85	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Bullfinch	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Buntine	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Cadoux	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Coolgardie	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Corrigin	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Cunderdin	52	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.70	0.90	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Dalwallinu	52	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Dowerin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Goomalling	52	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greater Bodallin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greater Burracoppin	36	0	0	✓	36	0	✓	2	0.90	1.00	0.95	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greater Doodlakine	36	0	0	✓	36	0	✓	2	0.85	0.85	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greater Meckering	39	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	2	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greenhills	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	1	0.85	0.85	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Jennacubbine	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.85	0.90	0.88	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kalannie	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kalgoorlie	156	0	0	✓	130	0	✓	54	0.75	0.95	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kambalda	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	2	0.85	0.85	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kellerberrin	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kooyanobbing	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Koorda	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kununoppin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Laverton	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.60	1.00	0.81	(3)	0	(1)	2	✓
Leonora	52	0	0	✓	25	0	✓	2	0.45	0.50	0.48	(3)	0	(1)	2	✓
Marvel Loch	11	0	0	✓	11	0	✓	2	0.75	0.80	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Menzies	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.95	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Merredin	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	49	0.75	0.95	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Miling	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Mukinbudin	11	0	0	✓	11	0	✓	2	0.70	0.85	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Muntadgin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Narembeen	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.80	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Norseman	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Northam	78	0	0	✓	65	0	✓	52	0.70	0.90	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Nungarin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Ora Banda	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Pithara	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Quairading	52	0	0	✓	25	0	✓	2	0.85	0.85	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Seabrook	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Shackleton	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Southern Cross	52	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Spencers Brook	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Tammin	24	0	0	✓	24	0	✓	2	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Toodyay	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.80	0.80	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Trayning	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Warralakin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.80	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Westonia	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.85	0.90	0.88	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Wiluna	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.25	0.25	0.25	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Wongan Hills	52	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	2	0.75	0.80	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Wubin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Wyalkatchem	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
York	78	0	0	✓	78	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period (2) Receives water from a fluoridated source within the dosing range set by the Fluoridation of Water Supplies Advisory Committee (3) Naturally occurring fluoride below the ADWG guideline.

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Table 12

Health related variables

Goldfields and Agricultural Region	Health related variables															
	Locality	Samples Taken	Nitrate				Pesticides		Radiological		Trihalomethanes				Other Health Related	
			Concentration (mg/L)			*Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken
Min	Max	Mean								Min	Max	Mean				
Ardath	2	0.9	4.0	2.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.025	0.026	0.026	✓	0	(1)
Avon Hills	2	0.4	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.040	0.049	0.045	✓	0	(1)
Ballidu	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.033	0.046	0.040	✓	0	(1)
Beacon	2	1.3	1.8	1.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.024	0.030	0.027	✓	0	(1)
Bencubbin	2	1.3	4.4	2.6	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.024	0.160	0.092	✓	0	(1)
Beverley	2	1.3	1.8	1.8	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.025	0.033	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Bindi Bindi	2	2.2	2.6	2.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.026	0.032	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Broad Arrow	2	1.3	2.6	1.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.092	0.110	0.101	✓	1	✓
Bruce Rock	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.020	0.036	0.028	✓	0	(1)
Bullfinch	2	3.1	5.7	4.4	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.054	0.074	0.064	✓	2	✓
Buntine	2	1.8	3.1	2.6	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.091	0.180	0.136	✓	0	(1)
Cadoux	2	0.4	1.8	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.027	0.044	0.036	✓	0	(1)
Coolgardie	2	1.3	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.053	0.067	0.060	✓	0	(1)
Corrigin	2	0.9	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.015	0.016	0.016	✓	0	(1)
Cunderdin	2	0.4	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.035	0.043	0.039	✓	0	(1)
Dalwallinu	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.018	0.030	0.024	✓	0	(1)
Dowerin	2	1.3	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.029	0.045	0.037	✓	0	(1)
Goomalling	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.029	0.044	0.037	✓	0	(1)
Greater Bodallin	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.023	0.028	0.026	✓	0	(1)
Greater Burracoppin	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.021	0.037	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Greater Doodlakine	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.039	0.045	0.042	✓	0	(1)
Greater Meckering	2	0.4	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.039	0.040	0.040	✓	0	(1)
Greenhills	2	0.9	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.027	0.030	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Jennacubbine	2	2.2	2.6	2.6	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.027	0.031	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Kalannie	2	2.6	3.5	3.1	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.030	0.074	0.052	✓	0	(1)
Kalgoorlie	2	1.3	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.110	0.160	0.135	✓	0	(1)
Kambalda	2	1.3	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.077	0.160	0.117	✓	0	(1)
Kellerberrin	2	0.4	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	(1)	2	0.041	0.070	0.056	✓	0	(1)
Koolyanobbing	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.006	0.020	0.013	✓	0	(1)
Koorda	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.023	0.035	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Kununoppin	2	2.2	2.6	2.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.013	0.034	0.024	✓	0	(1)
Laverton*	10	35.2	38.7	37.8	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.025	0.057	0.041	✓	0	(1)
Leonora*	10	27.7	33.9	29.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Marvel Loch	2	0.9	3.5	2.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.024	0.052	0.038	✓	0	(1)
Menzies*	5	1.3	7.9	3.5	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.081	0.090	0.086	✓	0	(1)
Merredin	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.020	0.025	0.023	✓	0	(1)
Miling	2	1.3	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.023	0.028	0.026	✓	0	(1)
Mukinbudin	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.027	0.041	0.034	✓	0	(1)
Muntadgin	2	0.9	4.8	3.1	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.025	0.065	0.045	✓	0	(1)
Narembeen	2	0.9	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.027	0.030	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Norseman	2	1.8	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.026	0.054	0.040	✓	0	(1)
Northam	2	1.3	1.8	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.029	0.040	0.035	✓	0	(1)
Nungarin	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.011	0.049	0.030	✓	0	(1)
Ora Banda	2	1.3	1.8	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.022	0.085	0.054	✓	0	(1)
Pithara	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.031	0.043	0.037	✓	0	(1)
Quairading	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.032	0.056	0.044	✓	0	(1)
Seabrook	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.040	0.047	0.044	✓	0	(1)
Shackleton	2	0.9	4.0	2.6	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.039	0.042	0.041	✓	0	(1)
Southern Cross	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.017	0.025	0.021	✓	0	(1)
Spencers Brook	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.037	0.049	0.043	✓	0	(1)
Tammin	2	0.4	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.035	0.043	0.039	✓	0	(1)
Toodyay	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.038	0.053	0.046	✓	0	(1)
Trayning	2	2.2	2.6	2.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.024	0.033	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Warralakin	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.022	0.028	0.025	✓	0	(1)
Westonia	2	0.9	1.8	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.025	0.036	0.031	✓	0	(1)
Wiluna*	2	32.1	40.9	36.5	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.002	0.004	0.003	✓	0	(1)
Wongan Hills	2	1.3	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.025	0.035	0.030	✓	0	(1)
Wubin	2	1.3	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.007	0.030	0.018	✓	0	(1)
Wyalkatchem	2	0.9	1.3	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.032	0.047	0.040	✓	0	(1)
York	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.033	0.045	0.039	✓	0	(1)

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period.

*Wiluna, Laverton, Leonora and Menzies have been granted an exemption from compliance with the infant health nitrate guideline by the Department of Health, however, following treatment or operational intervention these towns have achieved compliance with the infant health limit. Carers of infants younger than 3 months should seek advice from the Community Health Nurse regarding the use of alternative water sources for the preparation of bottle feeds. The Water Corporation provides bottled water free of charge for this purpose. Note: The water supplied has always met the guideline for adults and children over the age of 3 months - for a full list of towns with nitrate exemptions and how we are improving water quality in these towns - please refer to 'Understanding water quality test results - Nitrate' section of the annual report.

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Table 13 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Goldfields and Agricultural Region	Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																			
	Alkalinity (as CaCO3)					Aluminium					Chloride					Hardness				
	Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)		
Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	
Ardath	2	65	65	65	(1)	2	<0.008	0.030	0.015	✓	2	180	180	180	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Avon Hills	2	40	59	50	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	180	195	188	✓	2	95	97	96	✓
Ballidu	2	62	84	73	(1)	2	0.008	0.010	0.009	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	93	100	97	✓
Beacon	2	46	64	55	(1)	2	0.008	0.010	0.009	✓	2	195	200	198	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Bencubbin	2	65	66	66	(1)	2	<0.008	0.016	<0.008	✓	2	180	195	188	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Beverley	2	66	72	69	(1)	2	0.008	0.025	0.017	✓	2	170	175	173	✓	2	95	98	97	✓
Bindi Bindi	2	64	65	65	(1)	2	<0.008	0.025	0.013	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Broad Arrow	2	39	54	47	(1)	2	0.014	0.018	0.016	✓	2	195	205	200	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Bruce Rock	2	44	58	51	(1)	2	0.008	0.012	0.010	✓	2	190	195	193	✓	2	99	100	100	✓
Bullfinch	2	50	59	55	(1)	2	0.016	0.045	0.031	✓	2	190	215	203	✓	2	86	100	93	✓
Buntine	2	67	69	68	(1)	2	0.010	0.030	0.020	✓	2	190	200	195	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Cadoux	2	59	64	62	(1)	2	<0.008	0.018	0.009	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	96	98	97	✓
Coolgardie	2	46	57	52	(1)	2	0.010	0.020	0.015	✓	2	185	190	188	✓	2	99	110	105	✓
Corrigin	2	65	69	67	(1)	2	<0.008	0.025	0.013	✓	2	185	185	185	✓	2	98	100	99	✓
Cunderdin	2	58	62	60	(1)	2	<0.008	0.008	<0.008	✓	2	180	180	180	✓	2	87	94	91	✓
Dalwallinu	2	53	72	63	(1)	2	0.010	0.020	0.015	✓	2	185	195	190	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Dowerin	2	45	63	54	(1)	2	0.012	0.014	0.013	✓	2	185	200	193	✓	2	99	120	110	✓
Goomalling	2	46	64	55	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	180	195	188	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Greater Bodallin	2	61	64	63	(1)	2	<0.008	0.016	<0.008	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	95	110	103	✓
Greater Burracoppin	2	61	66	64	(1)	2	<0.008	0.025	0.013	✓	2	180	190	185	✓	2	95	99	97	✓
Greater Doodlakine	2	61	68	65	(1)	2	0.016	0.018	0.017	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	95	110	103	✓
Greater Meckering	2	61	63	62	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	180	180	180	✓	2	93	95	94	✓
Greenhills	2	64	66	65	(1)	2	0.010	0.025	0.018	✓	2	180	180	180	✓	2	92	96	94	✓
Jennacubbine	2	72	73	73	(1)	2	<0.008	0.016	<0.008	✓	2	180	180	180	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Kalannie	2	50	58	54	(1)	2	<0.008	0.016	<0.008	✓	2	190	195	193	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Kalgoorlie	2	46	53	50	(1)	2	<0.008	0.020	0.010	✓	2	190	205	198	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Kambalda	2	38	56	47	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	190	205	198	✓	2	110	120	115	✓
Kellerberrin	2	54	61	58	(1)	2	<0.008	0.014	<0.008	✓	2	185	190	188	✓	2	95	96	96	✓
Koolyanobbing	2	47	64	56	(1)	2	<0.008	0.018	0.009	✓	2	180	200	190	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Koorda	2	61	63	62	(1)	2	<0.008	0.016	<0.008	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	99	100	100	✓
Kununoppin	2	44	64	54	(1)	2	0.014	0.016	0.015	✓	2	180	200	190	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Laverton	6	91	110	96	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	6	120	130	126	✓	6	86	100	92	✓
Leonora	6	110	130	118	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	6	165	175	168	✓	6	140	160	153	✓
Marvel Loch	2	56	67	62	(1)	2	0.012	0.016	0.014	✓	2	180	190	185	✓	2	93	100	97	✓
Menzies	2	45	53	49	(1)	2	0.012	0.020	0.016	✓	2	195	200	198	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Merredin	2	62	66	64	(1)	2	0.010	0.014	0.012	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	95	95	95	✓
Miling	2	56	72	64	(1)	2	0.010	0.025	0.018	✓	2	180	195	188	✓	2	110	120	115	✓
Mukinbudin	2	45	67	56	(1)	2	0.012	0.020	0.016	✓	2	185	205	195	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Muntadgin	2	61	62	62	(1)	2	0.008	0.065	0.037	✓	2	185	185	185	✓	2	95	100	98	✓
Narembeen	2	64	64	64	(1)	2	<0.008	0.020	0.010	✓	2	180	190	185	✓	2	98	99	99	✓
Norseman	2	48	61	55	(1)	2	0.016	0.018	0.017	✓	2	200	200	200	✓	2	120	120	120	✓
Northam	2	56	59	58	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	185	190	188	✓	2	97	100	99	✓
Nungarin	2	66	68	67	(1)	2	0.008	0.018	0.013	✓	2	175	180	178	✓	2	94	110	102	✓
Ora Banda	2	59	62	61	(1)	2	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	2	185	210	198	✓	2	120	130	125	✓
Pithara	2	63	66	65	(1)	2	0.008	0.020	0.014	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Quairading	2	54	63	59	(1)	2	0.010	0.018	0.014	✓	2	185	190	188	✓	2	99	110	105	✓
Seabrook	2	61	69	65	(1)	2	<0.008	0.018	0.009	✓	2	175	185	180	✓	2	90	99	95	✓
Shackleton	2	65	71	68	(1)	2	<0.008	0.030	0.015	✓	2	175	185	180	✓	2	100	110	105	✓
Southern Cross	2	44	60	52	(1)	2	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	2	180	200	190	✓	2	100	100	100	✓
Spencers Brook	2	62	64	63	(1)	2	0.008	0.010	0.009	✓	2	170	185	178	✓	2	88	93	91	✓
Tammin	2	43	61	52	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	175	190	183	✓	2	96	100	98	✓
Toodyay	2	68	68	68	(1)	2	0.008	0.016	0.012	✓	2	175	180	178	✓	2	92	94	93	✓
Trayning	2	44	63	54	(1)	2	0.014	0.014	0.014	✓	2	180	200	190	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Warralakin	2	44	59	52	(1)	2	0.012	0.040	0.026	✓	2	180	195	188	✓	2	99	100	100	✓
Westonia	2	44	60	52	(1)	2	0.012	0.012	0.012	✓	2	180	190	185	✓	2	98	100	99	✓
Wiluna	2	83	90	87	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	65	80	73	✓	2	79	83	81	✓
Wongan Hills	2	71	73	72	(1)	2	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	2	175	190	183	✓	2	100	130	115	✓
Wubin	2	71	77	74	(1)	2	0.008	0.020	0.014	✓	2	175	195	185	✓	2	110	110	110	✓
Wyalkatchem	2	60	64	62	(1)	2	<0.008	0.018	0.009	✓	2	180	185	183	✓	2	92	97	95	✓
York	2	62	70	66	(1)	2	0.010	0.020	0.015	✓	2	180	180	180	✓	2	90	100	95	✓

(1) No guideline value available as per ADWG 2011.

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Table 14 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Goldfields and Agricultural Region	Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																			
	Iron					Manganese					pH					Silica				
	Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (pH units)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)		
Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	
Ardath	2	0.008	0.010	0.009	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.28	8.68	8.48	✓	2	4.9	6.4	5.7	✓
Avon Hills	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.36	8.44	8.40	✓	2	5.7	6.9	6.3	✓
Ballidu	2	0.015	0.020	0.018	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.56	8.73	8.65	(1)	2	5.8	5.9	5.9	✓
Beacon	2	0.010	0.010	0.010	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.15	8.91	8.53	(1)	2	4.9	6.8	5.9	✓
Bencubbin	2	0.020	0.030	0.025	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.67	8.38	8.03	✓	2	4.5	6.8	5.7	✓
Beverley	2	<0.003	0.010	0.005	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.60	8.63	8.62	(1)	2	5.1	6.2	5.7	✓
Bindi Bindi	2	<0.003	0.015	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.73	8.74	8.74	(1)	2	5.9	6.4	6.2	✓
Broad Arrow	2	0.020	0.030	0.025	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.68	7.78	7.73	✓	2	5.0	6.5	5.8	✓
Bruce Rock	2	0.010	0.025	0.018	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.98	8.08	8.03	✓	2	4.8	6.1	5.5	✓
Bullfinch	2	0.004	0.060	0.032	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.80	8.81	8.81	(1)	2	4.2	5.8	5.0	✓
Buntine	2	0.015	0.020	0.018	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.37	8.70	8.54	(1)	2	6.4	7.4	6.9	✓
Cadoux	2	0.006	0.010	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.25	8.55	8.40	✓	2	5.6	6.4	6.0	✓
Coolgardie	2	0.010	0.015	0.013	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	6.93	7.41	7.17	✓	2	5.7	6.0	5.9	✓
Corrigin	2	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.54	8.73	8.64	(1)	2	6.1	6.6	6.4	✓
Cunderdin	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.16	8.31	8.24	✓	2	5.6	6.2	5.9	✓
Dalwallinu	2	0.010	0.010	0.010	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.74	9.02	8.88	(1)	2	5.7	6.6	6.2	✓
Dowerin	2	0.010	0.010	0.010	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.68	8.78	8.73	(1)	2	5.4	7.1	6.3	✓
Goomalling	2	0.004	0.010	0.007	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.40	8.46	8.43	✓	2	5.4	7.0	6.2	✓
Greater Bodallin	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.14	8.40	8.27	✓	2	5.6	6.1	5.9	✓
Greater Burracoppin	2	0.010	0.010	0.010	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.17	8.30	8.24	✓	2	5.4	6.2	5.8	✓
Greater Doodlakine	2	0.004	0.020	0.012	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.66	8.85	8.76	(1)	2	5.7	6.2	6.0	✓
Greater Meckering	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.09	8.63	8.36	✓	2	5.6	6.4	6.0	✓
Greenhills	2	0.006	0.015	0.011	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.06	8.52	8.29	✓	2	5.5	5.7	5.6	✓
Jennacubbine	2	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.78	9.05	8.92	(1)	2	5.4	5.9	5.7	✓
Kalannie	2	0.010	0.015	0.013	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.85	7.94	7.90	✓	2	4.8	6.4	5.6	✓
Kalgoorlie	2	0.015	0.020	0.018	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.66	7.78	7.72	✓	2	5.6	6.0	5.8	✓
Kambalda	2	0.015	0.025	0.020	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.57	7.71	7.64	✓	2	5.2	6.7	6.0	✓
Kellerberrin	2	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.27	8.36	8.32	✓	2	5.2	5.9	5.6	✓
Koolyanobbing	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.39	8.64	8.52	(1)	2	5.6	6.6	6.1	✓
Koorda	2	0.008	0.015	0.012	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.45	8.55	8.50	✓	2	5.5	5.9	5.7	✓
Kununoppin	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.50	8.68	8.59	(1)	2	4.7	6.7	5.7	✓
Laverton	6	0.006	0.020	0.011	✓	6	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	6	7.73	8.10	7.93	✓	6	27.0	34.0	30.2	✓
Leonora	6	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	6	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	6	7.49	7.77	7.62	✓	6	26.0	34.0	31.3	✓
Marvel Loch	2	0.006	0.008	0.007	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.27	8.44	7.86	✓	2	5.5	6.4	6.0	✓
Menzies	2	0.030	0.035	0.033	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.63	7.88	7.76	✓	2	5.7	6.3	6.0	✓
Merredin	2	<0.003	0.010	0.005	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.05	8.48	8.27	✓	2	5.6	6.5	6.1	✓
Miling	2	0.008	0.010	0.009	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.65	9.02	8.84	(1)	2	5.7	5.8	5.8	✓
Mukinbudin	2	0.010	0.010	0.010	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.47	8.71	8.59	(1)	2	5.7	6.4	6.1	✓
Muntadgin	2	0.006	0.030	0.018	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.69	8.44	8.07	✓	2	5.8	6.3	6.1	✓
Narembeen	2	0.010	0.010	0.010	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.11	8.18	8.15	✓	2	5.3	6.2	5.8	✓
Norseman	2	0.025	0.030	0.028	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.80	7.87	7.84	✓	2	4.9	7.7	6.3	✓
Northam	2	0.010	0.015	0.013	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.16	8.24	8.20	✓	2	4.8	5.9	5.4	✓
Nungarin	2	0.020	0.030	0.025	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.29	8.55	8.42	✓	2	4.7	5.5	5.1	✓
Ora Banda	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.30	8.30	8.30	✓	2	5.8	6.9	6.4	✓
Pithara	2	0.020	0.060	0.040	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.59	8.67	8.63	(1)	2	6.0	6.2	6.1	✓
Quairading	2	<0.003	0.010	0.005	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.07	8.65	8.36	✓	2	4.8	5.7	5.3	✓
Seabrook	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.89	9.01	8.95	(1)	2	5.2	6.1	5.7	✓
Shackleton	2	0.004	0.015	0.010	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.78	9.19	8.99	(1)	2	5.2	6.2	5.7	✓
Southern Cross	2	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.24	8.41	8.33	✓	2	5.1	6.5	5.8	✓
Spencers Brook	2	<0.003	0.015	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.60	8.68	8.64	(1)	2	5.9	6.0	6.0	✓
Tammin	2	0.006	0.025	0.016	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.12	8.41	8.27	✓	2	5.1	6.8	6.0	✓
Toodyay	2	<0.003	0.008	0.004	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.59	8.61	8.60	(1)	2	5.5	6.2	5.9	✓
Trayning	2	0.008	0.015	0.012	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.18	8.65	8.42	✓	2	5.1	6.7	5.9	✓
Warralakin	2	0.008	0.200	0.104	✓	2	<0.002	0.018	0.009	✓	2	8.22	8.58	8.40	✓	2	5.2	6.9	6.1	✓
Westonia	2	0.006	0.006	0.006	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.32	8.40	8.36	✓	2	5.0	6.7	5.9	✓
Wiluna	2	<0.003	0.030	0.015	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.69	7.91	7.80	✓	6	85.0	90.0	86.7	(2)
Wongan Hills	2	0.006	0.008	0.007	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.22	8.56	8.39	✓	2	6.4	6.4	6.4	✓
Wubin	2	0.020	0.070	0.045	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.57	8.85	8.71	(1)	2	5.6	6.1	5.9	✓
Wyalkatchem	2	0.006	0.010	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.34	8.52	8.43	✓	2	5.4	6.2	5.8	✓
York	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.62	8.81	8.72	(1)	2	5.5	6.2	5.9	✓

(1) Elevated pH is a result of the pH adjustment as part of Chloramination process. Experience shows that pH at this level is not objectionable to our customers. (2) Elevated Silica is a natural characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 15 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Goldfields and Agricultural Region	Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																			
	Sodium					Total Dissolved Solids					True Colour					Turbidity				
	Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (TCU)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (NTU)		
Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	
Ardath	2	105	110	108	✓	2	439	460	450	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Avon Hills	2	100	110	105	✓	2	413	454	434	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.7	0.4	✓
Ballidu	2	100	105	103	✓	2	435	462	449	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Beacon	2	105	115	110	✓	2	443	469	456	✓	2	<1	14	7	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Bencubbin	2	105	115	110	✓	2	443	477	460	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Beverley	2	100	110	105	✓	2	426	447	437	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Bindi Bindi	2	100	105	103	✓	2	437	456	447	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Broad Arrow	2	105	105	105	✓	2	435	449	442	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.4	0.2	✓
Bruce Rock	2	97	115	106	✓	2	422	456	439	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Bullfinch	2	100	130	115	✓	2	439	494	467	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Buntine	2	115	120	118	✓	2	474	487	481	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Cadoux	2	100	110	105	✓	2	432	440	436	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Coolgardie	2	100	120	110	✓	2	419	465	442	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Corrigin	2	105	105	105	✓	2	446	451	449	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.6	0.4	✓
Cunderdin	2	100	100	100	✓	2	423	427	425	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Dalwallinu	2	98	110	104	✓	2	429	468	449	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Dowerin	2	105	125	115	✓	2	424	487	456	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Goomalling	2	100	110	105	✓	2	419	467	443	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Greater Bodallin	2	100	110	105	✓	2	432	451	442	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Greater Burracoppin	2	100	105	103	✓	2	438	444	441	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Greater Doodlakine	2	100	110	105	✓	2	436	450	443	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Greater Meckering	2	93	100	97	✓	2	358	430	394	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Greenhills	2	100	100	100	✓	2	434	435	435	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.5	0.3	✓
Jennacubbine	2	105	105	105	✓	2	447	452	450	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Kalannie	2	110	115	113	✓	2	446	463	455	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.3	0.3	✓
Kalgoorlie	2	100	115	108	✓	2	428	468	448	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Kambalda	2	105	125	115	✓	2	425	487	456	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Kellerberrin	2	105	110	108	✓	2	432	440	436	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Koolyanobbing	2	105	115	110	✓	2	426	471	449	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Koorda	2	105	110	108	✓	2	434	443	439	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Kununoppin	2	100	115	108	✓	2	419	471	445	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Laverton	6	105	115	112	✓	6	480	534	509	✓	6	<1	<1	<1	✓	6	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Leonora	6	120	135	131	✓	6	609	666	645	(1)	6	<1	<1	<1	✓	6	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Marvel Loch	2	100	110	105	✓	2	432	453	443	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Menzies	2	105	110	108	✓	2	440	462	451	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.3	0.3	✓
Merredin	2	99	105	102	✓	2	433	441	437	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Miling	2	100	115	108	✓	2	434	480	457	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Mukinbudin	2	100	110	105	✓	2	423	479	451	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Muntadgin	2	100	115	108	✓	2	434	453	444	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Narembeen	2	105	115	110	✓	2	439	458	449	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Norseman	2	105	115	110	✓	2	455	475	465	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Northam	2	110	110	110	✓	2	441	449	445	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Nungarin	2	98	105	102	✓	2	436	439	438	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Ora Banda	2	105	110	108	✓	2	454	486	470	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Pithara	2	105	110	108	✓	2	441	455	448	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.3	0.3	✓
Quairading	2	105	115	110	✓	2	429	460	445	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.1	0.1	✓
Seabrook	2	100	105	103	✓	2	420	448	434	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Shackleton	2	100	105	103	✓	2	435	456	446	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Southern Cross	2	105	110	108	✓	2	421	460	441	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Spencers Brook	2	98	105	102	✓	2	415	436	426	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Tammin	2	105	115	110	✓	2	412	455	434	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Toodyay	2	105	105	105	✓	2	433	438	436	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Trayning	2	105	115	110	✓	2	431	470	451	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Warralakin	2	105	110	108	✓	2	421	454	438	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	1.2	0.7	✓
Westonia	2	105	110	108	✓	2	419	449	434	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Wiluna	2	59	66	63	✓	2	401	424	413	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Wongan Hills	2	100	110	105	✓	2	440	481	461	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Wubin	2	100	120	110	✓	2	437	489	463	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Wyalkatchem	2	100	105	103	✓	2	430	437	434	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
York	2	100	110	105	✓	2	427	451	439	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓

(1) Elevated TDS associated with the ability for the scheme to meet demand. Experience shows that TDS at this level is not objectionable to our customers.

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Table 16 Health related variables

South West Region	<i>E. coli</i>				Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>			Fluoride				Hydrocarbons		Metals		
Locality	Samples Taken	Samples >0 cfu/100mL	Max cfu/100mL	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Samples with Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met
									Min	Max	Mean					
Allanson	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	4	0.85	0.90	0.86	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Augusta	59	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	2	0.20	0.25	0.23	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Australind	117	0	0	✓	117	0	✓	55	0.50	1.00	0.80	(2)	1	✓	5	✓
Balingup	13	0	0	✓	6	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Binningup	52	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Boyanup	52	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.15	0.20	0.18	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Boyup Brook	52	0	0	✓	19	0	✓	2	0.10	0.15	0.13	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Bridgetown	65	0	0	✓	38	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Brunswick Junction	52	0	0	✓	24	0	✓	2	0.75	0.80	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Capel	52	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	2	0.15	0.20	0.18	✓	2	✓	2	✓
Collie	78	0	0	✓	48	0	✓	52	0.70	0.95	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Cowaramup	52	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	0.20	0.30	0.25	✓	2	✓	2	✓
Dalyellup	65	0	0	✓	39	0	✓	54	0.65	0.95	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Dardanup	26	0	0	✓	26	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Darkan	14	0	<1	✓	10	0	✓	4	0.80	1.20	0.93	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Donnybrook	52	0	0	✓	35	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	5	✓
Dunsborough	95	0	0	✓	95	0	✓	57	0.45	1.10	0.91	(3)	0	(1)	2	✓
Eaton	78	0	0	✓	78	0	✓	54	0.55	0.85	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Greenbushes	26	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Harvey	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	52	0.30	1.00	0.85	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Hester	13	0	0	✓	7	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Kirup	13	0	0	✓	7	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Logue Brook	12	0	0	✓	7	0	✓	2	0.50	0.75	0.63	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Manjimup	65	0	0	✓	44	0	✓	53	0.70	0.85	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	3	✓
Margaret River	78	0	0	✓	45	0	✓	2	0.20	0.25	0.23	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Mullalyup	13	0	0	✓	6	0	✓	2	0.15	0.15	0.15	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Myalup	13	0	0	✓	13	0	✓	2	0.85	0.90	0.88	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Nannup	52	0	0	✓	19	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Northcliffe	13	0	0	✓	7	0	✓	2	<0.1	0.55	0.28	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Pemberton	52	0	0	✓	17	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Peppermint Grove	52	0	0	✓	11	0	✓	2	0.25	0.25	0.25	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Preston Beach	52	0	0	✓	20	0	✓	2	0.10	0.15	0.13	✓	1	✓	2	✓
Quinninup	12	0	0	✓	6	0	✓	2	0.60	0.70	0.65	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Waroona	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	53	0.55	1.00	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Yarloop	13	0	0	✓	9	0	✓	2	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	1	✓	2	✓

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period (2) Receives water from a fluoridated source within the dosing range set by the Fluoridation of Water Supplies Advisory Committee (3) Naturally occurring fluoride above the ADWG guideline - scheme undergoes defluoridation

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Table 17 Health related variables

South West Region	Health related variables															
Locality	Samples Taken	Nitrate				Pesticides		Radiological		Trihalomethanes					Other Health Related	
		Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Requirement Met
		Min	Max	Mean							Min	Max	Mean			
Allanson	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.067	0.110	0.089	✓	0	(1)
Augusta	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.008	0.011	0.009	✓	0	(1)
Australind	9	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	2	✓	0	(1)	4	0.007	0.057	0.025	✓	3	✓
Balingup	2	0.4	0.9	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.026	0.060	0.043	✓	0	(1)
Binningup	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.037	0.059	0.048	✓	0	(1)
Boyanup	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Boyup Brook	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.076	0.098	0.087	✓	0	(1)
Bridgetown	4	0.4	0.9	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.043	0.091	0.067	✓	0	(1)
Brunswick Junction	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.008	0.009	0.008	✓	0	(1)
Capel	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	1	✓
Collie	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.041	0.088	0.065	✓	0	(1)
Cowaramup	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.062	0.140	0.093	✓	0	(1)
Dalyellup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.030	0.060	0.045	✓	0	(1)
Dardanup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Darkan	2	0.4	0.4	0.4	✓	2	✓	2	✓	3	0.140	0.170	0.157	✓	1	✓
Donnybrook	2	7.9	13.6	11.0	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.003	0.009	0.006	✓	0	(1)
Dunsborough	3	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.012	0.026	0.019	✓	0	(1)
Eaton	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Greenbushes	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.050	0.058	0.054	✓	0	(1)
Harvey	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.055	0.074	0.065	✓	1	✓
Hester TWS	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.100	0.120	0.110	✓	0	(1)
Kirup	4	0.4	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.041	0.060	0.051	✓	0	(1)
Logue Brook	2	1.3	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.024	0.045	0.035	✓	1	✓
Manjimup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	2	✓	0	(1)	2	0.057	0.075	0.066	✓	0	(1)
Margaret River	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.068	0.120	0.094	✓	1	✓
Mullalup	4	0.4	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.072	0.140	0.106	✓	0	(1)
Myalup	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.078	0.130	0.104	✓	0	(1)
Nannup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.031	0.056	0.044	✓	0	(1)
Northcliffe	2	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.056	0.059	0.058	✓	1	✓
Pemberton	2	1.3	1.8	1.3	✓	4	✓	0	(1)	2	0.072	0.110	0.091	✓	0	(1)
Peppermint Grove	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Preston Beach	4	4.0	4.8	4.4	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.077	0.120	0.101	✓	0	(1)
Quinninup	2	<0.2	0.9	0.4	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.076	0.083	0.080	✓	0	(1)
Waroona	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.033	0.037	0.035	✓	1	✓
Yarloop	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	✓	2	0.035	0.044	0.040	✓	0	(1)

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period.

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Table 18 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

South West Region	Alkalinity (as CaCO3)			Aluminium			Chloride			Hardness										
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met					
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean						
Allanson	2	9	14	12	(1)	2	0.008	0.014	0.011	✓	2	65	80	73	✓	2	34	41	38	✓
Augusta	2	49	72	61	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	135	145	140	✓	2	85	110	98	✓
Australind	9	100	140	126	(1)	9	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	9	145	170	161	✓	9	78	120	96	✓
Balingup	2	98	120	109	(1)	2	<0.008	0.020	0.010	✓	2	95	100	98	✓	2	120	140	130	✓
Binningup	2	36	36	36	(1)	2	0.010	0.012	0.011	✓	2	55	60	58	✓	2	53	57	55	✓
Boyanup	4	110	120	118	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	90	100	96	✓	4	99	110	102	✓
Boyup Brook	2	97	120	109	(1)	2	0.012	0.014	0.013	✓	2	100	120	110	✓	2	120	140	130	✓
Bridgetown	4	92	120	108	(1)	4	<0.008	0.030	0.018	✓	4	95	110	103	✓	4	110	140	123	✓
Brunswick Junction	2	120	150	135	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	170	170	170	✓	2	79	84	82	✓
Capel	4	69	79	74	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	60	60	60	✓	4	45	49	48	✓
Collie	4	10	14	11	(1)	4	<0.008	0.014	0.010	✓	4	70	75	74	✓	4	33	37	35	✓
Cowaramup	4	27	43	37	(1)	4	0.010	0.025	0.020	✓	4	90	95	91	✓	4	36	41	38	✓
Dalyellup	2	130	150	140	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	100	165	133	✓	2	76	88	82	✓
Dardanup	2	54	63	59	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	90	90	90	✓	2	28	28	28	✓
Darkan	2	16	17	17	(1)	2	0.010	0.014	0.012	✓	2	75	80	78	✓	2	46	46	46	✓
Donnybrook	2	77	90	84	(1)	2	0.075	0.220	0.148	✓	2	195	230	213	✓	2	89	97	93	✓
Dunsborough	3	140	160	150	(1)	3	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	3	150	185	170	✓	3	72	74	73	✓
Eaton	2	110	110	110	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	135	135	135	✓	2	120	120	120	✓
Greenbushes	2	100	110	105	(1)	2	<0.008	0.016	<0.008	✓	2	100	105	103	✓	2	120	120	120	✓
Harvey	2	38	41	40	(1)	2	0.010	0.012	0.011	✓	2	39	55	47	✓	2	45	53	49	✓
Hester TWS	4	96	120	114	(1)	4	<0.008	0.025	0.013	✓	4	90	125	106	✓	4	110	130	125	✓
Kirup	4	96	120	107	(1)	4	0.008	0.040	0.030	✓	4	95	110	104	✓	4	120	140	128	✓
Logue Brook	2	52	60	56	(1)	2	0.050	0.050	0.050	✓	2	65	90	78	✓	2	55	61	58	✓
Manjimup	2	56	61	59	(1)	2	0.030	0.045	0.038	✓	2	85	100	93	✓	2	94	94	94	✓
Margaret River	4	27	43	37	(1)	4	0.010	0.025	0.018	✓	4	90	95	91	✓	4	36	45	40	✓
Mullalyup	4	100	120	108	(1)	4	<0.008	0.030	0.014	✓	4	100	105	103	✓	4	110	130	123	✓
Myalup	2	37	40	39	(1)	2	0.010	0.012	0.011	✓	2	60	60	60	✓	2	56	64	60	✓
Nannup	2	27	32	30	(1)	2	<0.008	0.018	0.009	✓	2	65	75	70	✓	2	74	89	82	✓
Northcliffe	2	38	55	47	(1)	2	0.030	0.030	0.030	✓	2	85	85	85	✓	2	53	81	67	✓
Pemberton	2	23	24	24	(1)	2	0.012	0.025	0.019	✓	2	90	95	93	✓	2	54	56	55	✓
Peppermint Grove	2	85	86	86	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	60	65	63	✓	2	53	55	54	✓
Preston Beach	4	270	290	283	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	165	190	176	✓	4	310	310	310	(2)
Quinninup	2	50	58	54	(1)	2	0.025	0.045	0.035	✓	2	85	95	90	✓	2	82	99	91	✓
Waroona	2	41	53	47	(1)	2	0.010	0.025	0.018	✓	2	36	55	46	✓	2	58	64	61	✓
Yarloop	2	43	45	44	(1)	2	0.010	0.020	0.015	✓	2	40	40	40	✓	2	50	51	51	✓

(1) No guideline value available as per ADWG 2011. (2) Elevated hardness is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 19 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																				
South West Region	Iron				Manganese				pH				Silicon							
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (pH units)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Allanson	2	0.045	0.060	0.053	✓	2	0.012	0.014	0.013	✓	2	6.66	6.73	6.70	✓	2	1.5	1.9	1.7	✓
Augusta	2	0.050	0.180	0.115	✓	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	7.16	7.54	7.35	✓	2	13.0	15.0	14.0	✓
Australind	9	0.015	0.060	0.031	✓	9	<0.002	0.005	<0.002	✓	9	7.00	8.22	7.65	✓	9	20.0	50.0	36.7	✓
Balingup	2	0.030	0.120	0.075	✓	2	0.003	0.004	0.004	✓	2	8.01	8.23	8.12	✓	2	4.2	15.0	9.6	✓
Binningup	2	0.020	0.045	0.033	✓	2	0.005	0.018	0.012	✓	2	7.43	7.49	7.46	✓	2	5.6	5.8	5.7	✓
Boyanup	4	0.010	0.030	0.023	✓	4	<0.002	0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.85	7.94	7.37	✓	4	18.0	19.0	18.3	✓
Boyup Brook	2	0.030	0.050	0.040	✓	2	0.004	0.009	0.007	✓	2	7.82	8.10	7.96	✓	2	0.9	2.4	1.7	✓
Bridgetown	4	0.015	0.070	0.048	✓	4	<0.002	0.018	0.008	✓	4	7.52	8.11	7.80	✓	4	2.7	6.6	4.8	✓
Brunswick Junction	2	0.010	0.020	0.015	✓	2	<0.002	0.003	<0.002	✓	2	7.87	7.92	7.90	✓	2	45.0	50.0	47.5	✓
Capel	4	0.060	0.070	0.065	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.57	6.94	6.81	✓	4	14.0	15.0	14.3	✓
Collie	4	0.020	0.120	0.065	✓	4	0.004	0.014	0.011	✓	4	6.45	6.72	6.65	✓	4	1.4	3.1	2.3	✓
Cowaramup	4	0.060	0.180	0.115	✓	4	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	4	7.48	7.67	7.59	✓	4	7.0	7.7	7.4	✓
Dalyellup	2	0.045	0.060	0.053	✓	2	0.006	0.010	0.008	✓	2	7.67	7.73	7.70	✓	2	15.0	16.0	15.5	✓
Dardanup	2	0.006	0.010	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.28	7.32	7.30	✓	2	19.0	20.0	19.5	✓
Darkan	2	0.050	0.060	0.055	✓	2	0.008	0.010	0.009	✓	3	7.20	7.43	7.29	✓	2	2.6	3.2	2.9	✓
Donnybrook	2	0.006	0.010	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	0.006	0.003	✓	2	7.20	7.29	7.25	✓	2	9.3	13.0	11.2	✓
Dunsborough	3	0.004	0.015	0.008	✓	3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	3	8.25	8.31	8.28	✓	3	16.0	16.0	16.0	✓
Eaton	2	0.050	0.060	0.055	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.23	7.42	7.33	✓	2	27.0	29.0	28.0	✓
Greenbushes	2	0.035	0.035	0.035	✓	2	0.003	0.005	0.004	✓	2	7.90	7.98	7.94	✓	2	3.2	4.0	3.6	✓
Harvey	2	0.025	0.030	0.028	✓	2	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	2	7.37	7.47	7.42	✓	2	2.7	5.5	4.1	✓
Hester TWS	4	0.025	0.060	0.044	✓	4	0.004	0.010	0.006	✓	4	7.79	8.31	8.15	✓	4	1.6	4.1	2.5	✓
Kirup	4	0.015	0.050	0.030	✓	4	<0.002	0.005	<0.002	✓	4	7.95	8.25	8.16	✓	4	3.4	7.8	5.3	✓
Logue Brook	2	0.035	0.040	0.038	✓	2	<0.002	0.012	0.006	✓	2	7.52	7.74	7.63	✓	2	4.2	7.5	5.9	✓
Manjimup	2	0.030	0.060	0.045	✓	2	0.006	0.016	0.011	✓	2	7.92	8.24	8.08	✓	2	6.3	7.1	6.7	✓
Margaret River	4	0.060	0.180	0.115	✓	4	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	4	7.27	7.63	7.48	✓	4	6.8	7.9	7.4	✓
Mullalyup	4	0.020	0.025	0.021	✓	4	<0.002	0.004	<0.002	✓	4	7.88	8.03	7.95	✓	4	4.0	17.0	7.4	✓
Myalup	2	0.040	0.050	0.045	✓	2	0.003	0.016	0.010	✓	2	7.37	7.90	7.64	✓	2	5.8	6.0	5.9	✓
Nannup	2	0.015	0.035	0.025	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.16	7.43	7.30	✓	2	2.7	8.9	5.8	✓
Northcliffe	2	0.010	0.025	0.018	✓	2	0.003	0.012	0.008	✓	2	7.69	7.86	7.78	✓	2	4.5	6.9	5.7	✓
Pemberton	2	0.015	0.015	0.015	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.54	7.60	7.57	✓	2	4.6	5.3	5.0	✓
Peppermint Grove	2	0.035	0.050	0.043	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	6.93	7.55	7.24	✓	2	14.0	15.0	14.5	✓
Preston Beach	4	0.008	0.010	0.010	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	8.00	8.28	8.16	✓	4	16.0	16.0	16.0	✓
Quinninup	2	0.030	0.035	0.033	✓	2	0.002	0.010	0.006	✓	2	7.89	8.26	8.08	✓	2	6.5	7.0	6.8	✓
Waroona	2	0.006	0.008	0.007	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.59	7.77	7.68	✓	2	3.0	5.5	4.3	✓
Yarloop	2	0.010	0.015	0.013	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.96	7.98	7.97	✓	2	2.5	3.3	2.9	✓

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Table 20 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

South West Region	Sodium			Total Dissolved Solids			True Colour			Turbidity										
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (TCU)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (NTU)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Allanson	2	36	43	40	✓	2	149	178	164	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.5	0.4	✓
Augusta	2	71	75	73	✓	2	344	369	357	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.8	0.4	✓
Australind	9	97	130	112	✓	9	501	557	525	✓	9	<1	2	<1	✓	9	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Balingup	2	49	49	49	✓	2	338	386	362	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.3	0.3	✓
Binningup	2	32	32	32	✓	2	169	176	173	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.4	0.4	✓
Boyanup	4	58	62	60	✓	4	370	391	383	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Boyup Brook	2	52	61	57	✓	2	338	400	369	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.4	0.4	✓
Bridgetown	4	48	57	52	✓	4	334	388	361	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.9	0.5	✓
Brunswick Junction	2	120	130	125	✓	2	532	577	555	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Capel	4	44	47	46	✓	4	254	267	260	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Collie	4	37	39	39	✓	4	153	168	160	✓	4	1	3	2	✓	4	0.2	1	0.5	✓
Cowaramup	4	48	51	50	✓	4	221	248	236	✓	4	<1	4	2	✓	4	0.2	0.5	0.4	✓
Dalyellup	2	79	125	102	✓	2	418	549	484	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Dardanup	2	64	65	65	✓	2	257	273	265	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Darkan	2	39	40	40	✓	2	176	184	180	✓	2	<1	1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.4	0.4	✓
Donnybrook	2	130	150	140	✓	2	482	562	522	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Dunsborough	3	145	160	155	✓	3	570	628	600	✓	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Eaton	2	70	76	73	✓	2	438	442	440	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Greenbushes	2	51	54	53	✓	2	356	357	357	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Harvey	2	22	32	27	✓	2	135	172	154	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Hester TWS	4	49	63	55	✓	4	323	401	368	✓	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.5	0.4	✓
Kirup	4	51	58	54	✓	4	344	398	366	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.4	0.3	✓
Logue Brook	2	40	52	46	✓	2	203	260	232	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Manjimup	2	44	52	48	✓	2	276	299	288	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Margaret River	4	48	55	51	✓	4	219	260	240	✓	4	1	4	3	✓	4	0.2	0.6	0.4	✓
Mullalyup	4	49	56	52	✓	4	340	388	363	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Myalup	2	29	33	31	✓	2	178	179	179	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Nannup	2	50	58	54	✓	2	266	308	287	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Northcliffe	2	50	58	54	✓	2	258	280	269	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.4	0.3	✓
Pemberton	2	61	63	62	✓	2	258	270	264	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Peppermint Grove	2	45	46	46	✓	2	276	279	278	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Preston Beach	4	93	110	103	✓	4	772	806	787	(1)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Quinninup	2	51	53	52	✓	2	277	301	289	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.4	0.4	✓
Waroona	2	18	27	23	✓	2	147	175	161	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Yarloop	2	24	25	25	✓	2	143	148	146	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓

(1) Elevated TDS is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 21 Health related variables

Great Southern Region	E. coli			Thermophilic Naegleria			Fluoride				Hydrocarbons		Metals			
	Samples Taken	Samples >0 cfu/100mL	Max cfu/100mL	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Samples with Thermophilic Naegleria	Requirement Met	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	
								Min	Max	Mean						
Albany	169	0	0	✓	169	0	✓	52	0.70	0.90	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	8	✓
Boddington	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	4	0.70	0.90	0.79	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Borden	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Bremer Bay	52	0	0	✓	35	0	✓	5	0.50	0.55	0.54	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Brookton	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	4	0.75	0.90	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Broomehill	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.90	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Bullaring	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.90	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Condungup	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	0.30	0.30	0.30	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Cranbrook	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	0.10	0.10	0.10	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Cuballing	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.70	0.85	0.79	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Denmark	65	0	0	✓	44	0	✓	3	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Dudin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Dumbleyung	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.90	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Esperance	91	0	0	✓	68	0	✓	52	0.70	0.90	0.81	(2)	2	✓	4	✓
Frankland	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	2	✓	2	✓
Gibson	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	0.30	0.35	0.33	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Gnowangerup	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	4	0.80	0.90	0.85	(2)	0	(3)	2	✓
Grass Patch	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Harrismith	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.85	0.95	0.88	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Highbury	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Hopetoun	52	0	0	✓	35	0	✓	2	0.10	0.10	0.10	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Hyden	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.70	0.90	0.80	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Jerramungup	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Karlgarin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.70	0.85	0.79	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Katanning	65	0	0	✓	65	0	✓	52	0.75	0.95	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kendenup	12	0	0	✓	7	0	✓	4	0.65	0.85	0.78	(2)	2	✓	2	✓
Kojonup	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	4	0.80	0.90	0.86	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kondinin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.84	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Kukerin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Kulin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.85	0.90	0.86	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Lake Grace	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	4	0.70	0.85	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Lake King	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Mt Barker	52	0	0	✓	35	0	✓	52	0.65	0.90	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Munglinup	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	4	0.55	0.85	0.73	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Muradup	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Narrikup	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	4	0.70	0.85	0.78	(2)	2	✓	2	✓
Narrogin	65	0	0	✓	65	0	✓	52	0.70	0.90	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Newdegate	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.70	0.90	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Nyabing	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Ongerup	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Pingaring	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Pingelly	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	4	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Pingrup	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Popanyinning	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.70	0.90	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Porongurup	7	0	0	(4)	6	0	(4)	3	0.75	0.80	0.77	(4)	0	(1)	2	✓
Ravensthorpe	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Rocky Gully	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	4	0.70	0.80	0.76	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Salmon Gums	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.75	0.80	0.78	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Tambellup	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Tincurrin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.70	0.90	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Varley	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Wagin	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	5	0.75	0.85	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Walpole	52	0	0	✓	35	0	✓	2	0.10	0.25	0.18	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Wandering	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.70	0.90	0.79	(2)	0	(3)	2	✓
Wellstead	12	0	0	✓	8	0	✓	4	0.70	0.75	0.73	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Wickepin	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Williams	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.75	0.90	0.83	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Woodanilling	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.65	0.90	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Yealering	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	4	0.80	0.85	0.84	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period. (2) Receives water from a fluoridated source within the dosing range set by the Fluoridation of Water Supplies Advisory Committee. (3) Due to an instrumentation issue at an external laboratory a hydrocarbon sample due this financial year has been rescheduled to early 2023-24. (4) New locality in December 2022, therefore not a full year of sampling for all parameters - samples taken met guideline values.

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Table 22 Health related variables

Great Southern Region	Health related variables															
Locality	Samples Taken	Nitrate			Guideline Met	Pesticides		Radiological		Trihalomethanes				Other Health Related		
		Concentration (mg/L)				Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Requirement Met
		Min	Max	Mean						Min	Max	Mean				
Albany	20	0.9	1.8	1.3	✓	4	✓	0	(1)	19	0.061	0.160	0.104	✓	0	(1)
Boddington	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.061	0.100	0.088	✓	0	(1)
Borden	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.026	0.031	0.029	✓	0	(1)
Bremer Bay	5	27.3	30.4	29.0	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.061	0.080	0.071	✓	0	(1)
Brookton	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.032	0.076	0.054	✓	0	(1)
Broomehill	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.062	0.100	0.076	✓	0	(1)
Bullaring	4	<0.2	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.073	0.099	0.088	✓	0	(1)
Condingup	4	1.8	2.6	2.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.003	0.010	0.006	✓	0	(1)
Cranbrook	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.045	0.120	0.070	✓	0	(1)
Cuballing	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.042	0.074	0.057	✓	0	(1)
Denmark	4	0.4	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.042	0.100	0.066	✓	2	✓
Dudinin	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.056	0.084	0.073	✓	0	(1)
Dumbleyung	2	0.4	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.075	0.110	0.098	✓	0	(1)
Esperance	8	9.2	14.5	12.8	✓	2	✓	4	✓	4	0.016	0.068	0.030	✓	2	✓
Frankland	4	<0.2	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.038	0.053	0.044	✓	2	✓
Gibson	4	8.4	12.8	10.6	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	0.053	0.095	0.074	✓	1	✓
Gnowangerup	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.025	0.041	0.034	✓	2	✓
Grass Patch	4	10.1	13.2	11.9	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.019	0.052	0.036	✓	0	(1)
Harrismith	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.120	0.190	0.143	✓	0	(1)
Highbury	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.035	0.056	0.048	✓	1	✓
Hopetoun	5	0.9	4.0	2.6	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.013	0.013	0.013	✓	0	(1)
Hyden	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.120	0.150	0.133	✓	0	(1)
Jerramungup	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.033	0.050	0.042	✓	0	(1)
Karlgarin	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.100	0.140	0.118	✓	0	(1)
Katanning	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.028	0.063	0.052	✓	0	(1)
Kendenup	4	1.3	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.082	0.150	0.123	✓	2	✓
Kojonup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	1	✓	4	0.062	0.100	0.090	✓	0	(1)
Kondinin	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.140	0.180	0.160	✓	0	(1)
Kukerin	4	<0.2	0.4	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.068	0.130	0.100	✓	0	(1)
Kulin	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.110	0.180	0.150	✓	0	(1)
Lake Grace	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.093	0.120	0.108	✓	0	(1)
Lake King	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.063	0.083	0.073	✓	0	(1)
Mt Barker	5	0.9	1.8	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	5	0.079	0.160	0.120	✓	0	(1)
Munglinup	4	11.9	14.1	12.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.047	0.069	0.056	✓	0	(1)
Muradup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.052	0.087	0.068	✓	0	(1)
Narrikup	4	0.9	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.078	0.140	0.117	✓	2	✓
Narrogin	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.030	0.073	0.047	✓	0	(1)
Newdegate	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.067	0.096	0.084	✓	0	(1)
Nyabing	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.066	0.066	0.066	✓	0	(1)
Ongerup	2	<0.2	0.9	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.022	0.032	0.027	✓	0	(1)
Pingaring	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.110	0.220	0.168	✓	0	(1)
Pingelly	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.059	0.100	0.075	✓	0	(1)
Pingrup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.048	0.063	0.053	✓	0	(1)
Popanyinning	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.052	0.100	0.075	✓	0	(1)
Porongurup	3	0.9	1.3	0.9	(2)	1	✓	2	✓	3	0.067	0.084	0.078	(2)	2	✓
Ravensthorpe	4	<0.2	4.0	0.9	✓	4	✓	0	(1)	4	0.020	0.066	0.045	✓	0	(1)
Rocky Gully	4	1.3	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.083	0.090	0.087	✓	0	(1)
Salmon Gums	4	11.4	14.5	13.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.051	0.070	0.061	✓	0	(1)
Tambellup	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.040	0.062	0.051	✓	0	(1)
Tincurrin	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.049	0.120	0.085	✓	0	(1)
Varley	3	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	3	0.020	0.035	0.030	✓	0	(1)
Wagin	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	5	0.054	0.098	0.072	✓	0	(1)
Walpole	4	0.9	2.6	1.8	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.062	0.140	0.089	✓	0	(1)
Wandering	2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.062	0.110	0.084	✓	2	✓
Wellstead	4	0.9	1.3	1.3	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.060	0.100	0.081	✓	1	✓
Wickepin	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.054	0.067	0.062	✓	0	(1)
Williams	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.040	0.100	0.068	✓	0	(1)
Woodanilling	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.044	0.140	0.091	✓	1	✓
Yealering	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.072	0.092	0.082	✓	0	(1)

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period. (2) New locality in December 2022, therefore not a full year of sampling for all parameters - samples taken met guideline values.

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Table 23 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Great Southern Region	Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																			
	Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)					Aluminium					Chloride					Hardness				
	Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)		
Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	Min			Max	Mean	
Albany	20	190	230	216	(1)	20	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	20	100	175	136	✓	20	240	300	263	(3)
Boddington	2	6	12	9	(1)	2	0.016	0.025	0.021	✓	2	60	70	65	✓	2	30	41	36	✓
Borden	2	15	17	16	(1)	2	0.035	0.040	0.038	✓	2	14	17	16	✓	2	18	20	19	✓
Bremer Bay	5	270	290	280	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	160	170	164	✓	5	220	220	220	(3)
Brookton	2	9	14	12	(1)	2	0.016	0.025	0.021	✓	2	75	80	78	✓	2	39	51	45	✓
Broomehill	2	11	13	12	(1)	2	0.016	0.018	0.017	✓	2	85	90	88	✓	2	45	51	48	✓
Bullaring	4	22	25	23	(1)	4	<0.008	0.020	<0.008	✓	4	80	95	86	✓	4	52	61	59	✓
Condingup	4	120	140	128	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	355	385	373	(2)	4	71	78	75	✓
Cranbrook	2	7	8	8	(1)	2	0.010	0.035	0.023	✓	2	16	17	17	✓	2	12	14	13	✓
Cuballing	2	3	9	6	(1)	2	0.014	0.025	0.020	✓	2	65	90	78	✓	2	29	46	38	✓
Denmark	4	4	6	5	(1)	4	0.012	0.035	0.022	✓	4	165	205	184	✓	4	54	70	63	✓
Dudinin	4	20	28	24	(1)	4	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	4	70	90	81	✓	4	46	64	57	✓
Dumbleyung	2	21	24	23	(1)	2	0.010	0.018	0.014	✓	2	65	90	78	✓	2	49	61	55	✓
Esperance	8	260	280	271	(1)	8	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	8	185	215	203	✓	8	330	370	349	(3)
Frankland	4	1	2	1	(1)	4	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	4	15	19	17	✓	4	11	15	12	✓
Gibson	4	67	72	70	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	215	230	221	✓	4	40	49	43	✓
Gnowangerup	4	15	22	19	(1)	4	0.020	0.030	0.025	✓	4	85	90	88	✓	4	54	63	59	✓
Grass Patch	4	270	280	275	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	205	220	209	✓	4	340	380	363	(3)
Harrismith	4	14	28	19	(1)	4	<0.008	0.016	0.009	✓	4	75	90	83	✓	4	51	65	56	✓
Highbury	4	6	11	7	(1)	4	0.008	0.025	0.017	✓	4	65	90	75	✓	4	31	47	36	✓
Hopetoun	5	68	130	107	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	240	290	270	(2)	5	65	160	118	✓
Hyden	4	15	25	18	(1)	4	0.020	0.035	0.026	✓	4	75	85	81	✓	4	51	62	56	✓
Jerramungup	4	6	10	8	(1)	4	<0.008	0.020	0.013	✓	4	30	36	33	✓	4	8	16	13	✓
Karlgarin	2	15	20	18	(1)	2	0.010	0.020	0.015	✓	2	75	85	80	✓	2	48	57	53	✓
Katanning	4	11	15	14	(1)	4	0.008	0.016	0.013	✓	4	80	95	86	✓	4	43	51	46	✓
Kendenup	4	190	220	213	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	130	155	145	✓	4	270	280	273	(3)
Kojonup	2	14	17	16	(1)	2	0.018	0.020	0.019	✓	2	85	90	88	✓	2	49	52	51	✓
Kondinin	4	15	20	17	(1)	4	0.014	0.030	0.020	✓	4	80	90	85	✓	4	52	59	56	✓
Kukerin	4	14	23	19	(1)	4	0.008	0.016	0.013	✓	4	70	90	79	✓	4	48	61	56	✓
Kulin	4	14	20	16	(1)	4	<0.008	0.025	0.012	✓	4	80	85	84	✓	4	46	58	51	✓
Lake Grace	4	17	25	22	(1)	4	0.008	0.020	0.016	✓	4	70	90	81	✓	4	52	61	56	✓
Lake King	2	20	21	21	(1)	2	0.016	0.025	0.021	✓	2	85	90	88	✓	2	59	59	59	✓
Mt Barker	5	210	230	216	(1)	5	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	5	140	150	148	✓	5	270	280	272	(3)
Munglinup	4	250	270	260	(1)	4	<0.008	0.010	<0.008	✓	4	200	220	208	✓	4	320	350	343	(3)
Muradup	2	16	21	19	(1)	2	0.030	0.030	0.030	✓	2	90	90	90	✓	2	54	60	57	✓
Narrikup	4	190	230	213	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	115	150	134	✓	4	240	270	260	(3)
Narrogin	4	4	11	7	(1)	4	0.008	0.014	0.011	✓	4	65	90	75	✓	4	30	45	36	✓
Newdegate	2	21	24	23	(1)	2	0.018	0.025	0.022	✓	2	75	85	80	✓	2	52	58	55	✓
Nyabing	2	11	13	12	(1)	2	0.012	0.014	0.013	✓	2	85	85	85	✓	2	49	50	50	✓
Ongerup	2	9	11	10	(1)	2	0.014	0.030	0.022	✓	2	14	16	15	✓	2	12	13	13	✓
Pingaring	4	22	32	27	(1)	4	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	4	75	100	86	✓	4	57	72	66	✓
Pingelly	2	6	11	9	(1)	2	0.014	0.014	0.014	✓	2	75	85	80	✓	2	37	47	42	✓
Pingrup	2	10	13	12	(1)	2	<0.008	0.012	<0.008	✓	2	85	95	90	✓	2	46	48	47	✓
Popanyinning	4	8	12	9	(1)	4	0.010	0.014	0.012	✓	4	75	85	80	✓	4	36	46	40	✓
Porongurup	3	210	230	217	(1)	3	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	3	115	125	120	✓	3	250	260	253	(3)
Ravensthorpe	4	11	140	47	(1)	4	<0.008	0.020	0.012	✓	4	19	265	88	✓	4	12	150	49	✓
Rocky Gully	4	200	220	213	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	140	150	146	✓	4	260	280	270	(3)
Salmon Gums	4	260	270	268	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	195	210	201	✓	4	350	380	360	(3)
Tambellup	2	21	21	21	(1)	2	0.020	0.035	0.028	✓	2	85	85	85	✓	2	58	60	59	✓
Tincurrin	4	12	18	14	(1)	4	0.012	0.020	0.017	✓	4	70	90	79	✓	4	42	58	49	✓
Varley	3	18	24	21	(1)	3	0.016	0.030	0.021	✓	3	70	90	82	✓	3	47	68	57	✓
Wagin	2	5	7	6	(1)	2	0.012	0.014	0.013	✓	2	70	80	75	✓	2	31	44	38	✓
Walpole	4	17	83	37	(1)	4	<0.008	0.016	0.010	✓	4	135	175	155	✓	4	55	140	79	✓
Wandering	2	10	13	12	(1)	2	0.018	0.040	0.029	✓	2	70	80	75	✓	2	36	41	39	✓
Wellstead	4	210	220	213	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	120	140	129	✓	4	260	280	270	(3)
Wickepin	4	7	13	10	(1)	4	0.010	0.012	0.012	✓	4	70	85	76	✓	4	33	45	39	✓
Williams	2	8	9	9	(1)	1	0.014	0.014	0.014	✓	2	60	70	65	✓	2	26	34	30	✓
Woodanilling	2	8	12	10	(1)	2	0.018	0.018	0.018	✓	2	75	90	83	✓	2	38	49	44	✓
Yealering	4	15	26	20	(1)	4	0.012	0.030	0.020	✓	4	75	85	83	✓	4	47	58	51	✓

(1) No guideline value available as per ADWG 2011. (2) Elevated chloride is characteristic of the source supplying this locality. (3) Elevated hardness is characteristic of the source supplying this locality

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Table 24 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Great Southern Region	Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																			
Locality	Iron					Manganese					pH					Silicon				
	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (pH units)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Albany	20	0.020	0.080	0.048	✓	20	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	20	7.42	7.99	7.71	✓	20.0	10.0	16.0	13.7	✓
Boddington	2	0.040	0.070	0.055	✓	2	0.004	0.006	0.005	✓	2	6.59	7.21	6.90	✓	2.0	2.4	5.4	3.9	✓
Borden	2	0.010	0.015	0.013	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.11	7.12	7.12	✓	2.0	1.5	1.9	1.7	✓
Bremer Bay	5	<0.003	0.010	0.005	✓	5	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	5	7.64	7.89	7.82	✓	5.0	47.0	55.0	50.0	✓
Brookton	2	0.050	0.100	0.075	✓	2	0.003	0.005	0.004	✓	2	7.35	7.46	7.41	✓	2.0	2.3	3.2	2.8	✓
Broomehill	2	0.140	0.160	0.150	✓	2	0.002	0.005	0.004	✓	2	7.30	7.52	7.41	✓	2.0	0.9	1.9	1.4	✓
Bullaring	4	0.015	0.090	0.061	✓	4	<0.002	0.005	0.003	✓	4	7.53	8.20	7.76	✓	4.0	2.3	3.2	2.6	✓
Condongup	4	0.025	0.030	0.026	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.65	6.95	6.80	✓	4.0	60.0	65.0	61.3	✓
Cranbrook	2	0.060	0.070	0.065	✓	2	<0.002	0.003	<0.002	✓	2	6.53	6.65	6.59	✓	2.0	0.7	1.1	0.9	✓
Cuballing	2	0.140	0.160	0.150	✓	2	0.014	0.035	0.025	✓	2	6.36	6.85	6.61	✓	2.0	1.6	4.2	2.9	✓
Denmark	4	0.015	0.025	0.020	✓	4	<0.002	0.018	0.006	✓	4	6.73	7.19	6.92	✓	4.0	4.3	6.6	5.7	✓
Dudinin	4	0.080	0.120	0.110	✓	4	0.003	0.008	0.005	✓	4	9.19	9.64	9.34	(1)	4.0	1.9	3.5	2.6	✓
Dumbleyung	2	0.080	0.120	0.100	✓	2	0.003	0.005	0.004	✓	2	8.02	8.96	8.49	✓	2.0	2.1	3.4	2.8	✓
Esperance	8	<0.003	0.025	0.007	✓	8	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	8	7.26	8.03	7.58	✓	8.0	10.0	12.0	10.8	✓
Frankland	4	0.015	0.030	0.019	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	5.63	6.60	6.02	(2)	4.0	1.3	2.2	1.9	✓
Gibson	4	0.020	0.050	0.039	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.69	7.02	6.85	✓	4.0	43.0	45.0	44.3	✓
Gnowangerup	4	0.080	0.180	0.140	✓	4	0.003	0.007	0.005	✓	4	7.40	7.69	7.52	✓	4.0	1.1	2.2	1.5	✓
Grass Patch	4	0.004	0.035	0.019	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.92	8.24	8.08	✓	4.0	10.0	11.0	10.5	✓
Harrismith	4	0.080	0.140	0.108	✓	4	0.003	0.016	0.008	✓	4	8.06	10.00	9.09	(1)	4.0	2.0	2.8	2.3	✓
Highbury	4	0.090	0.280	0.168	✓	4	0.006	0.035	0.020	✓	4	6.56	6.91	6.76	✓	4.0	1.8	4.4	3.1	✓
Hopetoun	5	0.004	0.040	0.013	✓	5	<0.002	0.012	<0.002	✓	5	7.00	7.46	7.24	✓	5.0	23.0	26.0	25.2	✓
Hyden	4	0.070	0.100	0.080	✓	4	<0.002	0.009	0.004	✓	4	8.27	9.12	8.69	(1)	4.0	2.4	3.0	2.7	✓
Jerramungup	4	0.015	0.025	0.020	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	6.94	7.38	7.15	✓	4.0	3.4	3.8	3.6	✓
Karlgarin	2	0.070	0.090	0.080	✓	2	0.004	0.004	0.004	✓	2	7.67	8.28	7.98	✓	2.0	2.3	3.2	2.8	✓
Katanning	4	0.120	0.180	0.145	✓	4	0.002	0.010	0.006	✓	4	6.94	7.34	7.12	✓	4.0	0.6	2.0	1.1	✓
Kendenup	4	0.020	0.040	0.028	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	8.12	8.29	8.18	✓	4.0	11.0	15.0	13.3	✓
Kojonup	2	0.120	0.200	0.160	✓	2	0.002	0.007	0.005	✓	2	7.31	7.54	7.43	✓	2.0	1.1	2.1	1.6	✓
Kondinin	4	0.070	0.120	0.093	✓	4	0.003	0.020	0.009	✓	4	8.11	8.42	8.30	✓	4.0	2.5	3.7	3.1	✓
Kukerin	4	0.035	0.090	0.071	✓	4	0.002	0.005	0.004	✓	4	7.55	8.67	8.11	✓	4.0	2.2	3.4	2.7	✓
Kulin	4	0.070	0.120	0.090	✓	4	0.004	0.016	0.008	✓	4	7.42	8.93	8.54	(1)	4.0	1.9	3.4	2.6	✓
Lake Grace	4	0.035	0.070	0.059	✓	4	0.002	0.005	0.004	✓	4	7.82	8.76	8.34	✓	4.0	2.1	3.1	2.7	✓
Lake King	2	0.060	0.090	0.075	✓	2	0.005	0.006	0.006	✓	2	7.54	7.67	7.61	✓	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.5	✓
Mt Barker	5	0.025	0.060	0.043	✓	5	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	5	7.85	8.18	8.02	✓	5.0	11.0	14.0	12.8	✓
Munglinup	4	0.004	0.025	0.012	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.90	8.21	8.09	✓	4.0	10.0	13.0	11.5	✓
Muradup	2	0.200	0.260	0.230	✓	2	0.005	0.014	0.010	✓	2	7.38	7.50	7.44	✓	2.0	1.0	1.6	1.3	✓
Narrikup	4	0.025	0.045	0.035	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.77	7.89	7.82	✓	4.0	12.0	16.0	13.5	✓
Narrogin	4	0.100	0.160	0.125	✓	4	0.008	0.014	0.012	✓	4	6.63	7.06	6.81	✓	4.0	1.9	4.3	3.0	✓
Newdegate	2	0.080	0.120	0.100	✓	2	0.003	0.004	0.004	✓	2	7.48	7.75	7.62	✓	2.0	2.3	3.1	2.7	✓
Nyabing	2	0.100	0.180	0.140	✓	2	<0.002	0.004	<0.002	✓	2	6.89	6.91	6.90	✓	2.0	0.6	1.4	1.0	✓
Ongerup	2	0.004	0.004	0.004	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.01	7.16	7.09	✓	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	✓
Pingaring	4	0.035	0.080	0.060	✓	4	<0.002	0.003	<0.002	✓	4	9.51	10.10	9.71	(1)	4.0	2.3	3.0	2.6	✓
Pingelly	2	0.080	0.120	0.100	✓	2	0.005	0.009	0.007	✓	2	6.65	6.98	6.82	✓	2.0	2.2	4.0	3.1	✓
Pingrup	2	0.100	0.160	0.130	✓	2	<0.002	0.002	<0.002	✓	2	6.72	7.04	6.88	✓	2.0	0.4	1.9	1.2	✓
Popanyinning	4	0.080	0.120	0.095	✓	4	0.003	0.016	0.009	✓	4	6.79	7.20	7.01	✓	4.0	1.8	3.1	2.4	✓
Porongurup	3	0.040	0.045	0.042	✓	3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	3	8.28	8.41	8.36	✓	3.0	13.0	15.0	14.0	✓
Ravensthorpe	4	0.004	0.020	0.011	✓	4	<0.002	0.007	<0.002	✓	4	7.19	7.82	7.41	✓	4.0	1.9	27.0	9.2	✓
Rocky Gully	4	0.025	0.090	0.043	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	8.26	8.45	8.37	✓	4.0	12.0	14.0	13.0	✓
Salmon Gums	4	<0.003	0.006	0.004	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	8.14	8.42	8.33	✓	4.0	9.6	12.0	10.7	✓
Tambellup	2	0.090	0.180	0.135	✓	2	0.003	0.007	0.005	✓	2	7.77	8.21	7.99	✓	2.0	1.1	1.5	1.3	✓
Tincurrin	4	0.120	0.240	0.180	✓	4	0.004	0.016	0.009	✓	4	7.07	7.27	7.18	✓	4.0	2.1	3.6	2.8	✓
Varley	3	0.060	0.100	0.080	✓	3	0.004	0.016	0.008	✓	3	7.09	7.71	7.50	✓	3.0	2.1	3.7	2.8	✓
Wagin	2	0.070	0.140	0.105	✓	2	0.004	0.016	0.010	✓	2	6.81	7.08	6.95	✓	2.0	1.8	4.4	3.1	✓
Walpole	4	0.004	0.025	0.010	✓	4	<0.002	0.003	<0.002	✓	4	7.26	7.95	7.52	✓	4.0	8.6	9.7	9.3	✓
Wandering	2	0.120	0.220	0.170	✓	2	0.016	0.035	0.026	✓	2	7.22	7.25	7.24	✓	2.0	2.7	3.0	2.9	✓
Wellstead	4	0.035	0.060	0.048	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	8.08	8.30	8.22	✓	4.0	11.0	15.0	13.0	✓
Wickepin	4	0.060	0.120	0.083	✓	4	0.004	0.020	0.009	✓	4	6.78	7.17	7.00	✓	4.0	1.6	3.6	2.4	✓
Williams	2	0.040	0.045	0.043	✓	2	0.014	0.018	0.016	✓	2	6.67	6.74	6.71	✓	2.0	1.9	4.0	3.0	✓
Woodanilling	2	0.090	0.090	0.090	✓	2	0.004	0.005	0.005	✓	2	6.90	7.26	7.08	✓	2.0	1.6	3.9	2.8	✓
Yealering	4	0.030	0.120	0.083	✓	4	<0.002	0.012	0.007	✓	4	7.21	7.99	7.57	✓	4.0	2.1	3.7	2.8	✓

(1) Elevated pH is caused by leaching of calcium carbonate from the protective cement lining of the pipes after long water transit times. This characteristic is found in a number of our localities on our large water supply schemes. Experience shows that pH at this level is not objectionable to our customers. (2) Low pH is characteristic of the source supplying the locality.

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Table 25 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

Great Southern Region	Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables																			
Locality	Sodium					Total Dissolved Solids					True Colour					Turbidity				
	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (TCU)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (NTU)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Albany	20	53	88	69	✓	20	543	673	608	(2)	20	<1	<1	<1	✓	20	0.1	0.6	0.3	✓
Boddington	2	32	37	35	✓	2	131	161	146	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.8	0.6	✓
Borden	2	7	8	8	✓	2	55	64	60	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Bremer Bay	5	135	145	140	✓	5	810	843	827	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Brookton	2	33	41	37	✓	2	151	185	168	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Broomehill	2	37	42	40	✓	2	170	189	180	✓	2	2	3	3	✓	2	0.5	0.5	0.5	✓
Bullaring	4	37	43	41	✓	4	185	208	201	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.4	0.3	✓
Condongup	4	270	300	289	(1)	4	913	1017	971	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Cranbrook	2	9	10	9	✓	2	54	60	57	✓	2	2	2	2	✓	2	0.3	0.5	0.4	✓
Cuballing	2	33	45	39	✓	2	134	186	160	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	0.6	0.9	0.8	✓
Denmark	4	90	110	99	✓	4	306	375	342	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Dudinin	4	33	43	39	✓	4	163	210	189	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.2	1.0	0.5	✓
Dumbleyung	2	35	43	39	✓	2	164	206	185	✓	2	<1	1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Esperance	8	98	115	107	✓	8	791	858	823	(2)	8	<1	<1	<1	✓	8	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Frankland	4	6	7	6	✓	4	37	46	41	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Gibson	4	180	200	186	(1)	4	622	674	643	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Gnowangerup	4	38	47	43	✓	4	183	205	198	✓	4	<1	4	2	✓	4	0.5	0.8	0.6	✓
Grass Patch	4	105	115	111	✓	4	828	865	841	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Harrismith	4	38	43	41	✓	4	173	205	189	✓	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.5	0.4	✓
Highbury	4	34	45	38	✓	4	137	189	156	✓	4	<1	1	<1	✓	4	0.4	1.3	0.8	✓
Hopetoun	5	150	210	176	✓	5	641	706	682	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	<0.1	0.4	0.2	✓
Hyden	4	36	43	40	✓	4	168	209	188	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.7	0.3	✓
Jerramungup	4	16	23	19	✓	4	69	88	79	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	✓
Karlgarin	2	35	41	38	✓	2	163	199	181	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.6	0.4	✓
Katanning	4	39	45	42	✓	4	167	192	182	✓	4	<1	4	2	✓	4	0.4	0.9	0.5	✓
Kendenup	4	67	80	75	✓	4	600	646	625	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.4	0.2	✓
Kojonup	2	39	41	40	✓	2	184	188	186	✓	2	1	5	3	✓	2	0.3	0.5	0.4	✓
Kondinin	4	38	44	41	✓	4	180	207	193	✓	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.6	0.4	✓
Kukerin	4	36	43	40	✓	4	165	207	183	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Kulin	4	38	44	41	✓	4	177	202	187	✓	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Lake Grace	4	35	43	38	✓	4	168	212	188	✓	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Lake King	2	42	43	43	✓	2	201	202	202	✓	2	<1	1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.3	0.3	✓
Mt Barker	5	67	77	73	✓	5	615	640	627	(2)	5	<1	<1	<1	✓	5	0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Munglinup	4	105	120	113	✓	4	805	833	817	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Muradup	2	46	46	46	✓	2	201	204	203	✓	2	1	5	3	✓	2	0.7	1.7	1.2	✓
Narrikup	4	58	78	68	✓	4	553	649	601	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Narrogin	4	34	43	38	✓	4	135	184	154	✓	4	<1	3	2	✓	4	0.3	0.4	0.4	✓
Newdegate	2	36	39	38	✓	2	175	203	189	✓	2	<1	1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Nyabing	2	42	43	43	✓	2	182	182	182	✓	2	<1	3	2	✓	2	0.3	1.2	0.8	✓
Ongerup	2	8	9	8	✓	2	45	51	48	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Pingaring	4	32	43	39	✓	4	168	224	200	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.3	<0.1	✓
Pingelly	2	34	43	39	✓	2	151	182	167	✓	2	<1	1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Pingrup	2	37	42	40	✓	2	173	185	179	✓	2	2	3	3	✓	2	0.3	0.3	0.3	✓
Popanyinning	4	37	43	40	✓	4	155	183	169	✓	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Porongurup	3	62	65	64	✓	3	568	611	585	✓	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Ravensthorpe	4	13	190	63	✓	4	65	750	257	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.4	0.2	✓
Rocky Gully	4	70	74	72	✓	4	606	635	619	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.5	0.3	✓
Salmon Gums	4	105	110	109	✓	4	808	830	822	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Tambellup	2	42	45	44	✓	2	199	202	201	✓	2	<1	3	2	✓	2	0.3	0.9	0.6	✓
Tincurrin	4	34	43	38	✓	4	150	201	172	✓	4	<1	2	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.5	0.4	✓
Varley	3	35	44	39	✓	3	162	216	190	✓	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Wagin	2	34	42	38	✓	2	142	172	157	✓	2	2	3	3	✓	2	0.3	0.4	0.4	✓
Walpole	4	82	91	87	✓	4	317	452	357	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Wandering	2	37	39	38	✓	2	156	173	165	✓	2	<1	2	<1	✓	2	1.3	1.6	1.5	✓
Wellstead	4	62	82	71	✓	4	577	651	604	(2)	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.1	0.2	0.2	✓
Wickepin	4	37	42	39	✓	4	148	182	164	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.4	0.3	✓
Williams	2	33	36	35	✓	2	132	155	144	✓	2	<1	1	<1	✓	2	0.3	0.4	0.4	✓
Woodanilling	2	36	44	40	✓	2	155	191	173	✓	2	1	2	2	✓	2	0.3	0.7	0.5	✓
Yealering	4	41	45	43	✓	4	181	210	192	✓	4	<1	1	<1	✓	4	0.2	0.6	0.4	✓

(1) Elevated sodium is characteristic of the source supplying this locality. (2) Elevated TDS is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 26 Health related variables

North West Region	<i>E. coli</i>				<i>Thermophilic Naegleria</i>			Fluoride				Hydrocarbons		Metals		
Locality	Samples Taken	Samples >0 cfu/100mL	Max cfu/100mL	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Samples with Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>	Requirement Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met
									Min	Max	Mean					
Broome	101	0	0	✓	79	0	✓	52	<0.1	0.80	0.58	(2)	1	✓	2	✓
Burrup	24	0	0	✓	24	0	✓	2	0.80	0.80	0.80	(2)	0	(3)	2	✓
Camballin	11	0	0	✓	11	0	✓	2	0.25	0.25	0.25	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Cape Lambert	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.65	0.80	0.73	(2)	2	✓	2	✓
Derby	58	0	0	✓	58	0	✓	50	0.60	0.75	0.67	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Fitzroy Crossing	11	0	0	✓	11	0	✓	2	0.20	0.25	0.23	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Halls Creek	49	0	0	✓	50	0	✓	2	0.60	0.60	0.60	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Hedland	104	0	0	✓	78	0	✓	52	0.60	0.90	0.81	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Karratha	117	0	0	✓	117	0	✓	52	0.55	0.95	0.77	(2)	1	(3)	2	✓
Kununurra	65	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	52	0.50	0.90	0.73	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Marble Bar	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.60	0.70	0.65	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Newman	65	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	2	0.25	0.30	0.28	✓	0	(1)	8	✓
Nullagine	10	0	0	✓	10	0	✓	2	0.45	0.50	0.48	✓	0	(1)	2	✓
Onslow	52	0	0	✓	27	0	✓	2	0.70	0.75	0.73	✓	0	(1)	5	✓
Point Samson	12	0	0	✓	12	0	✓	2	0.65	0.75	0.70	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Roebourne	52	0	0	✓	52	0	✓	2	0.75	0.80	0.78	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Wickham	51	0	0	✓	51	0	✓	2	0.75	0.85	0.80	(2)	0	(1)	2	✓
Wyndham	49	0	0	✓	49	0	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓	0	(1)	2	✓

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period. (2) Receives water from a fluoridated source within the dosing range set by the Fluoridation of Water Supplies Advisory Committee. (3) Due to an instrumentation issue at an external laboratory a hydrocarbon sample due this financial year has been rescheduled to early 2023-24.

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Table 27 Health related variables

North West Region	Health related variables															
Locality	Samples Taken	Nitrate				Pesticides		Radiological		Trihalomethanes					Other Health Related	
		Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Guideline Met	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Requirement Met	
		Min	Max	Mean						Min	Max	Mean				
Broome	2	25.1	26.0	25.5	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	<0.001	0.003	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Burrup	2	5.7	6.2	6.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Camballin	2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.001	0.005	0.003	✓	0	(1)
Cape Lambert	2	1.8	6.2	4.0	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.084	0.130	0.107	✓	2	✓
Derby	4	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	1	0.001	0.001	0.001	✓	2	✓
Fitzroy Crossing	2	4.0	4.4	4.0	✓	5	✓	2	✓	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Halls Creek	2	5.3	5.3	5.3	✓	1	✓	5	✓	2	0.001	0.003	0.002	✓	0	(1)
Hedland	4	3.5	4.4	4.0	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.002	0.003	0.002	✓	1	✓
Karratha	2	1.8	6.2	4.0	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	4	0.080	0.160	0.120	✓	1	✓
Kununurra	4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	✓	4	✓	2	✓	2	0.008	0.028	0.018	✓	1	✓
Marble Bar	3	5.7	5.7	5.7	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.015	0.016	0.016	✓	0	(1)
Newman	3	0.9	0.9	0.9	✓	1	✓	2	✓	2	0.002	0.003	0.003	✓	0	(1)
Nullagine	2	5.7	5.7	5.7	✓	1	✓	1	✓	2	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	✓	0	(1)
Onslow	4	1.8	2.2	1.8	✓	1	✓	4	✓	2	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	✓	1	✓
Point Samson	2	1.8	6.6	4.0	✓	1	✓	1	✓	4	<0.001	0.190	0.103	✓	1	✓
Roebourne	2	2.2	2.6	2.2	✓	1	✓	2	✓	4	0.094	0.140	0.119	✓	0	(1)
Wickham	2	2.2	2.6	2.2	✓	1	✓	1	✓	4	0.001	0.130	0.077	✓	0	(1)
Wyndham	4	0.4	0.9	0.4	✓	1	✓	0	(1)	2	0.038	0.075	0.051	✓	0	(1)

(1) No samples required in this 12 month period. (2) Operational samples compliant in 12 month period

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Table 28 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

North West Region	Alkalinity (as CaCO ₃)			Aluminium				Chloride				Hardness								
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met					
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean						
Broome	2	69	80	74.5	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	90	100	95	✓	2	47	51	49	✓
Burrup	2	140	160	150	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	50	75	63	✓	2	160	210	185	✓
Camballin	2	56	57	56.5	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	39	39	39	✓	2	41	46	44	✓
Cape Lambert	2	140	210	175	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	55	100	78	✓	2	140	250	195	✓
Derby	4	150	170	157.5	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	85	95	90	✓	4	15	16	16	✓
Fitzroy Crossing	2	180	180	180	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	37	50	44	✓	2	160	160	160	✓
Halls Creek	2	320	340	330	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	175	180	178	✓	2	330	330	330	(2)
Hedland	4	160	180	167.5	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	140	155	145	✓	4	210	230	218	(2)
Karratha	2	140	190	165	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	55	90	73	✓	2	150	230	190	✓
Kununurra	4	200	220	210	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	18	20	19	✓	4	160	170	165	✓
Marble Bar	3	320	360	336.7	(1)	3	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	3	165	175	170	✓	3	260	280	270	(2)
Newman	3	130	150	140	(1)	3	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	3	70	75	72	✓	3	130	150	140	✓
Nullagine	2	140	150	145	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	65	85	75	✓	2	150	190	170	✓
Onslow	4	160	180	170	(1)	4	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	4	75	90	85	✓	4	160	180	170	✓
Point Samson	2	140	220	180	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	60	105	83	✓	2	160	270	215	(2)
Roebourne	2	150	150	150	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	65	75	70	✓	2	160	170	165	✓
Wickham	2	150	150	150	(1)	2	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	✓	2	65	65	65	✓	2	150	180	165	✓
Wyndham	4	42	46	44.5	(1)	4	<0.008	0.014	<0.008	✓	4	37	60	46	✓	4	42	70	56	✓

(1) No guideline value available as per ADWG 2011. (2) Elevated hardness is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 29 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

North West Region	Iron			Manganese			pH			Silicon										
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met					
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean						
Broome	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.88	8.07	7.98	✓	2	90	95	93	(1)
Burrup	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.29	8.52	8.41	✓	2	50	60	55	✓
Camballin	2	0.008	0.010	0.009	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.27	7.56	7.42	✓	2	23	23	23	✓
Cape Lambert	2	<0.003	0.015	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.86	7.91	7.89	✓	2	27	50	39	✓
Derby	4	0.004	0.030	0.011	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.64	7.90	7.76	✓	4	15	16	15	✓
Fitzroy Crossing	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.39	7.44	7.42	✓	2	20	21	21	✓
Halls Creek	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.72	8.09	7.91	✓	2	44	47	46	✓
Hedland	4	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.68	8.15	7.88	✓	4	50	55	53	✓
Karratha	2	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	8.03	8.20	8.12	✓	2	27	50	39	✓
Kununurra	4	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	✓	4	0.006	0.012	0.009	✓	4	7.58	7.92	7.71	✓	4	55	55	55	✓
Marble Bar	3	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	3	7.44	7.81	7.61	✓	3	38	41	40	✓
Newman	3	0.004	0.008	0.006	✓	3	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	3	7.23	7.42	7.32	✓	3	16	18	17	✓
Nullagine	2	0.006	0.010	0.008	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.29	7.52	7.41	✓	2	34	35	35	✓
Onslow	4	<0.003	0.008	<0.003	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.99	8.19	8.07	✓	4	70	75	74	✓
Point Samson	2	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.65	8.12	7.89	✓	2	27	50	39	✓
Roebourne	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.72	7.95	7.84	✓	2	29	34	32	✓
Wickham	2	<0.003	0.004	<0.003	✓	2	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	2	7.73	7.90	7.82	✓	2	29	33	31	✓
Wyndham	4	<0.003	0.006	<0.003	✓	4	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	✓	4	7.63	7.86	7.74	✓	4	6.4	8.4	7.5	✓

(1) Elevated silica is characteristic of the source supplying this locality.

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Table 30 Aesthetic (Non-health related) Variables

North West Region	Sodium			Total Dissolved Solids				True Colour				Turbidity								
Locality	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Concentration (mg/L)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (TCU)			Guideline Met	Samples Taken	Value (NTU)			Guideline Met
		Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean			Min	Max	Mean	
Broome	2	70	78	74	✓	2	381	417	399	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Burrup	2	32	44	38	✓	2	383	486	435	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Camballin	2	34	35	35	✓	2	224	226	225	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓
Cape Lambert	2	50	56	53	✓	2	402	605	504	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Derby	4	115	130	119	✓	4	421	455	433	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Fitzroy Crossing	2	31	42	37	✓	2	372	413	393	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Halls Creek	2	145	145	145	✓	2	930	947	939	(1)	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Hedland	4	74	89	82	✓	4	569	619	590	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Karratha	2	51	51	51	✓	2	405	555	480	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Kununurra	4	28	33	30	✓	4	411	432	418	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Marble Bar	3	165	170	168	✓	3	912	967	936	(1)	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Newman	3	52	63	57	✓	3	376	418	394	✓	3	<1	<1	<1	✓	3	0.1	0.1	0.1	✓
Nullagine	2	48	57	53	✓	2	418	469	444	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Onslow	4	41	44	42	✓	4	474	496	485	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	✓
Point Samson	2	55	61	58	✓	2	426	636	531	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Roebourne	2	47	52	50	✓	2	435	442	439	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	✓
Wickham	2	47	50	49	✓	2	429	439	434	✓	2	<1	<1	<1	✓	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	✓
Wyndham	4	18	23	21	✓	4	138	171	154	✓	4	<1	<1	<1	✓	4	<0.1	0.3	0.2	✓

(1) Elevated TDS is a characteristic of the source supplying this locality.